

# Volume MEMS and Analog Division (VMA)

**Health and Wellness  
Mobility  
Cloud computing**

*June 2015*



# Where VMA products can bring added value for **HEALTH AND WELLNESS?**

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Battery monitoring

**Gas Gauge  
STC3115AIJT**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Heart rate monitoring  
by light reflection

**Op Amp  
TSV711ICT**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Gesture recognition by  
electromyography

**Op Amp  
TSZ124IQ4T**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)



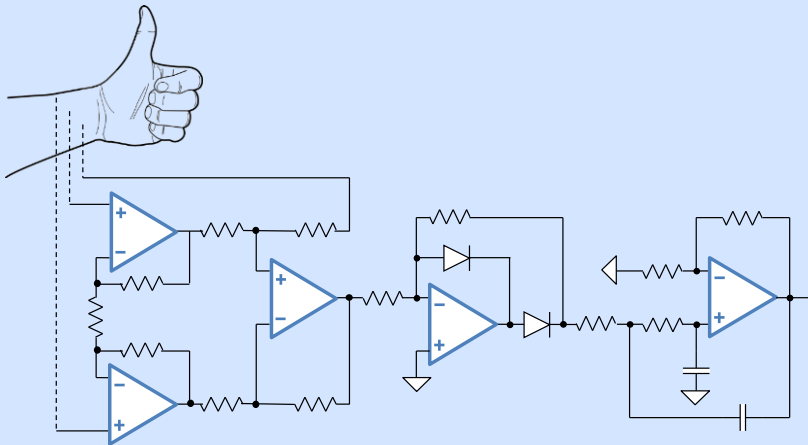
# Gesture recognition by electromyography

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CONTEXT

The measurement of muscles electrical activity appears as a fascinating new way to interface with machines. Simple analog processing allows gesture recognition by wearable devices.

HOW DOES IT WORK?



Surface EMG signals are amplified by op amp in instrumentation configuration, then rectified and filtered to provide feedback to digital system.

ST OFFER



## Feature

Input offset voltage  
 $V_{io} < 5 \mu V @ 25^\circ C$   
 $V_{io} < 8 \mu V -40 \text{ to } 125^\circ C$

## Benefit

Excellent measurement without trimming

Input offset voltage drift  
 $\Delta V_{io} / \Delta T 30 nV / ^\circ C \text{ max}$

Stability of measurement versus temperature change

Input bias current  
 $I_{ib} < 200 pA$

Compatible with high impedance sensor

Op Amp – Zero Drift  
**TSZ124IQ4T**

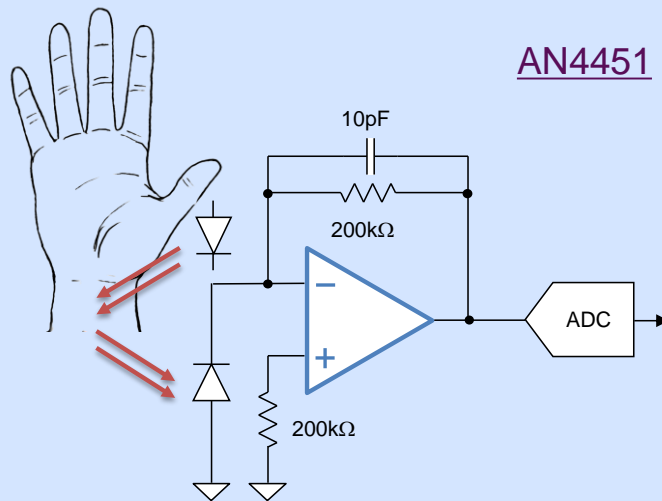
# Heart rate monitor by light reflection

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CONTEXT

The heart rate monitoring is one of the first physiological parameter for health monitoring devices first application of the quantified self movement.

HOW DOES IT WORK?



[AN4451](#) 

The LED emits light into the skin of the user. The reflected light - synchronized with heart pulses - is measured by op amp in trans impedance configuration.

ST OFFER

## Feature

Input bias current  
lib < 10 pA @ 25°C  
lib < 300pA @ 125°C

## Benefit

Maintains excellent accuracy by not affecting diode current

Supply voltage range  
1.5 to 5.5V

Compatible with wide choice of supplies

SC70-5  
2mm x 2mm

Micro package with leads for optimized form factor and soldering on flex PCB

Op Amp – Micro Power  
**TSV711CT**



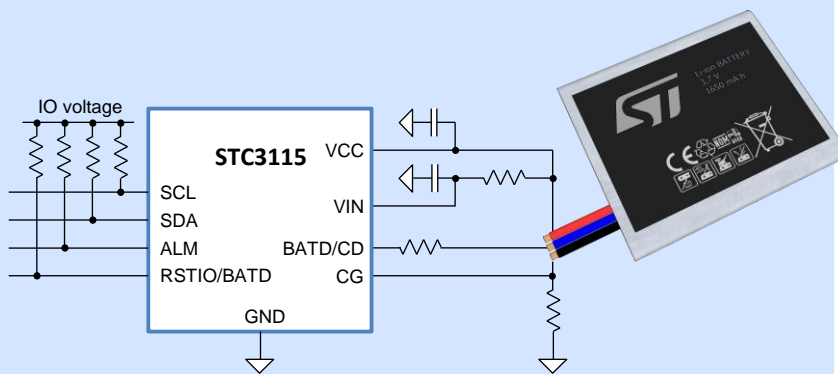
# Battery monitoring

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CONTEXT

Lithium-ion and Lithium-polymer are the leading technologies for portable energy storage, and they require dedicated monitoring circuit to operate safely and to provide accurate estimation of remaining use time.

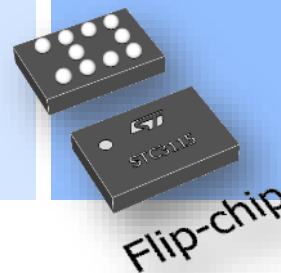
HOW DOES IT WORK?



[AN4324](#)

The OptimGauge™ algorithm combines battery physical measurements to provide an accurate State of Charge indication.

ST OFFER



Flip-chip

## Feature

Voltage mode only configuration

Initial open circuit voltage (OCV) measurement

1.4 x 2.0 mm 10-bump Flip Chip

## Benefit

3% accuracy of battery state of charge  
no need for shunt resistor

Accurate estimation of battery state of charge at power up

Minimum form factor

Gas Gauge  
**STC3115AIJT**

# Where VMA products can bring added value for **MOBILITY**?

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Infrared emitter receiver  
for remote control

**Op Amp**  
**TSV991AIQ2T**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Battery monitoring  
Gas Gauge

**STC3115AIQT**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Active Noise Cancellation

**MEMS Microphone**  
**MP34DT01**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Screen of death recovery

**Smart Reset**  
**STM6519**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)



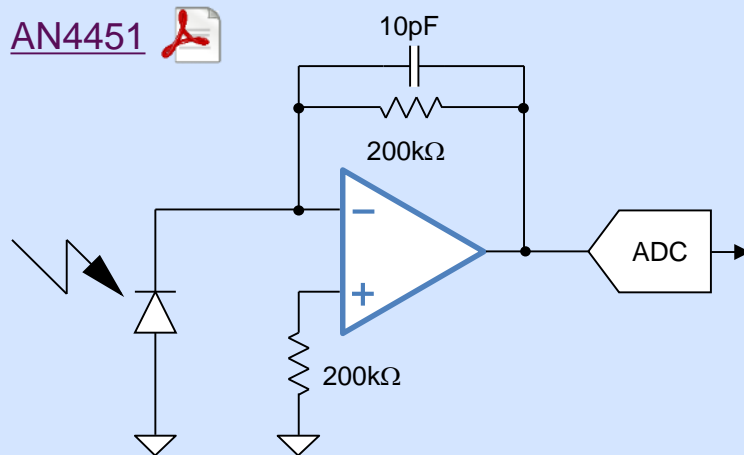
# Infrared emitter receiver

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CONTEXT

Smartphone is the electronic counterpart of the Swiss Army Knife: why not to use it as Infrared Remote Controls at home for TV sets or air conditioning? Op amps enable easy implementation of this feature.

HOW DOES IT WORK?



The photodiode generates a reverse current proportional to the amount of light. This current is converted into voltage and amplified by op amp.

ST OFFER



Op Amp  
**TSV991AIQ2T**

## Feature

Input bias current  
lib < 10 pA @ 25°C  
lib < 100pA @ 125°C

## Benefit

Maintains excellent accuracy by not affecting diode current

Slew rate  
10 V/μs

Compatible transmission frequency

DFN8 2mm\*2mm  
(0.6mm thickness)

Shrinks device form factor



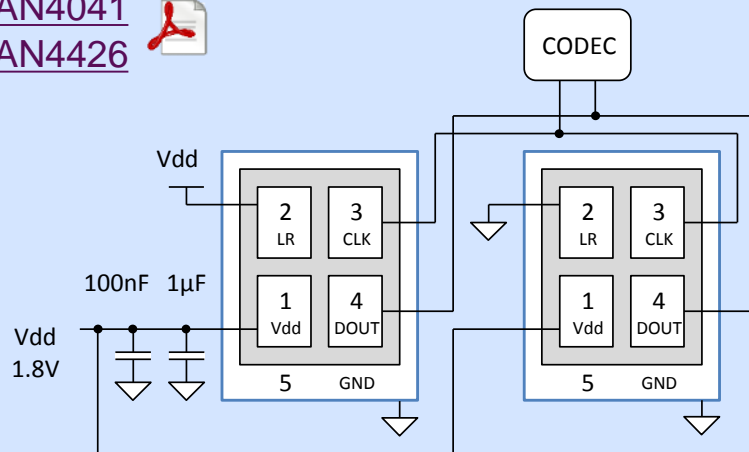
# Active Noise Cancellation

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CONTEXT

Silicon membrane microphones enable the multiplication of sound sensors and new applications as stereo recording, ambient noise reduction and active noise cancellation.

[AN4041](#)  
[AN4426](#)



An array of microphones are working together to provide omnidirectional sound recording.

ST OFFER

## Feature

AOP: 120dBSPL  
SNR: 63dB  
Sensitivity: -26 dBFS

## Benefit

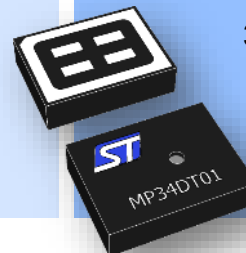
Outstanding audio performances

Stability of performances after soldering and drop test

Easy manufacturing and customer satisfaction during product lifetime

SMD package  
3.0 x 4.0 x 1.0 mm

Enables application minimum form factor



**MEMS Microphone**  
**MP34DT01**



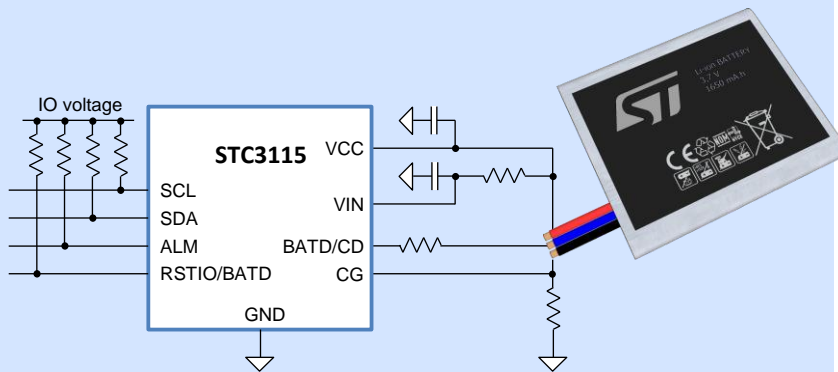
# Battery monitoring

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CONTEXT

Lithium-ion and Lithium-polymer are the leading technologies for portable energy storage, and they require dedicated monitoring circuit to operate safely and to provide accurate estimation of remaining use time.

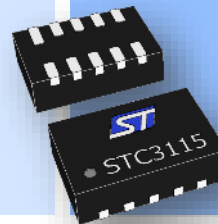
HOW DOES IT WORK?



[AN4324](#) 

The OptimGauge™ algorithm combines battery physical measurements to provide an accurate State of Charge indication.

ST OFFER



Feature

Coulomb counter and voltage-mode gas gauge

Initial open circuit voltage (OCV) measurement

DFN10  
2.0 x 3.0 x 0.55 mm

Benefit

1% accuracy of battery state of charge

Accurate estimation of battery state of charge at power up

Minimum form factor

Gas Gauge  
**STC3115AIQT**

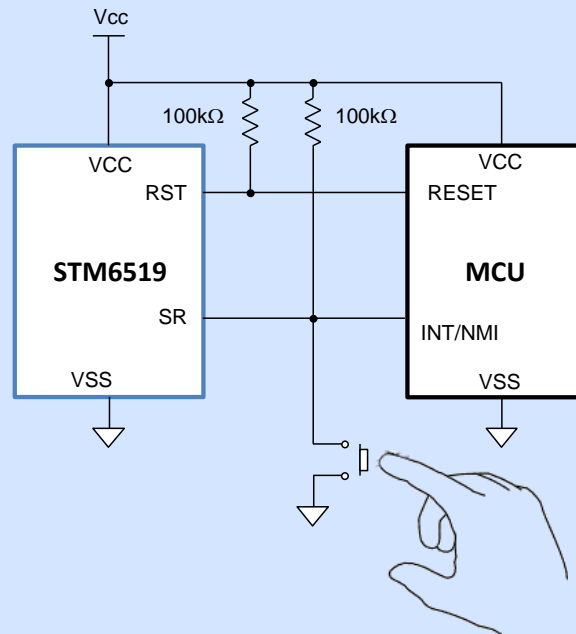
# Single push-button Smart Reset

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CONTEXT

The recovery of devices freeze by long push on hardware key or combination of several keys is now fully integrated into users' culture.

HOW DOES IT WORK?



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Feature

Extended Smart Reset  
input delay time

Low supply current 1  $\mu$ A

DFN6  
1.00 mm x 1.45 mm

Benefit

No system reset by  
inadvertent short  
reset push-button closures

Zero impact on application  
lifetime

Minimum form factor

Smart reset  
**STM6519**

# Where VMA products can bring added value for CLOUD COMPUTING?

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Server Power: output  
current measurement

**Op Amp  
TSX711ILT**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Mother board  
voltage regulator

**Op Amp  
TSX561AICT**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Hard disk drive  
protection

**Op Amp  
TSV631AICT**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

Server Power: PFC  
current measurement

**Op Amp  
TSX921ILT**

[ppt](#) - [www](#)

# Server Power: PFC current measurement

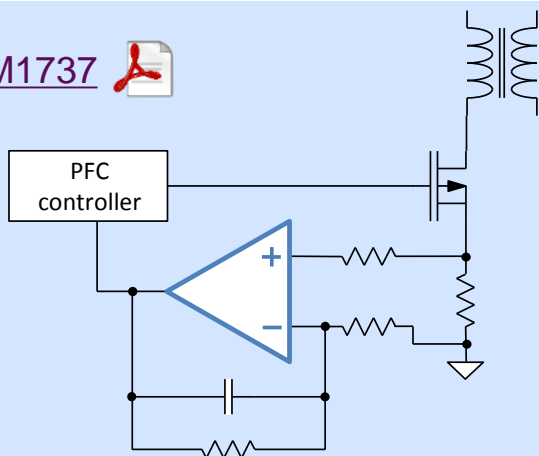
12

CONTEXT

Power Factor Correction is required by government regulation for server power supplies. Additionally, the trend in power electronics is to implement digital controllers, which are efficiently seconded by op amps.

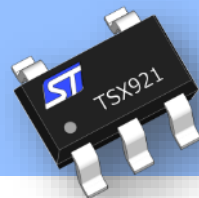
HOW DOES IT WORK?

UM1737



The current of the power Mosfet is measured by a shunt resistor. The resulting voltage drop is amplified and filtered by the op amp and feedback to the controller.

ST OFFER



Feature

Supply voltage range  
4 to 16V

Benefit

Same power supply as  
PWM controller

Gain Bandwidth Product  
10 MHz

Real-time current  
measurement

SOT23-5 package

Small form factor and  
optimal solderability

Op Amp – 16V CMOS  
**TSX921LT**

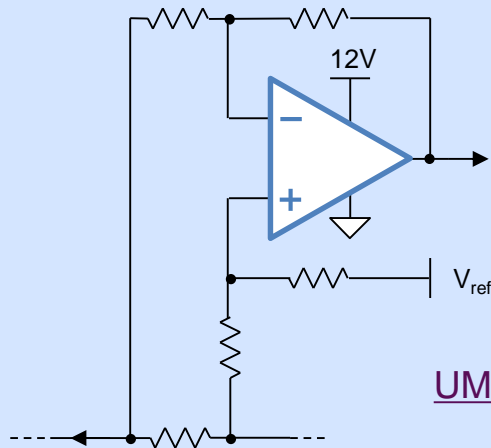
# Server Power: output current measurement

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CONTEXT

The electrical power required by servers is exponential. It implies fast protections against abnormal currents, accurate balance between redundant power supplies and feedback of current value to digital.

HOW DOES IT WORK?



[UM1737](#) 

The output current of the power supply is measured on low-side by a shunt resistor. The resulting voltage drop is amplified by op amp.

ST OFFER



Feature

Supply voltage range  
2.7 to 16V

Input offset voltage  
 $V_{io} < 200 \mu V$  @25°C  
 $V_{io} < 460 \mu V$  -40 to 85°C

SOT23-5 package

Benefit

Direct supply by 12V  
output line

Minimizes shunt resistor  
cost

Small form factor and  
optimal solderability

Op Amp – 16V CMOS  
**TSX711LT**

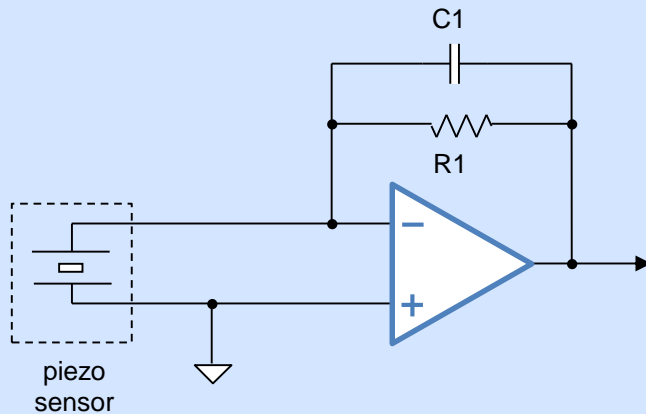
# Hard disk drive protection

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## CONTEXT

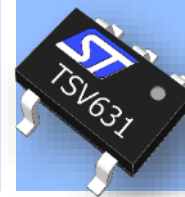
State of the art hard disk drives are rotating at tremendous velocity, with reading heads as close as possible to the disk platter in order to optimize the reading speed. Every shock needs to be detected to protect platter.

## HOW DOES IT WORK?



The shock is detected by a piezo sensor, creating an electrical charge at its electrodes. The charge is converted into voltage and amplified by op amp.

## ST OFFER



### Feature

Input bias current  
 $I_{ib} < 10 \text{ pA} @ 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $I_{ib} < 100 \text{ pA} -40 \text{ to } 125^\circ\text{C}$

### Benefit

Accurate measurement of small electric charges

Input offset voltage  
 $V_{io} < 500 \text{ } \mu\text{V} @ 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{io} < 2 \text{ mV} -40 \text{ to } 125^\circ\text{C}$

Detection accuracy

SOT23-5 package

Small form factor and optimal solderability

Op Amp – Micropower  
**TSV631AILT**

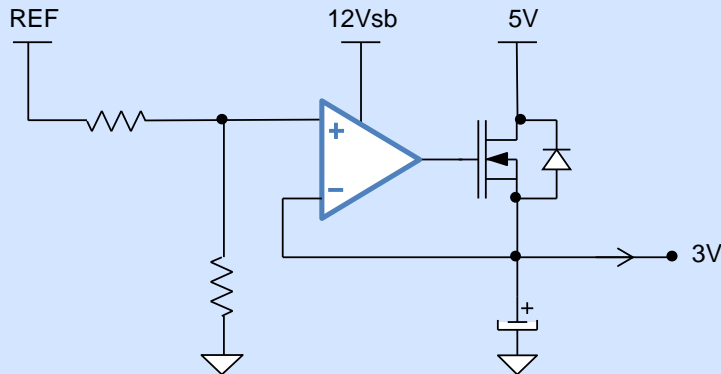
# Mother board voltage regulator

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CONTEXT

Mother boards include different levels of supply voltages with many conversion stages. Accuracy and stability are key performances.

HOW DOES IT WORK?



The op amp is driving the gate of a power Mosfet used as a linear regulator.

ST OFFER

## Feature

Supply voltage range  
3 to 16V

Input offset voltage  
 $V_{io} < 600 \mu V @ 25^{\circ}C$

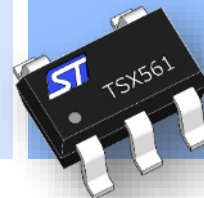
SOT23-5 package

## Benefit

Direct supply by 12V  
output line

Ensures regulation  
accuracy

Small form factor and  
optimal solderability

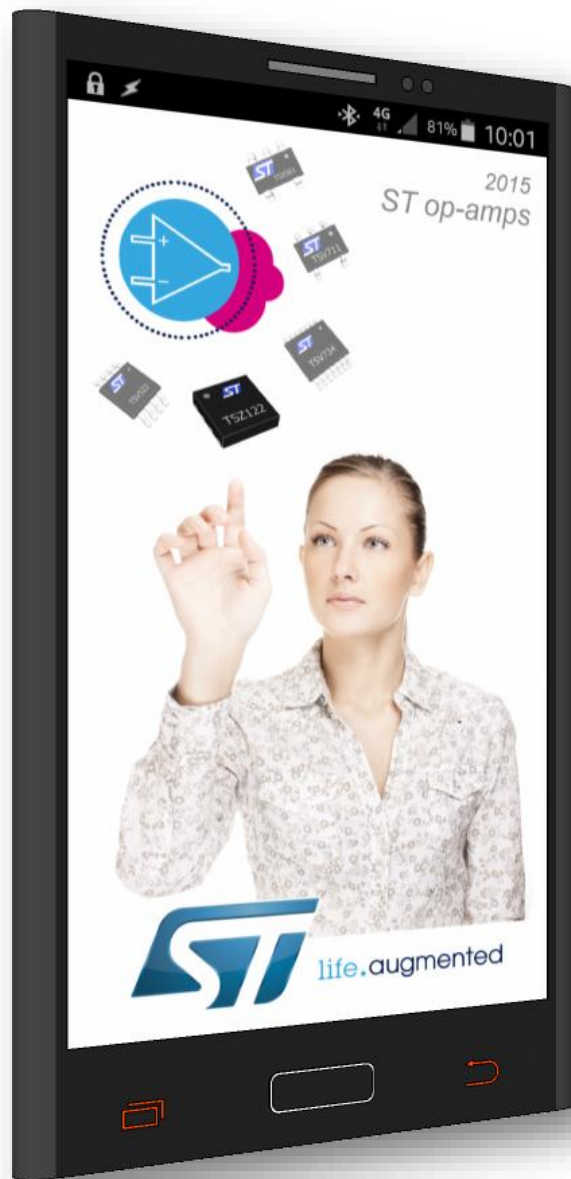


Op Amp – 16V CMOS  
**TSX561AICT**



*Thank you for your attention!*





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tablets and smartphones:*

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**New version !  
June 2015**