

Sensorless vector control for permanent magnetic synchronous motor - 1shunt current detection

For Renesas Flexible Motor Control Series

Abstract

This application note describes the sample program for a permanent magnetic synchronous motor drive with sensorless vector control based on Renesas microcontroller. This application note also describes how to use the motor control development support tool, 'Renesas Motor Workbench'.

The targeted software for this application note is only to be used as reference purposes only and Renesas Electronics Corporation does not guarantee the operations. Please use this after carrying out a thorough evaluation in a suitable environment.

Operation checking device

Operations of the target software of this application note are checked by using the following device.

- RA6T2 (R7FA6T2BD3CFP)
- RA6T3 (R7FA6T3BB3CFM)
- RA4T1 (R7FA4T1BB3CFM)

Target software

The following shows the target software for this application:

- RA6T2_MCILV1_SPM_LESS_FOC_1SHUNT_E2S_V110
- RA6T3_MCILV1_SPM_LESS_FOC_1SHUNT_E2S_V100
- RA4T1_MCILV1_SPM_LESS_FOC_1SHUNT_E2S_V100

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1. Overview

This application note explains how to implement the sensorless vector control software that drives a permanent magnetic synchronous motor (PMSM) using the RA series microcontroller and how to use the motor control development support tool, 'Renesas Motor Workbench'.

Note that this software uses the algorithm described in the application note 'Sensorless vector control for permanent magnet synchronous motor (Algorithm)' (R01AN3786), so please refer to that for the details of the algorithm.

2. Development environment

2.1 Test environments

Table 2-1 and Table 2-2 show development environment of the software explained in this application note.

Table 2-1 Hardware Development Environment

Category	Product used
Microcontroller / CPU card product type	RA6T2 (R7FA6T2BD3CFP) / RTK0EMA270C00000BJ RA4T1 (R7FA4T1BB3CFM) / RTK0EMA430C00000BJ RA6T3(R7FA6T3BB3CFM) / RTK0EMA330C00000BJ
Inverter board	MCI-LV-1 / RTK0EM0000S04020BJ
Motor	R42BLD30L3
Sensor	None

Table 2-2 Software Development Environment

e ² studio version	FSP version	Toolchain version
e ² studio : 2023-04	V4.4.0	GCC ARM Embedded : V10.3.1.20210824

For purchase and technical support, contact Sales representatives and dealers of Renesas Electronics Corporation.

2.2 Hardware configuration

2.2.1 Hardware configuration diagram

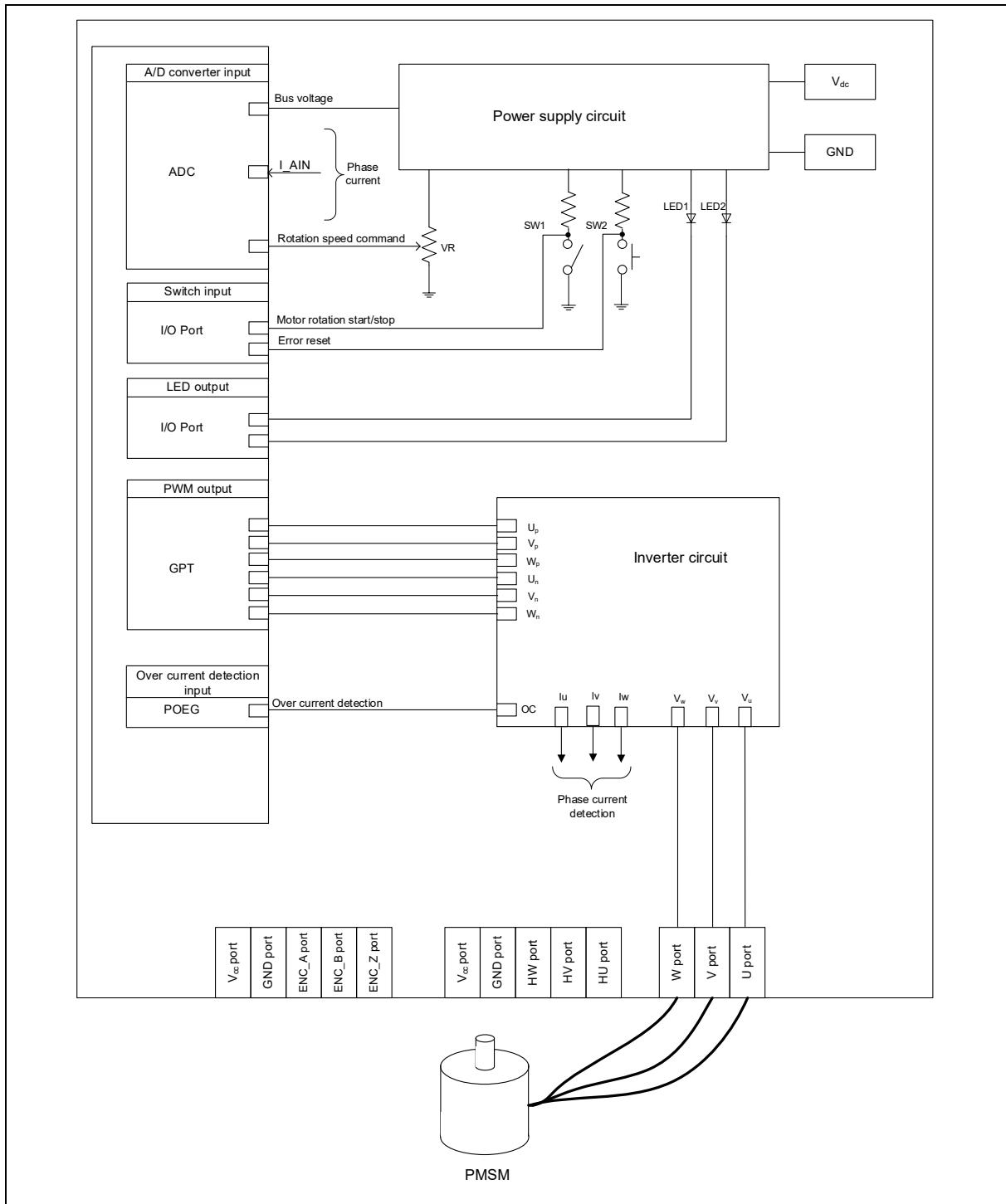


Figure 2-1 Hardware Configuration Diagram

2.2.2 Hardware modification details

Jumper pins need to be changed to use this system.

Please change the MCI-LV-1 connection of a jumper (JP8 and JP11) to connect 2-3 pins from 1-2 pins.

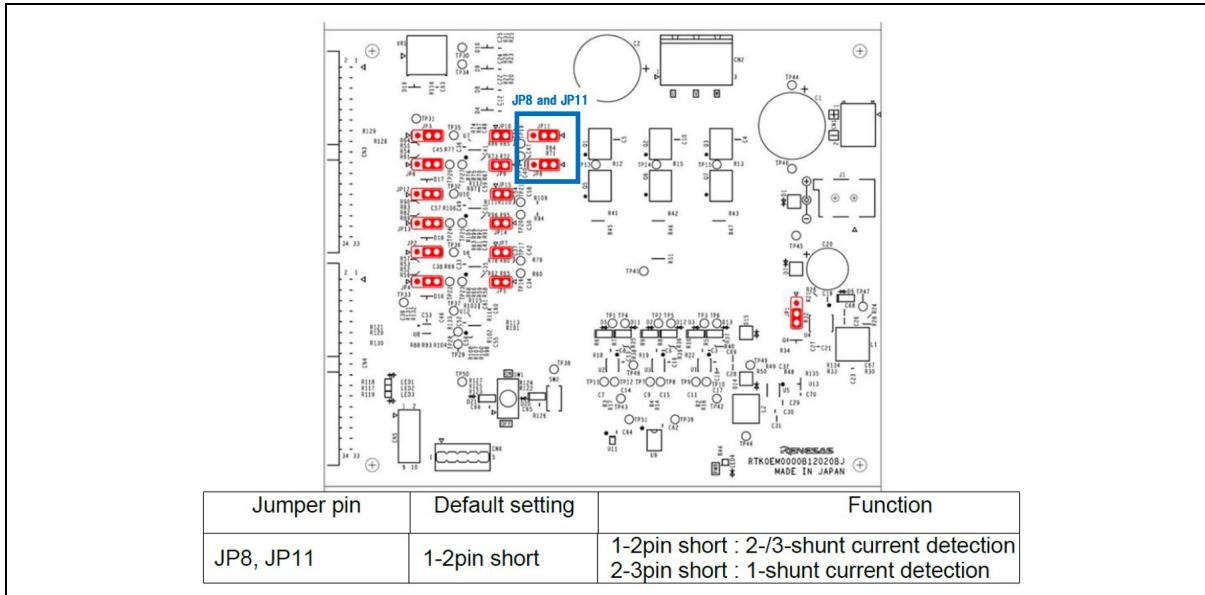


Figure 2-2 Change the connection of a jumper

2.2.3 Board User interface

Table 2-3 is lists of user interfaces of this system.

Table 2-3 Board user interface

Item	Interface component	Function
Rotation position/speed	Volume (VR1)	Inputs the rotation position/speed command value (analog value).
START/STOP	Toggle switch (SW1)	Instructs start or stop of motor rotation.
ERROR RESET	Push switch (SW2)	Instructs recovery from an error state
LED1	Orange LED	On: The motor is rotating. Off: The motor is stopped.
LED2	Orange LED	On: An error was detected. Off: The system is operating normally.
LED3	Orange LED	Not used in this system
RESET	Push switch (RESET1)	System reset

List of port interfaces of this system is given in **Table 2-4**.

Table 2-4 Port interfaces

Function	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
Inverter bus voltage measurement	PA06 / AN006	P004 / AN004	P004 / AN004
For rotation speed command value input (analog value)	PB00 / AN008	P005 / AN005	P005 / AN005
START/STOP toggle switch (SW1)	PD04	P304	P304
ERROR RESET push switch (SW2)	PD07	P200	P200
LED1 ON/OFF control	PD01	P113	P113
LED2 ON/OFF control	PD02	P106	P106
Phase current measurement with 1shunt resistance	PA04 / AN004	P000 / AN000	P000 / AN000
PWM output (U_p)	PB04 / GTIOC4A	P409 / GTIOC1A	P409 / GTIOC1A
PWM output (V_p)	PB06 / GTIOC5A	P103 / GTIOC2A	P103 / GTIOC2A
PWM output (W_p)	PB08 / GTIOC6A	P111 / GTIOC3A	P111 / GTIOC3A
PWM output (U_n)	PB05 / GTIOC4B	P408 / GTIOC1B	P408 / GTIOC1B
PWM output (V_n)	PB07 / GTIOC5B	P102 / GTIOC2B	P102 / GTIOC2B
PWM output (W_n)	PB09 / GTIOC6B	P112 / GTIOC3B	P112 / GTIOC3B
PWM emergency stop input at the time of overcurrent detection	PC13 / GTETRGD	P104 / GTETRGB	P104 / GTETRGB

2.2.4 Peripheral functions

List of the peripheral functions used in this system is given in Table 2-5.

Table 2-5 List of the Peripheral Functions

Peripheral	Purpose	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
12-bit A/D Converter	Phase current measurement with 1shunt resistance	AN004	AN000	AN000
	Inverter bus voltage measurement	AN006	AN004	AN004
	For rotation speed command value input (analog value)	AN008	AN005	AN005
AGT	Speed control interval timer	AGT0	AGT0	AGT0
GPT	U phase PWM output	CH4	CN1	CN1
	V phase PWM output	CH5	CN2	CN2
	W phase PWM output	CH6	CN3	CN3
POEG	PWM emergency stop input at the time of overcurrent detection	Group D	Group B	Group B

2.2.4.1 RA6T2

(1). 12-bit A/D Converter (12ADC)

Phase current (with an 1shunt resistance), inverter bus voltage (Vdc) and rotation speed command (VR1) are measured in "Single scan mode" (use a hardware trigger).

Detection of the phase current uses FIFO function.

A/D conversion is implemented to be synchronized with carrier synchronized interrupt by using direct link function to GPT.

(2). Low Power Asynchronous General-Purpose Timer (AGT)

The AGT is used as 1 [ms] interval timer.

(3). General PWM Timer (GPT)

On the channel 4, 5, and 6, output with dead time is performed by using the Triangle-wave PWM mode 3.

(4). Port Output Enable for GPT (POEG)

The port executing PWM output are set to high impedance state when an overcurrent is detected (when a low level of the GTETRGD port is detected) .

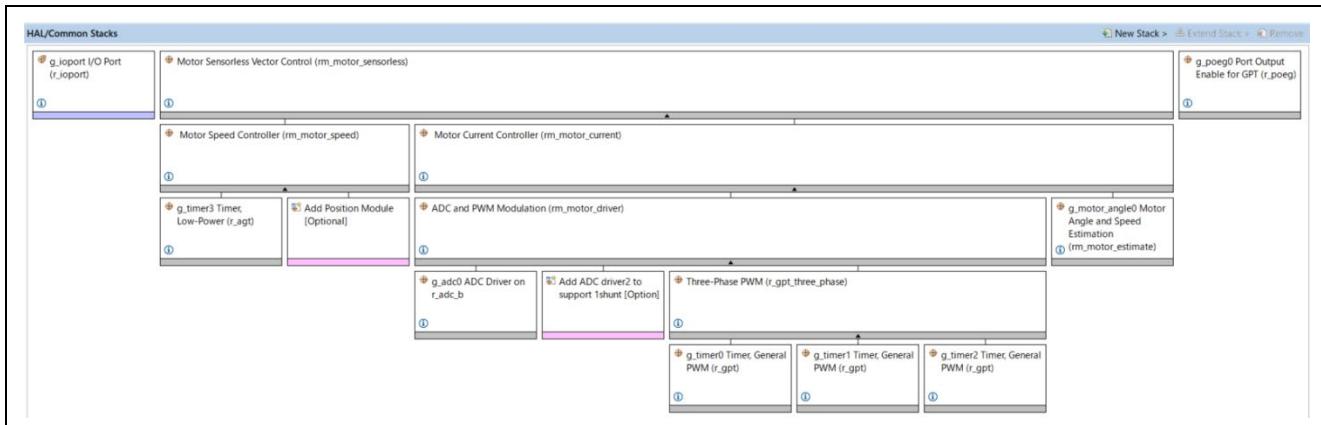


Figure 2-3 Overall FSP Stacks diagram

g_adc0 ADC Driver on r_adc_b	
Settings	API Info
Property	Value
Common	
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
Module g_adc0 ADC Driver on r_adc_b	
General	
Mode	
ADC 0	Single Scan
ADC 1	Single Scan
ADC Successive Approximation Time	
Synchronous Operation	
Calibration	
Sampling State Table	
Name	g_adc0
Clock Configuration	
Interrupts	
Limiter Clip Priority	
Conversion Error Priority	
Overflow Priority	
Calibration End Priority	
Scan End Priority	
FIFO Priorities	
Callback	NULL
Sample and Hold	
User Offset Table	
User Gain Table	
Limiter Clipping	

Figure 2-4 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [1/3]

g_adc0 ADC Driver on r_adc_b	
Property	Value
Scan Group	Scan Group 0
Channel Select	AN004
Sampling State Table ID	Sampling State Entry 0
Channel Gain Table	Disabled
Channel Offset Table	Disabled
Add/Average Mode	Disabled
Add/Average Count	1-time conversion (Normal Conversion)
Limit Clip Table Id	Disabled
Conversion Resolution Format Select	12-bit Data Format
Virtual Channel 3	
Scan Group	Scan Group 1
Channel Select	AN006
Sampling State Table ID	Sampling State Entry 0
Channel Gain Table	Disabled
Channel Offset Table	Disabled
Add/Average Mode	Disabled
Add/Average Count	1-time conversion (Normal Conversion)
Limit Clip Table Id	Disabled
Conversion Resolution Format Select	12-bit Data Format
Virtual Channel 4	
Scan Group	Scan Group 1
Channel Select	AN008
Sampling State Table ID	Sampling State Entry 0
Channel Gain Table	Disabled
Channel Offset Table	Disabled
Add/Average Mode	Disabled
Add/Average Count	1-time conversion (Normal Conversion)
Limit Clip Table Id	Disabled
Conversion Resolution Format Select	12-bit Data Format
Virtual Channel 5	
Virtual Channel 6	

Figure 2-5 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [2/3]

g_adc0 ADC Driver on r_adc_b		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Scan Groups	
	Scan Group 0	
	Self Diagnosis	
	External Trigger Enable	
	ELC Trigger Enable	
	GPT Trigger Enable	
	GPT Channel 0 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 1 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 2 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 3 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 4 Request A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 5 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 6 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 7 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 8 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 9 Request A	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 0 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 1 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 2 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 3 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 4 Request B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 5 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 6 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 7 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 8 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Channel 9 Request B	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Enable	Enable
	Converter Selection	ADC 0
	Start Trigger Delay	0
	Scan End Interrupt Enable	Disable
	Limit Clip Interrupt Enable	Disable
	FIFO Enable	Enable
	FIFO Interrupt Enable	Disable
	FIFO Interrupt Generation Level	0
	Scan Group 1	
	Self Diagnosis	
	External Trigger Enable	
	ELC Trigger Enable	
	GPT Trigger Enable	
	Enable	Enable
	Converter Selection	ADC 1
	Start Trigger Delay	0
	Scan End Interrupt Enable	Disable
	Limit Clip Interrupt Enable	Disable
	FIFO Enable	Disable
	FIFO Interrupt Enable	Disable
	FIFO Interrupt Generation Level	0
	Scan Group 2	
	Scan Group 2	

Figure 2-6 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [3/3]

g_timer3 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Pin Output Support	Disabled
	Pin Input Support	Disabled
	Module g_timer3 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)	
	General	
	Name	g_timer3
	Channel	0
	Mode	Periodic
	Period	60000
	Period Unit	Raw Counts
	Count Source	PCLKB
	Output	
	Input	
	Interrupts	
	Callback	rm_motor_speed_cyclic
	Underflow Interrupt Priority	Priority 10

Figure 2-7 FSP Configuration of AGT Driver

g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Pin Output Support	Enabled with Extra Features
	Write Protect Enable	Disabled
	Clock Source	PCLKD
	Module g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)	
	General	
	Name	g_timer0
	Channel	4
	Mode	Triangle-Wave Asymmetric PWM (Mode 3)
	Period	100
	Period Unit	Microseconds
	Output	
	Custom Waveform	
	Duty Cycle Percent (only applicable in PWM mode)	50
	GTIOCA Output Enabled	True
	GTIOCA Stop Level	Pin Level Low
	GTIOCB Output Enabled	True
	GTIOCB Stop Level	Pin Level High
	Input	
	Interrupts	
	Callback	rm_motor_driver_1shunt_cyclic
	Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority	Priority 5
	Capture A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Capture B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Underflow/Trough Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Extra Features	
	Output Disable	
	Output Disable POEG Trigger	
	POEG Link	POEG Channel 3
	GTIOCA Disable Setting	Set Hi Z
	GTIOCB Disable Setting	Set Hi Z
	ADC Trigger	
	Start Event Trigger (GPTE/GPTEH only)	
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A Durin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A Durin	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B Durin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B Durin	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Dead Time	
	ADC Trigger (GPTE/GPTEH only)	
	Interrupt Skipping (GPTE/GPTEH only)	
	Extra Features	Enabled
	Pins	
	GTIOC4A	PB04
	GTIOC4B	PB05

Figure 2-8 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver

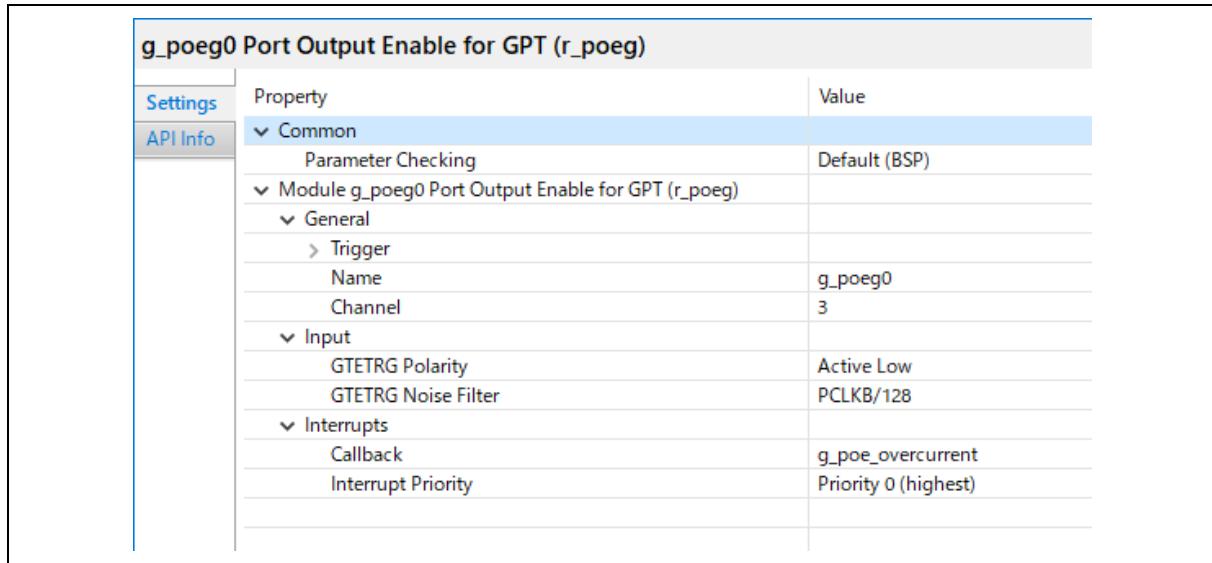


Figure 2-9 FSP Configuration of POEG Driver

2.2.4.2 RA4T1

(1). 12-bit A/D Converter (12ADC)

Phase current (with an 1shunt resistance), inverter bus voltage (Vdc) and rotation speed command (VR1) are measured in "Single scan mode" (use a hardware trigger).

Detection of the phase current uses FIFO function.

A/D conversion is implemented to be synchronized with carrier synchronized interrupt by using direct link function to GPT.

(2). Low Power Asynchronous General-Purpose Timer (AGT)

The AGT is used as 1 [ms] interval timer.

(3). General PWM Timer (GPT)

On the channel 1, 2, and 3, output with dead time is performed by using the Triangle-wave PWM mode 3. .

(4). Port Output Enable for GPT (POEG)

The port executing PWM output are set to high impedance state when an overcurrent is detected (when a low level of the GTETRG port is detected) .

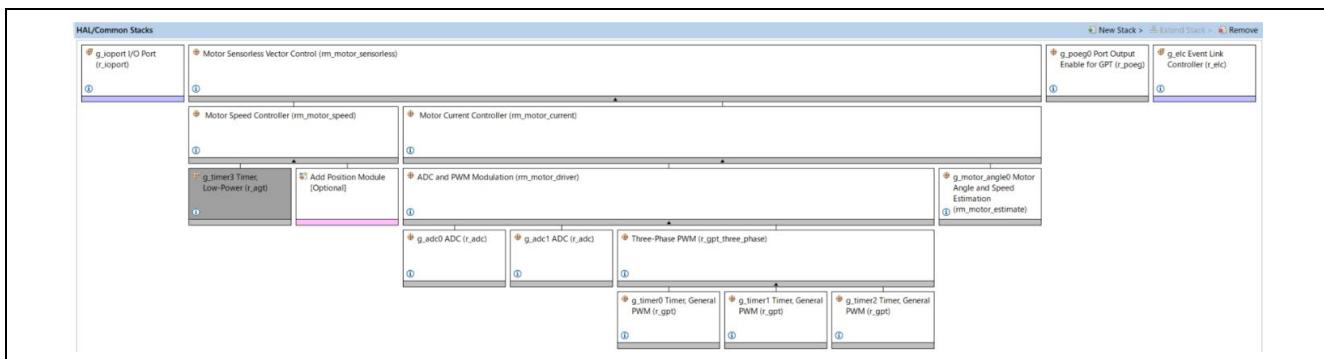


Figure 2-10 Overall FSP Stacks diagram

g_adc0 ADC (r_adc)	
Settings	Value
API Info	
Property	
Common	
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
Module g_adc0 ADC (r_adc)	
General	
Name	g_adc0
Unit	0
Resolution	12-Bit
Alignment	Right
Clear after read	On
Mode	Single Scan
Double-trigger	Enabled (extended mode)
Input	
Interruptions	
Normal/Group A Trigger	GPT1 AD TRIG A (A/D converter start request A)
Group B Trigger	GPT1 AD TRIG B (A/D converter start request B)
Group Priority (Valid only in Group Scan Mode)	Group A cannot interrupt Group B
Callback	NULL
Scan End Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Scan End Group B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Window Compare A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Window Compare B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Extra	

Figure 2-11 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [1/4]

g_adc0 ADC (r_adc)	
Settings	Value
API Info	
Property	
Module g_adc0 ADC (r_adc)	
General	
Input	
Channel Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
Channel 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Channel 1	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 2	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 3	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 4	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 5	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 6	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 7	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 8	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 9	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 10	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 11	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 12	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 13	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 14	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 15	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 16	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 17	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 18	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 19	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 20	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 21	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 22	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 23	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 24	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 25	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 26	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 27	<input type="checkbox"/>
Temperature Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
Voltage Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group B Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
Addition/Averaging Mask (channel availability varies by MCU and unit)	
Sample and Hold	
Window Compare	
Add/Average Count	 Disabled
Reference Voltage control	 VREFH0/VREFH
Interrupts	
Extra	

Figure 2-12 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [2/4]

g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Module g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)	
	General	
	Name	g_adc1
	Unit	0
	Resolution	12-Bit
	Alignment	Right
	Clear after read	Off
	Mode	Single Scan
	Double-trigger	Disabled
	Input	
	Interruptions	
	Normal/Group A Trigger	Software
	Group B Trigger	Disabled
	Group Priority (Valid only in Group Scan Mode)	Group A cannot interrupt Group B
	Callback	NULL
	Scan End Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Scan End Group B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Window Compare A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Window Compare B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Extra	

Figure 2-13 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [3/4]

g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Module g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)	
	General	
	Input	
	Channel Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
	Channel 0	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 1	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 2	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 3	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 6	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 7	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 8	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 9	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 10	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 11	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 12	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 13	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 14	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 15	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 16	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 17	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 18	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 19	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 20	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 21	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 22	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 23	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 24	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 25	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 26	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 27	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Temperature Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Voltage Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Group B Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
	Addition/Averaging Mask (channel availability varies by MCU and unit)	
	Sample and Hold	
	Window Compare	
	Add/Average Count	Disabled
	Reference Voltage control	VREFH0/VREFH
	Interrupts	
	Extra	

Figure 2-14 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [4/4]

g_timer3 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Pin Output Support	Disabled
	Pin Input Support	Disabled
	Module g_timer3 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)	
	General	
	Name	g_timer3
	Channel	0
	Mode	🔒 Periodic
	Period	1
	Period Unit	Milliseconds
	Count Source	PCLKB
	Output	
	Input	
	Interrupts	
	Callback	🔒 rm_motor_speed_cyclic
	Underflow Interrupt Priority	Priority 10

Figure 2-15 FSP Configuration of AGT Driver

g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)	
Property	Value
Settings	
API Info	
Common	
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
Pin Output Support	Enabled with Extra Features
Write Protect Enable	Disabled
Clock Source	PCLKD
Module g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)	
General	
Name	g_timer0
Channel	1
Mode	Triangle-Wave Asymmetric PWM (Mode 3)
Period	100
Period Unit	Microseconds
Output	
Input	
Interrupts	
Callback	rm_motor_driver_1shunt_cyclic
Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority	Priority 5
Capture A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Capture B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Underflow/Trough Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Extra Features	
Output Disable	
Output Disable POEG Trigger	
POEG Link	POEG Channel 1
GTIOCA Disable Setting	Level Low
GTIOCB Disable Setting	Level Low
ADC Trigger	
Start Event Trigger (Channels with GTINTAD only)	
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A During Up Counting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A During Down Counting	<input type="checkbox"/>
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B During Up Counting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B During Down Counting	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dead Time	
Dead Time Count Up (Raw Counts)	200
Dead Time Count Down (Raw Counts) (Channels with GTDVD only)	200
ADC Trigger (Channels with GTADTRA only)	
ADC A Compare Match (Raw Counts)	10
ADC Trigger (Channels with GTADTRB only)	
ADC B Compare Match (Raw Counts)	80
Interrupt Skipping (Channels with GTITC only)	
Interrupt to Count	Trough (triangle)
Interrupt Skip Count	1
Skip ADC Events	None
Extra Features	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled

Figure 2-16 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver

g_poeg0 Port Output Enable for GPT (r_poeg)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Module g_poeg0 Port Output Enable for GPT (r_poeg)	
	General	
	Trigger	
	GTETRG Pin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	GPT Output Level	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Oscillation Stop	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Name	g_poeg0
	Channel	1
	Input	
	GTETRG Polarity	Active Low
	GTETRG Noise Filter	PCLKB/32
	Interrupts	
	Callback	g_poe_overcurrent
	Interrupt Priority	Priority 0 (highest)

Figure 2-17 FSP Configuration of POEG Driver

2.2.4.3 RA6T3

(1). 12-bit A/D Converter (12ADC)

Phase current (with an 1shunt resistance), inverter bus voltage (Vdc) and rotation speed command (VR1) are measured in "Single scan mode" (use a hardware trigger).

Detection of the phase current uses FIFO function.

A/D conversion is implemented to be synchronized with carrier synchronized interrupt by using direct link function to GPT.

(2). Low Power Asynchronous General-Purpose Timer (AGT)

The AGT is used as 1 [ms] interval timer.

(3). General PWM Timer (GPT)

On the channel 1, 2, and 3, output with dead time is performed by using the Triangle-wave PWM mode 3. .

(4). Port Output Enable for GPT (POEG)

The port executing PWM output are set to high impedance state when an overcurrent is detected (when a low level of the GTETRGB port is detected) .

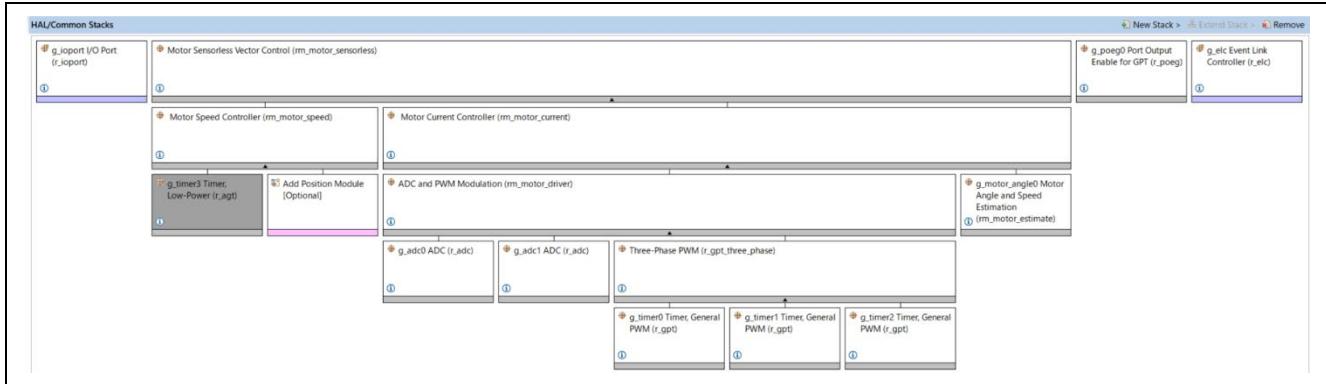


Figure 2-18 Overall FSP Stacks diagram

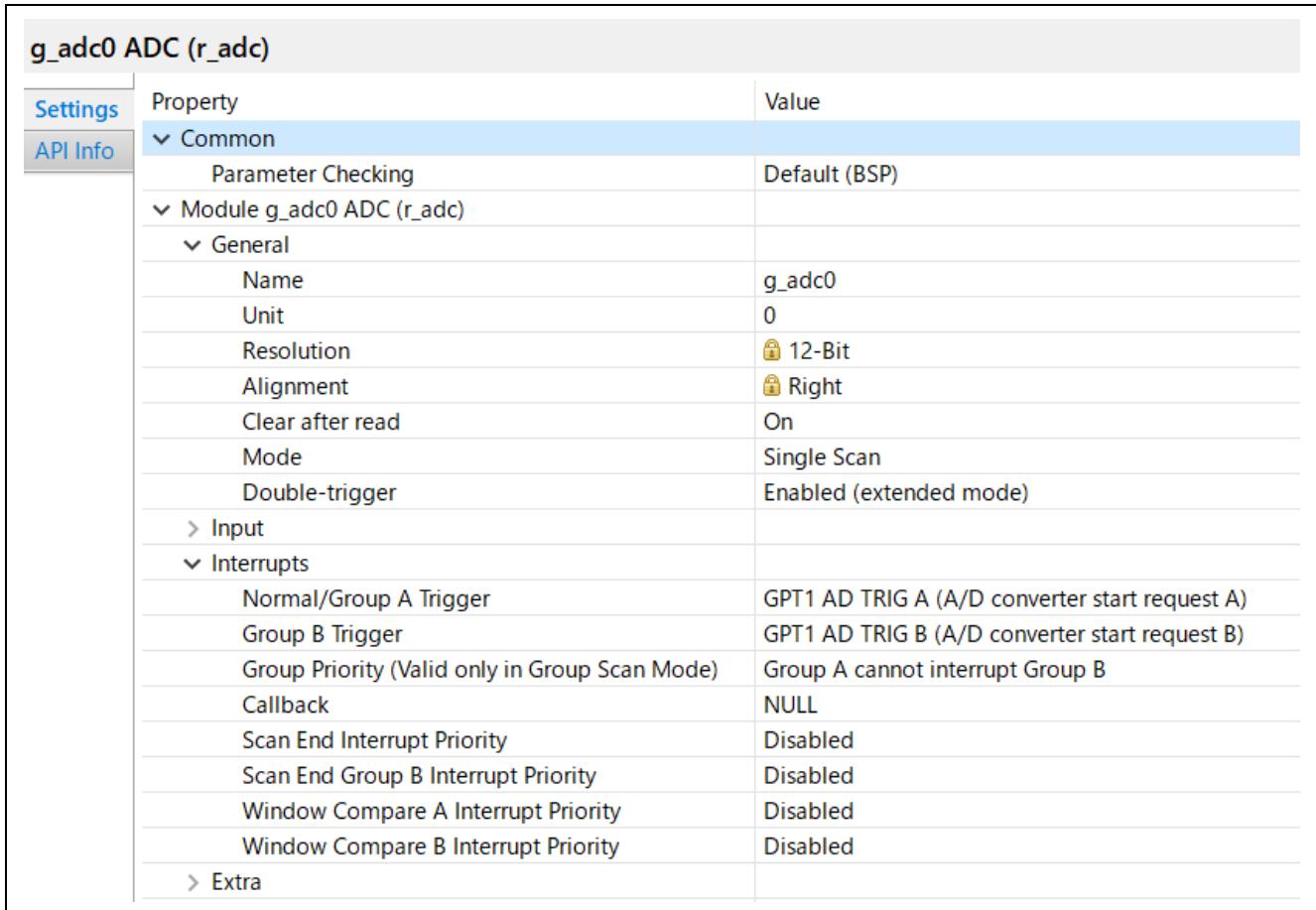


Figure 2-19 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [1/4]

g_adc0 ADC (r_adc)	
Settings	Value
API Info	
Property	
Module g_adc0 ADC (r_adc)	
General	
Input	
Channel Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
Channel 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Channel 1	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 2	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 3	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 4	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 5	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 6	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 7	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 8	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 9	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 10	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 11	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 12	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 13	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 14	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 15	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 16	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 17	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 18	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 19	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 20	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 21	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 22	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 23	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 24	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 25	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 26	<input type="checkbox"/>
Channel 27	<input type="checkbox"/>
Temperature Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
Voltage Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group B Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
Addition/Averaging Mask (channel availability varies by MCU and unit)	
Sample and Hold	
Window Compare	
Add/Average Count	⚠️ Disabled
Reference Voltage control	⚠️ VREFH0/VREFH
Interrupts	
Extra	

Figure 2-20 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [2/4]

g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Module g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)	
	General	
	Name	g_adc1
	Unit	0
	Resolution	12-Bit
	Alignment	Right
	Clear after read	Off
	Mode	Single Scan
	Double-trigger	Disabled
	Input	
	Interruptions	
	Normal/Group A Trigger	Software
	Group B Trigger	Disabled
	Group Priority (Valid only in Group Scan Mode)	Group A cannot interrupt Group B
	Callback	NULL
	Scan End Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Scan End Group B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Window Compare A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Window Compare B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Extra	

Figure 2-21 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [3/4]

g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)

Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Module g_adc1 ADC (r_adc)	
	General	
	Input	
	Channel Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
	Channel 0	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 1	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 2	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 3	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 6	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 7	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 8	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 9	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 10	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 11	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 12	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 13	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 14	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 15	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 16	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 17	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 18	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 19	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 20	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 21	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 22	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 23	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 24	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 25	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 26	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Channel 27	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Temperature Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Voltage Sensor	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Group B Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU)	
	Addition/Averaging Mask (channel availability varies by MCU and unit)	
	Sample and Hold	
	Window Compare	
	Add/Average Count	Disabled
	Reference Voltage control	VREFH0/VREFH
	Interrupts	
	Extra	

Figure 2-22 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver [4/4]

g_timer3 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Pin Output Support	Disabled
	Pin Input Support	Disabled
	Module g_timer3 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)	
	General	
	Name	g_timer3
	Channel	0
	Mode	🔒 Periodic
	Period	1
	Period Unit	Milliseconds
	Count Source	PCLKB
	Output	
	Input	
	Interrupts	
	Callback	🔒 rm_motor_speed_cyclic
	Underflow Interrupt Priority	Priority 10

Figure 2-23 FSP Configuration of AGT Driver

g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)	
Settings	Value
API Info	
Property	
Common	
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
Pin Output Support	Enabled with Extra Features
Write Protect Enable	Disabled
Clock Source	PCLKD
Module g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)	
General	
Name	g_timer0
Channel	1
Mode	Triangle-Wave Asymmetric PWM (Mode 3)
Period	100
Period Unit	Microseconds
Output	
Input	
Interrupts	
Callback	rm_motor_driver_1shunt_cyclic
Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority	Priority 5
Capture A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Capture B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Underflow/Trough Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Extra Features	
Output Disable	
Output Disable POEG Trigger	
POEG Link	POEG Channel 1
GTIOCA Disable Setting	Level Low
GTIOCB Disable Setting	Level Low
ADC Trigger	
Start Event Trigger (Channels with GTINTAD only)	
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A During Up Counting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A During Down Counting	<input type="checkbox"/>
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B During Up Counting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B During Down Counting	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dead Time	
Dead Time Count Up (Raw Counts)	200
Dead Time Count Down (Raw Counts) (Channels with GTDVD only)	200
ADC Trigger (Channels with GTADTRA only)	
ADC A Compare Match (Raw Counts)	10
ADC Trigger (Channels with GTADTRB only)	
ADC B Compare Match (Raw Counts)	80
Interrupt Skipping (Channels with GTITC only)	
Interrupt to Count	Trough (triangle)
Interrupt Skip Count	1
Skip ADC Events	None
Extra Features	Enabled

Figure 2-24 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver

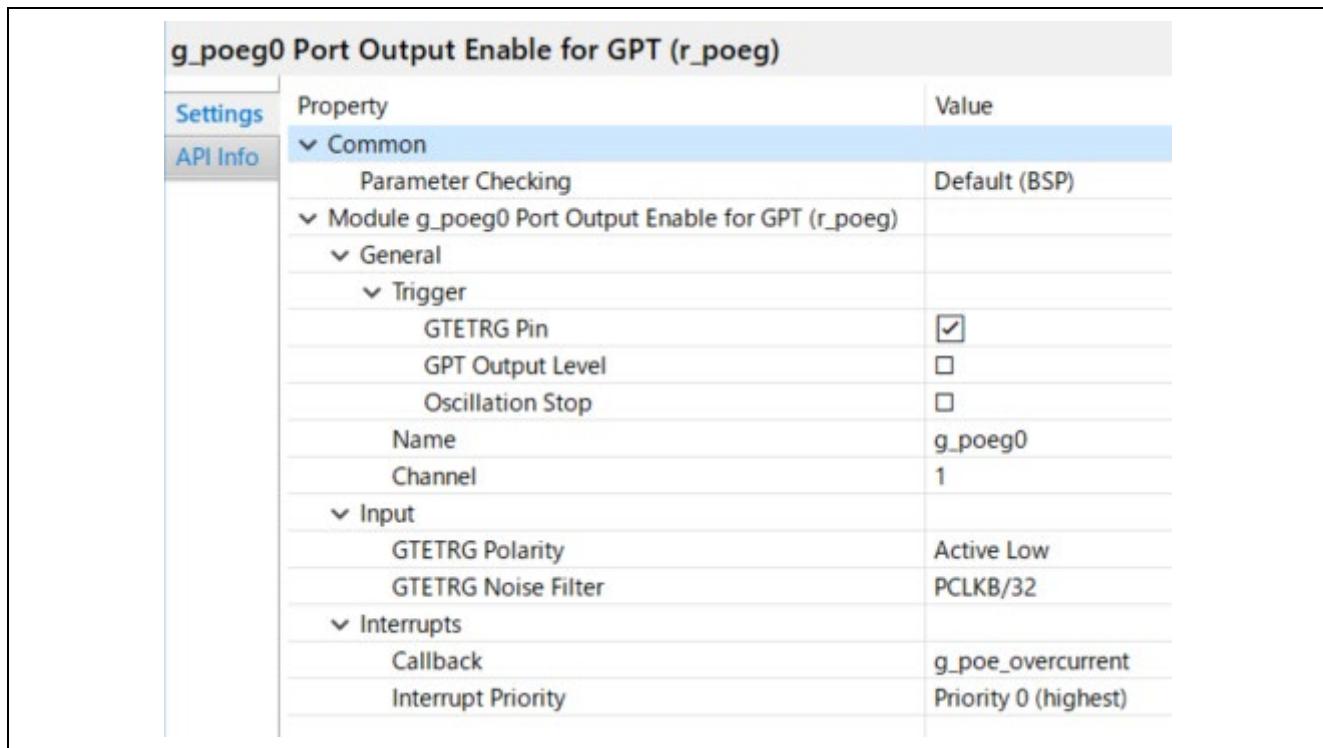


Figure 2-25 FSP Configuration of POEG Driver

2.3 Software configuration

2.3.1 Software file configuration

Folder and file configuration of the software is given below.

Table 2-6 File and folder configuration[1/2]

Folder	Subfolder	File	Remarks
ra_cfg			Generated config header
ra_gen			Generated register setting, main function etc
ra	arm		CMSIS source code
	board		Function definition for board
	fsp/inc/api	bsp_api.h	BSP API definition
		r_adc_api.h	AD API definition
		r_elc_api.h(Only RA4T1 and RA6T3)	ELC API definition
		r_ioprt_api.h	I/O API definition
		r_poeg_api.h	POEG API definition
		r_three_phase_api.h	3phase PWM API definition
		r_timer_api.h	Timer API definition
		r_transfer_api.h	Transfer API definition
		rm_motor_angle_api.h	Angle API definition
		rm_motor_api.h	Motor API definition
		rm_motor_current_api.h	Current API definition
		rm_motor_driver_api.h	Motor driver API definition
		rm_motor_position_api.h	Position API definition
		rm_motor_speed_api.h	Speed API definition
	fsp/inc/instances	r_adc_b.h(RA6T2) r_adc.h(RA4T1,RA6T3)	Function definition for AD
		r_agt.h	Function definition for AGT

Table 2-7 File and folder configuration[2/2]

Folder	Subfolder	File	Remarks
ra	fsp/inc/instances	r_elc.h(Only RA4T1 and RA6T3)	Function definition for ELC
		r_gpt_three_phase.h	Function definition for 3 Phase PWM
		r_gpt.h	Function definition for GPT
		r_ioport.h	Function definition for I/O
		r_poeg.h	Function definition for POEG
		rm_motor_current.h	Function definition for current control
		rm_motor_driver.h	Function definition for motor driver
		rm_motor_estimate.h	Function definition for angle estimate
		rm_motor_sensorless.h	Function definition for Sensorless
		rm_motor_speed.h	Function definition for Speed
fsp	fsp/lib		Library files
	fsp/src	bsp	BSP driver
		r_adc_b/r_adc_b.c(RA6T2)	AD driver
		r_adc/r_adc.c(RA4T1,RA6T3)	
		r_agt/r_agt.c	AGT driver
		r_elc/r_elc.c(Only RA4T1 and RA6T3)	ELC driver
		r_gpt/r_gpt.c	GPT driver
		r_gpt_three_phase/r_gpt_three_phase.c	3 phase PWM driver
		r_ioport/r_ioport.c	I/O driver
		r_poeg/r_poeg.c	POEG driver
		rm_motor_current/rm_motor_current.c	Current control driver
		rm_motor_current/rm_motor_current_library.h	Current control library API definition
		rm_motor_driver/rm_motor_driver.c	Motor driver
		rm_motor_estimate.c	Angle estimate driver
		rm_motor_estimate_library.h	Angle estimate library API definition
src	application/main	mtr_main.h , mtr_main.c	User main function
		r_mtr_control_parameter.h	Control parameters definition
		r_mtr_motor_parameter.h	Motor parameters definition
	application/user_interface/ics	r_mtr_ics.h , r_mtr_ics.c	Function definition for Analyzer
		ICS2_RA6T2.h , ICS2_RA4T1.h , ICS2_RA6T3.h	Function definition for GUI tool
		ICS2_RA6T2.o , ICS2_RA4T1.o , ICS2_RA6T3.o	Communication library for GUI tool

2.3.2 Module configuration

Module configuration of the software is described below.

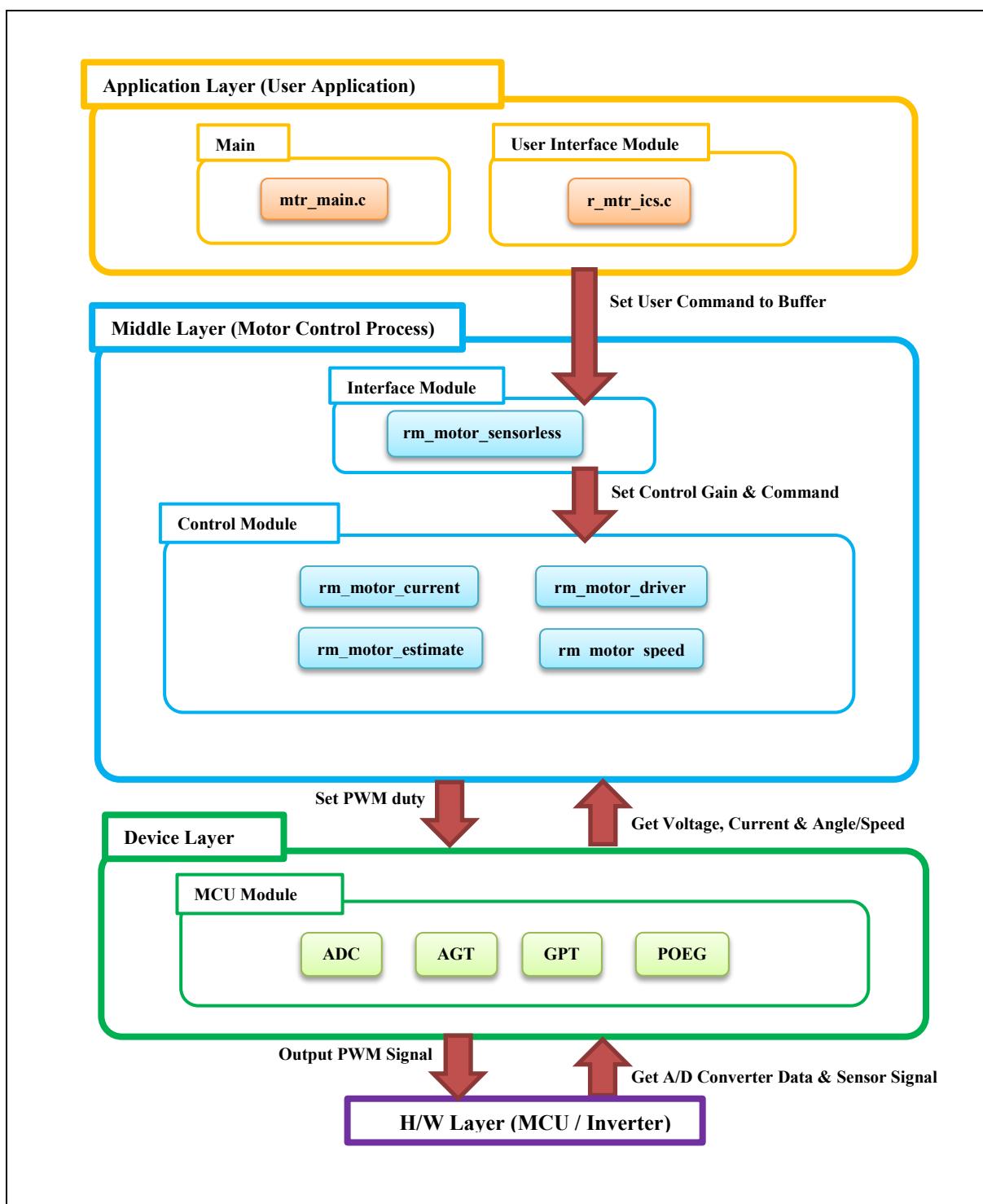


Figure 2-26 Module Configuration

2.4 Software specifications

Table 2-8 shows basic software specification of this system. For details of the sensorless vector control, refer to the application note 'Sensorless vector control for permanent magnet synchronous motor (Algorithm)' (R01AN3786).

Table 2-8 Basic Specifications of Sensorless Vector Control Software

Item	Content	
Control method	Vector control	
Position detection method	Sensorless	
Motor rotation start/stop	SW1 input or input from 'Renesas Motor Workbench'	
Input voltage	DC 24 [V]	
Main clock frequency	RA6T2: 240 [MHz] RA6T3: 200 [MHz] RA4T1: 100 [MHz]	
Carrier frequency (PWM)	10 [kHz] (Carrier period: 100 [μs])	
Dead time	2 [μs]	
Current control period	RA6T2: 100 [μs] RA6T3: 100 [μs] RA4T1: 200 [μs]	
Speed control period	RA6T2: 1000 [μs] RA6T3: 1000 [μs] RA4T1: 2000 [μs]	
Rotation speed control range	CW: 0 [rpm] to 2400 [rpm] CCW: 0 [rpm] to 2400 [rpm] However, 500 [rpm] or less is driven by a speed open loop.	
Natural frequency of each control system	Current control system : 300 [Hz] Speed control system : 5 [Hz] BEMF estimation system : 1000 [Hz] Position estimation system : 50 [Hz]	
Optimization setting of compiler	Optimization level	Optimize more(-O2) (default setting)
Processing stop for protection	<p>Disables the motor control signal output (six outputs), under any of the following conditions.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Instantaneous value of current of any phase exceeds $3.54 (=1.67 * \sqrt{2} * 1.5)$ [A] (monitored in current control period) Inverter bus voltage exceeds 60 [V] (monitored in current control period) Inverter bus voltage is less than 8 [V] (monitored in current control period) Rotation speed exceeds 4500 [rpm] (monitored in current control period) <p>When an external over current signal is detected (when a low level is detected), the PWM output ports are set to high impedance state.</p>	

2.5 Interrupt Priority

Table 2-9 shows the interrupt and priorities used in this system.

Table 2-9 Interrupt priority

Interrupt level	Priority	function
15	Min	
14		
13		
12		
11		
10		AGT0 INT Speed control Interrupt
9		
8		
7		
6		
5		ADC0 ADI0(RA6T2) ADC0 SCAN END(RA4T1,RA6T3) A/D conversion complete interrupt
4		
3		
2		
1		
0	Max	POEG3 EVENT(RA6T2) POEG1 EVENT(RA4T1,RA6T3) Over current error interrupt

Allocations

Interrupt	Event	ISR
0	AGT0 INT (AGT interrupt)	agt_int_isr
1	GPT4 COUNTER OVERFLOW (Overflow)	gpt_counter_overflow_isr
2	POEG3 EVENT (Port Output disable interrupt D)	poeg_event_isr

Figure 2-27 RA6T2 FSP Interrupts Configuration

Allocations

Interrupt	Event	ISR
0	AGT0 INT (AGT interrupt)	agt_int_isr
1	GPT1 COUNTER OVERFLOW (Overflow)	gpt_counter_overflow_isr
2	POEG1 EVENT (Port Output disable interrupt B)	poeg_event_isr

Figure 2-28 RA4T1/RA6T3 FSP Interrupts Configuration

3. Descriptions of the control program

The target software of this application note is explained here.

3.1 Contents of control

3.1.1 Motor start/stop

Starting and stopping of the motor are controlled by input from 'Renesas Motor Workbench' or SW1.

A general-purpose port is assigned to SW1 and based upon its level the motor operation is controlled.

"High" level → Motor Start

"Low" level → Motor Stop

3.1.2 A/D Converter

(1) Motor rotation speed reference

The rotation speed command value of the motor is determined from the input from 'Renesas Motor Workbench' or the output value (analog value) of VR1. Rotation speed command value from VR1 is measured as shown in the table below.

Table 3-1 Conversion Ratio of the Rotation Speed Reference

Item	Conversion ratio (reference: A/D conversion value)		Channel
Rotation speed reference	CW	0 rpm to 2400 rpm: 0800H to 0FFFH	AN008
	CCW	0 rpm to 2400 rpm: 07FFH to 0000H	

(2) Inverter bus voltage

Inverter bus voltage is measured as shown in the table below. It is used for calculation of modulation rate and detection of overvoltage and low voltage (PWM stops in case of abnormality).

Table 3-2 Inverter Bus Voltage Conversion Ratio

Item	Conversion ratio (Inverter bus voltage: A/D conversion value)	Channel
Inverter bus voltage	0 [V] to 73.26 [V]: 0000H to 0FFFH	AN006

(3) Phase current with 1shunt resistance

The phase currents are measured as shown in Table 3-3 and used for vector control.

Table 3-3 Conversion Ratio of Phase Current

Item	Conversion ratio (Phase current: A/D conversion value)	Channel
Phase current	-8.25 [A] to 8.25 [A]: 0000H to 0FFFH (Note) Current = $(3.3V - 1.65V) / (0.01\text{Ohm} * 20) = 8.25\text{A}$	AN004

3.1.3 Modulation (current control module)

A modulated voltage can be output to improve the efficiency of voltage usage. The modulation operation is set from the API of the current control module.

(a) Sine wave modulation (MOD_METHOD_SPWM)

The modulation factor m is defined as follows.

$$m = \frac{V}{E}$$

m: Modulation ratio V: Reference voltage E: Inverter input voltage

(b) Space Vector Modulation (MOD_METHOD_SVPWM) *

In vector control of a permanent magnet synchronous motor, generally, the desired voltage command value of each phase is generated sinusoidally. However, if the generated value is used as-is for the modulation wave for PWM generation, voltage utilization as applied to the motor (in terms of line voltage) is limited to a maximum of 86.7% with respect to inverter bus voltage. As such, as shown in the following expression, the average of the maximum and minimum values is calculated for the voltage command value of each phase, and the value obtained by subtracting the average from the voltage command value of each phase is used as the modulation wave. As a result, the maximum amplitude of the modulation wave is multiplied by $\sqrt{3}/2$, while voltage utilization becomes 100% and line voltage is unchanged.

$$\begin{pmatrix} V'_u \\ V'_v \\ V'_w \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_u \\ V_v \\ V_w \end{pmatrix} + \Delta V \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \Delta V = -\frac{V_{max} + V_{min}}{2}, \quad V_{max} = \max\{V_u, V_v, V_w\}, \quad V_{min} = \min\{V_u, V_v, V_w\}$$

V_u, V_v, V_w : Command values of U-, V-, and W-phases

V'_u, V'_v, V'_w : Command values of U-, V-, and W-phases for PWM generation (modulation wave)

The modulation factor m is defined as follows.

$$m = \frac{V'}{E}$$

m: Modulation ratio V' : Reference phase voltage for PWM
E: Inverter input voltage

3.1.4 State transition

Figure 3-1 is a state transition diagram of the sensorless vector control software. In the target software of this application note, the software state is managed by “SYSTEM MODE”. Motor 1 and 2 are controlled in the same method.

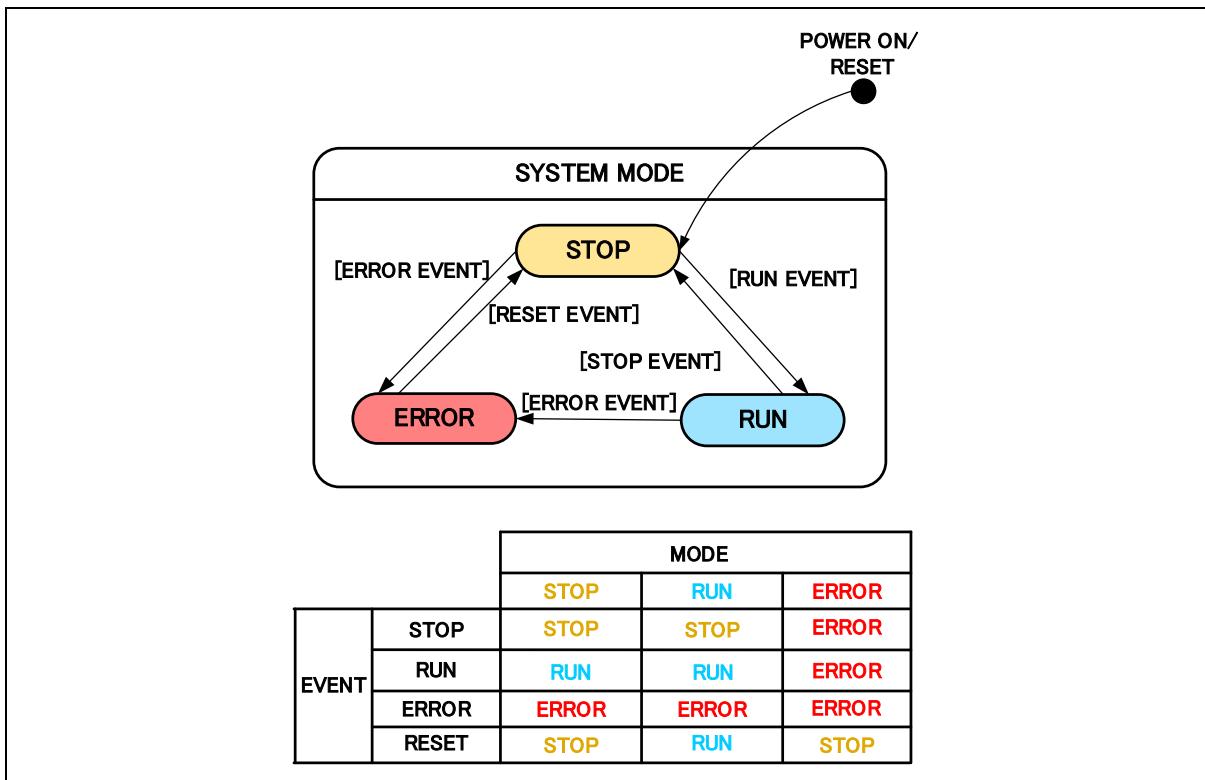


Figure 3-1 State Transition Diagram of Sensorless Vector Control Software

(1). SYSTEM MODE

“SYSTEM MODE” indicates the operating states of the system. The state transits on occurrence of each event (EVENT). “SYSTEM MODE” has 3 states that are motor drive stop (INACTIVE), motor drive (ACTIVE), and abnormal condition (ERROR).

(2). EVENT

When “EVENT” occurs in each “SYSTEM MODE”, “SYSTEM MODE” changes as shown the table in Table 3-4, according to that “EVENT”. The occurrence factors of each event are shown below.

Table 3-4 List of EVENT

EVENT name	occurrence factor
STOP	by user operation
RUN	by user operation
ERROR	when the system detects an error
RESET	by user operation

3.1.5 Start-up method

Figure 3-2 shows startup control of sensorless vector control software. Each mode is controlled by flags managing each reference of the d-axis current, q-axis current, and speed.

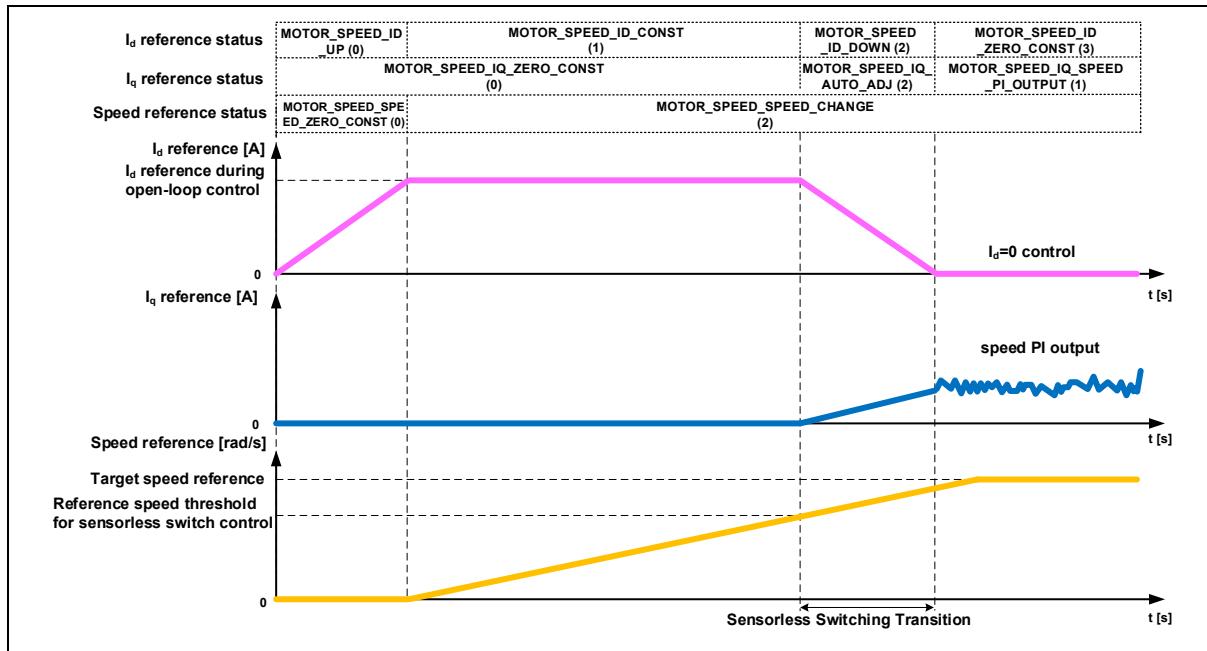


Figure 3-2 Startup Control of Sensorless Vector Control Software

3.1.6 System protection function

This control software has the following error status and executes emergency stop functions in case of occurrence of respective errors. Table 3-5 shows each software threshold for the system protection function.

- Over current error

There are two kind of overcurrent protection.

Hardware OCP: When emergency stop signal from the hardware is detected, PWM output ports are automatically set to high impedance output (without software intervention).

Software OCP: U, V, and W phase currents are monitored in over current monitoring cycle. When an over current is detected, the CPU executes emergency stop.

- Over voltage error

The inverter bus voltage is monitored in over voltage monitoring cycle. When an over voltage is detected (when the voltage exceeds the over voltage limit), the CPU performs emergency stop. Here, the over voltage limit is set in consideration of the error of resistance value of the detect circuit. When this error occurs, the CPU performs emergency stop in the side of the motor in which the error occurred.

- Low voltage error

The inverter bus voltage is monitored in low-voltage monitoring cycle. The CPU performs emergency stop when low voltage (when voltage falls below the limit) is detected. Here, the low voltage limit is set in consideration of the error of resistance value of the detect circuit. When this error occurs, the CPU performs emergency stop in the side of the motor in which the error occurred.

- Over speed error

The rotation speed is monitored in rotation speed monitoring cycle. The CPU performs emergency stop when the speed is over the limit. When this error occurs, the CPU performs emergency stop in the side of the motor in which the error occurred.

Table 3-5 Setting Values of the System Protection Function

Error name	Threshold	Monitoring cycle
Over current error	Over current limit [A]	3.54
Over voltage error	Over voltage limit [V]	60
Low voltage error	Low voltage limit [V]	8
Over speed error	Speed limit [rpm]	4500

3.1.7 The method to measure phase currents with an 1shunt resistance

In the chapter, the method to measure phase currents using in this software is explained.

3.1.7.1 The timing of measure phase currents

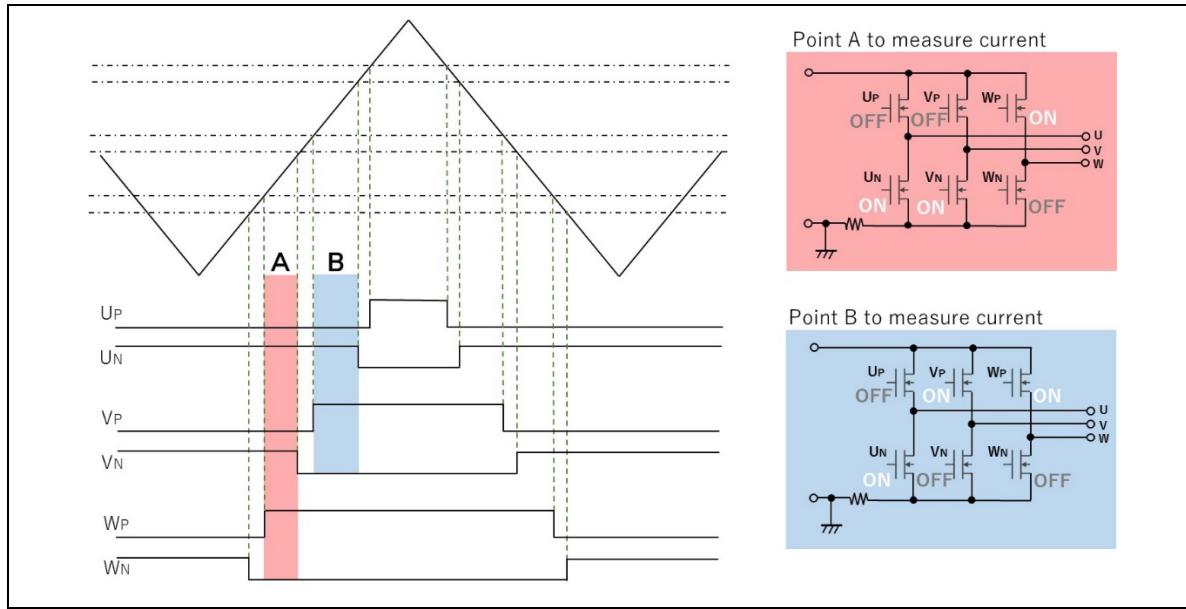


Figure 3-3 The wave form of PWM (in case of duty pattern W>V>U)

In this program, Triangle-wave PWM mode 3 is used to generate PWM wave with dead time by GPT unit.

Figure 3-3 The wave form of PWM (in case of duty pattern W>V>U) shows the wave form of PWM in case of duty pattern W>V>U.

At the point A in the figure, only W phase upper arm is ON as shown in the red rectangle in right side. In that case, the current which flows in the 1shunt resistance is same as current flows in W phase.

At the point B in the figure, only U phase low arm is ON as shown in the blue rectangle. In that case, the current which flows in the 1shunt resistance is same as current flows in U phase.

The remained V phase current can be calculated with these phase currents by the first theory of Kirchhoff.

Therefore, the three phase currents can be measured with measurement of point A and B.

The case which is shown in Table 3-6 Relation between Duty pattern and phase current is the duty pattern W>V>U. Six duty pattern will be performed with each phase PWM output. The currents which be measured in point A and B changes according to duty pattern, so it is necessary to assign calculated currents to each phase. The assignment is possible, because each phase relations can be known at each PWM duty calculation.

Table 3-6 Relation between Duty pattern and phase current

Duty pattern	Point A	Point B
W > V > U	lw	-lu
W > U > V	lw	-lv
V > W > U	lv	-lu
V > U > W	lv	-lw
U > W > V	lu	-lv
U > V > W	lu	-lw

3.1.7.2 Shunt resistance current measurement method using RA6T2 function

When measuring the current with one shunt resistor as shown in 3.1.7.1, it is necessary to control the conversion timing of the A / D converter according to the PWM duty setting. In the sample software, this is realized by GTADTRA of RA6T2 GPT module and A / D conversion start request function by compare match of GTADTRB register and GTCNT counter.

g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)		
Settings	Property	Value
API Info		
	Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Pin Output Support	Enabled with Extra Features
	Write Protect Enable	Disabled
	Clock Source	PCLKD
	Module g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)	
	General	
	Name	g_timer0
	Channel	4
	Mode	Triangle-Wave Asymmetric PWM (Mode 3)
	Period	100
	Period Unit	Microseconds
	Output	
	Custom Waveform	
	Duty Cycle Percent (only applicable in PWM mode)	50
	GTIOCA Output Enabled	True
	GTIOCA Stop Level	Pin Level Low
	GTIOCB Output Enabled	True
	GTIOCB Stop Level	Pin Level High
	Input	
	Interrupts	
	Callback	rm_motor_driver_1shunt_cyclic
	Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority	Priority 8
	Capture A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Capture B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Underflow/Trough Interrupt Priority	Disabled
	Extra Features	
	Output Disable	
	ADC Trigger	
	Start Event Trigger (GPTE/GPTEH only)	
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A Durin <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request A Durin <input type="checkbox"/>	
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B Durin <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
	Trigger Event A/D Converter Start Request B Durin <input type="checkbox"/>	
	Dead Time	
	ADC Trigger (GPTE/GPTEH only)	
	Interrupt Skipping (GPTE/GPTEH only)	
	Extra Features	Enabled

Figure 3-4 GPT ADC trigger setting

3.1.7.3 Duty adjustment

If the timing as shown in 3.1.7.1 can be secured, the current can be detected by one shunt resistor, but sufficient time for A / D conversion cannot be secured depending on the PWM duty setting conditions during operation. Therefore, the current value cannot be obtained correctly. The following two measures are implemented for the conditions where timing cannot be secured.

(1) When the switching timings of the two phases are close to each other

When the switching timings of the two phases are close to each other and the time for A / D conversion cannot be secured, the PWM duty is not changed and the phase switching timing to be switched later is required for A / D conversion. The conversion time is secured by shifting only.

(2) When timing shift is not possible

If the PWM switching timing is delayed as described above, the duty is wide, and if the end of the PWM carrier cycle is reached, the timing cannot be delayed. In such a case, the modulation factor is close to 1, so the modulation factor is limited so that the PWM switching timing is at the end of the carrier cycle.

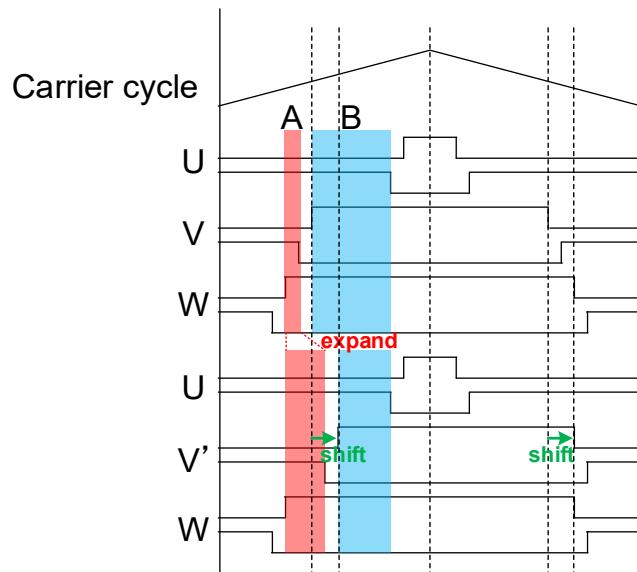


Figure 3-5 Duty adjustment

3.1.8 AD triggers

Shows the timing of AD triggers and scan groups.

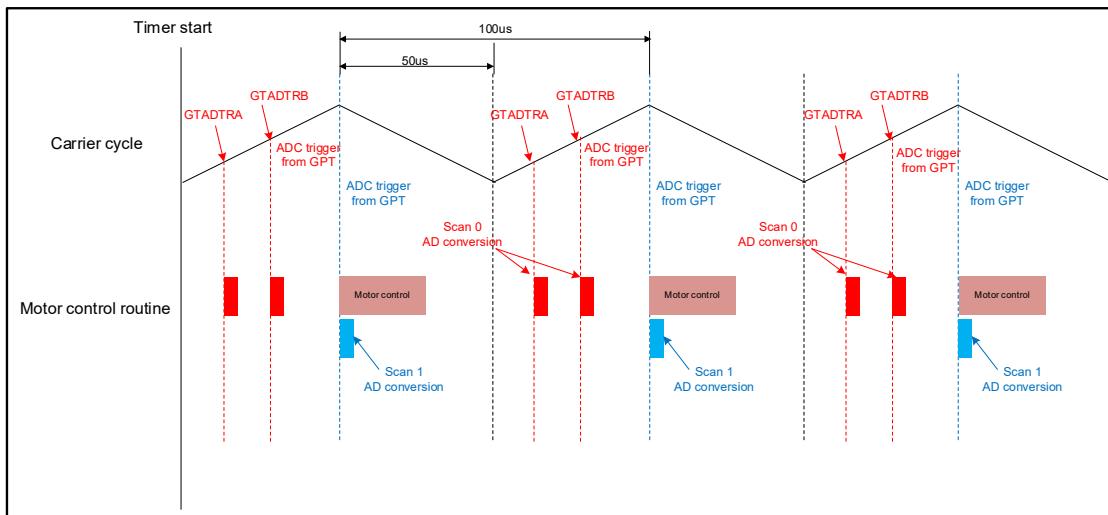


Figure 3-6 AD trigger timing

3.2 Function specifications of sensorless vector control software

The block diagram of sensorless vector control is shown below.

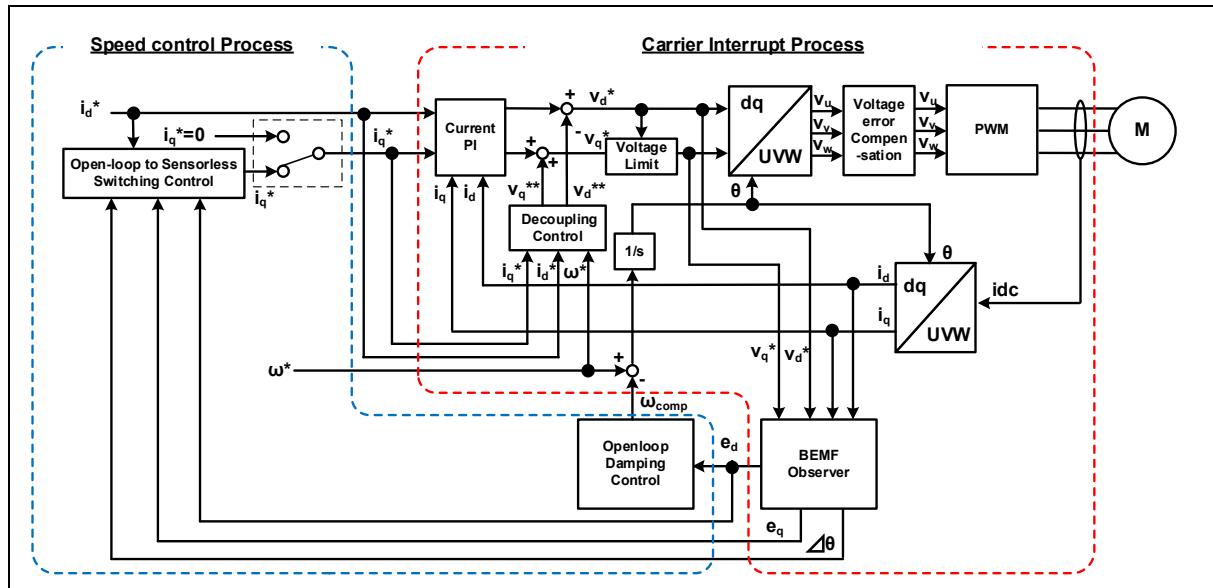


Figure 3-7 Block Diagram of Sensorless Vector Control (Openloop Control)

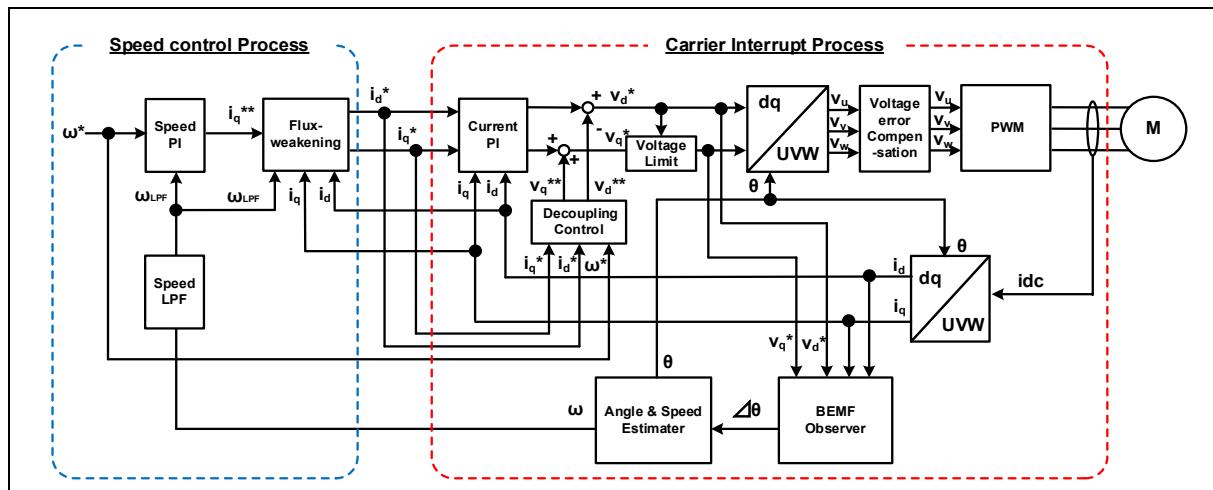


Figure 3-8 Block Diagram of Sensorless Vector Control (Sensorless Control)

Table 3-7 List of Functions Executed in Current Control Period Interrupt (1/4)

File name	Function name	Process overview
mtr_main.c	<p>mtr_callback_event Input : (motor_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output : None</p>	Sensorless control callback function
rm_motor_sensorless.c	<p>rm_motor_sensorless_current_callback Input : (motor_current_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None</p>	Set the speed control output to the current control input
	<p>RM_MOTOR_SENSORLESS_ErrorCheck Input : (motor_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure. (uint16_t * const) p_error / Pointer to get occurred error Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result</p>	Check the occurrence of Error.
	<p>rm_motor_sensorless_copy_speed_current Input : (motor_speed_output_t *) st_output / Pointer to the structure of Speed Control output (motor_current_input_t *) st_input / Pointer to the structure of Current Control input Output :None</p>	Copy speed output data to current input data
rm_motor_driver.c	<p>rm_motor_driver_1shunt_cyclic Input : ((timer_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None</p>	Motor driver callback function
	<p>rm_motor_driver_1shunt_current_get Input : (motor_driver_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the motor driver module instance Output :None</p>	Get A/D converted data (Phase Current with 1shunt resistance & Main Line Voltage)
	<p>RM_MOTOR_DRIVER_FlagCurrentOffsetGet Input : (motor_driver_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (uint8_t * const) p_flag_offset / Flag of finish current offset detection Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result</p>	Measure current offset values
	<p>RM_MOTOR_DRIVER_PhaseVoltageSet Input : (motor_driver_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float const) u_voltage / U phase voltage (float const) v_voltage / V phase voltage (float const) w_voltage / W phase voltage Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result</p>	Set Phase Voltage Data to calculate PWM duty.

Table 3-8 List of Functions Executed in Current Control Period Interrupt (2/4)

File name	Function name	Process overview
rm_motor_driver.c	rm_motor_driver_1shunt_modulation Input : (motor_driver_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the motor driver module instance Output :None	Perform PWM modulation (included duty pattern judgement)
	rm_motor_driver_mod_run Input : (motor_driver_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / Pointer to Motor Driver instance (const float *) p_f4_v_in / Pointer to the 3-phase input voltage (float *) p_f4_duty_out / Where to store the 3-phase output duty cycle Output :None	Calculates duty cycle from input 3-phase voltage (bipolar)
	rm_motor_driver_set_uvw_duty Input : (motor_driver_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / Pointer to Motor Driver instance (float) f_duty_u / The duty cycle of Phase-U (float) f_duty_v / The duty cycle of Phase-V (float) f_duty_w / The duty cycle of Phase-W Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	PWM duty setting
	RM_MOTOR_DRIVER_CurrentGet Input : (motor_driver_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_driver_current_get_t * const) p_current_get / Pointer to get data structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Get calculated phase Current, Vdc & Va_max data
rm_motor_current.c	rm_motor_current_cyclic Input : (motor_driver_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None	Current control cycle operation
	RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_ParameterSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_input_t const * const) p_st_input / Pointer to input data structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set (Input) Parameter Data.
	RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_CurrentSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_input_current_t const * const) p_st_current / Pointer to input current structure (motor_current_input_voltage_t const * const) p_st_voltage / Pointer to input voltage structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set d/q-axis Current & Voltage Data.
	RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_CurrentGet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float * const) p_id / Pointer to get d-axis current (float * const) p_iq / Pointer to get q-axis current Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Get d/q-axis Current.
	motor_current_transform_uvw_dq_abs Input : (const float) f_angle / rotor angle (const float *) f_uvw / the pointer to the UVW-phase array in [U,V,W] format (float *) f_dq / where to store the [d,q] formated array on dq coordinates Output :None	Coordinate transform UVW to dq (absolute transform)

Table 3-9 List of Functions Executed in Current Control Period Interrupt (3/4)

File name	Function name	Process overview
rm_motor_current.c	motor_current_angle_cyclic Input : (motor_current_instance_t *) p_instance / The pointer to current control module control instance Output :None	Angle/Speed Process in Cyclic Process of Current Control
	RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_SpeedPhaseSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float const) speed / Rotational speed (float const) phase / Rotor phase Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set Current Speed & rotor phase Data.
	RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_CurrentReferenceSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float const) id_reference / D-axis current Reference (float const) iq_reference / Q-axis current Reference Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set Current Reference Data
	RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_PhaseVoltageGet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_get_voltage_t * const) p_voltage / Pointer to get Voltages Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Gets the set phase voltage.
	motor_current_pi_calculation Input : (motor_current_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the FOC current control structure Output :None	Calculates the output voltage vector from current vector command and actual current vector
	motor_current_pi_control Input : (motor_current_pi_params_t *) pi_ctrl / The pointer to the PI control structure Output : float / PI control output value	PI control
	motor_current_limit_abs Input : (float) f4_value / Target value (float) f4_limit_value / Limit Output : float / Limited value	Limit with absolute value
	motor_current_decoupling Input : (motor_current_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the FOC current control instance (float) f_speed_rad / The electrical speed (const motor_current_motor_parameter_t *) p_mtr / The pointer to the motor parameter data structure Output :None	Decoupling control
	motor_current_voltage_limit Input : (motor_current_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the FOC current control structure Output :None	Limit voltage vector

Table 3-10 List of Functions Executed in Current Control Period Interrupt (4/4)

File name	Function name	Process overview
rm_motor_current.c	motor_current_transform_dq_uvw_abs Input : (const float) f_angle / Rotor angle (const float *) f_uvw / Where to store the [U,V,W] formated 3-phase quantities array (float *) f_dq / The pointer to the dq-axis value array in [D,Q] format Output :None	Coordinate transform dq to UVW 3-phase (absolute transform)
librm_motor_current.a	rm_motor_voltage_error_compensation_main Input : (motor_currnt_voltage_compensation_t *) st_volt_comp / Voltage error compensation data (float *) p_f4_v_array / Reference voltage (float *) p_f4_i_array / Reference current (float) f4_vdc / Bus voltage Output :None	Voltage error compensation
rm_motor_estimate.c	RM_MOTOR_ESTIMATE_FlagPiCtrlSet Input : (motor_angle_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (uint32_t const) flag_pi / The flag of PI control runs Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set the flag of PI Control runs.
	RM_MOTOR_ESTIMATE_SpeedSet Input : (motor_angle_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float const) speed_ctrl / Control reference of rotational speed (float const) damp_speed / Damping rotational speed Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set Speed Information
	RM_MOTOR_ESTIMATE_CurrentSet Input : (motor_angle_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_angle_current_t * const) p_st_current / Pointer to current structure (motor_angle_voltage_reference_t * const) p_st_voltage / Pointer to voltage Reference structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set d/q-axis Current Data & Voltage Reference.
	RM_MOTOR_ESTIMATE_AngleSpeedGet Input : (motor_angle_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float * const) p_angle / Memory address to get rotor angle data (float * const) p_speed / Memory address to get rotational speed data (float * const) p_phase_err / Memory address to get phase(angle) error data Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Gets the current rotor's angle and rotation speed.
	RM_MOTOR_ESTIMATE_EstimatedComponentGet Input : (motor_angle_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float * const) p_ed / Memory address to get estimated d-axis component (float * const) p_eq / Memory address to get estimated q-axis component Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Gets estimated d/q-axis component.
r_gpt_three_phase.c	R_GPT_THREE_PHASE_DutyCycleSet Input : (three_phase_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Control block set in @ref three_phase_api_t::open call for this timer (three_phase_duty_cycle_t * const) p_duty_cycle / Duty cycle values for all three timer channels Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Sets duty cycle for all three timers.

Table 3-11 List of Functions Executed in Speed Control Interrupt(1/2)

File name	Function name	Process overview
mtr_main.c	mtr_callback_event Input : (motor_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None	Sensorless control callback function
	get_vr1 Input :None Output : uint16_t / conversion value	Get VR1 A/D conversion value
rm_motor_current.c	RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_ParameterGet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_input_current_t const * const) p_st_input / Pointer to output data structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Get speed control input data from current control
rm_motor_sensorless.c	rm_motor_sensorless_speed_callback Input : (motor_speed_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None	Speed control callback function
	rm_motor_sensorless_copy_current_speed Input : (motor_current_output_t *) st_output / Pointer to the structure of Current Control output (motor_speed_input_t *) st_input / Pointer to the structure of Speed Control input Output :None	Copy current output data to speed input data
rm_motor_speed.c	rm_motor_speed_cyclic Input : (timer_callback_args_t *) p_args/ Callback argument Output :None	Cyclic process of Speed Control (Call at timer interrupt)
	RM_MOTOR_SPEED_ParameterSet Input : (motor_speed_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_speed_input_t const * const) p_st_input / Pointer to structure to input parameters Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Set speed Input parameters
	RM_MOTOR_SPEED_SpeedControl Input : (motor_speed_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Calculates the d/q-axis current reference.(Main process of Speed Control)
	rm_motor_speed_set_speed_ref Input : (motor_speed_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the FOC data instance Output : float / Speed reference	Updates the speed reference
	rm_motor_speed_set_iq_ref Input : (motor_speed_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the ctrl instance Output : float / Iq reference	Updates the q-axis current reference
	rm_motor_speed_set_id_ref Input : (motor_speed_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the ctrl instance Output : float / Id reference	Updates the d-axis current reference
	RM_MOTOR_SPEED_ParameterGet Input : (motor_speed_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / The pointer to the ctrl instance (motor_speed_output_t * const) p_st_output / Pointer to get speed control parameters Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result	Get speed control output parameters

Table 3-12 List of Functions Executed in Speed Control Interrupt(2/2)

File name	Function name	Process overview
librm_motor_speed.a	rm_motor_speed_first_order_lpf Input : (motor_speed_lpf_t *) p_lpf / First order LPF structure (float) f4_omega / Natural frequency (float) f4_ctrl_period / Control period Output : None	First Order LPF
	rm_motor_speed_fluxwkn_set_vamax Input : (motor_speed_flux_weakening_t *) p_fluxwkn / The pointer to flux weakening structure (float) f4_va_max / maximum magnitude of voltage vector Output :None	Sets the maximum magnitude of voltage vector
	rm_motor_speed_fluxwkn_run Input : (motor_speed_flux_weakening_t *) p_fluxwkn / The pointer to flux weakening structure (float) f4_speed_rad / The electrical speed of motor (const float *) p_f4_idq / The pointer to the measured current vector in format d/q (float *) p_f4_idq_ref / The pointer to the reference current vector in format d/q Output :None	Executes the flux-weakening module

3.3 Contents of control

3.3.1 Configuration Options

The configuration options of the sensorless vector control module for motor can be configured using the RA Configurator. The changed options are automatically reflected to the hal_data.c when generating code. The option names and setting values are listed in the Table 3-13 shown as follows.

Table 3-13 Configuration Options (rm_motor_sensorless.h)

Options	Description
Limit of over current (A)	When a phase current exceeds this value, PWM output ports are set to off.
Limit of over voltage (V)	When an inverter voltage exceeds this value, PWM output ports are set to off.
Limit of over speed (rpm)	When a rotation speed exceeds this value, PWM output ports are set to off.
Limit of low voltage (V)	When an inverter voltage becomes below this value, PWM output ports are set to off.

Table 3-14 Configuration Options initial value(rm_motor_sensorless.h)

Options	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
Limit of over current (A)	1.67	1.67	1.67
Limit of over voltage (V)	60.0	60.0	60.0
Limit of over speed (rpm)	4500.0	4500.0	4500.0
Limit of low voltage (V)	8.0	8.0	8.0

3.3.2 Configuration Options for included modules

The sensorless vector control module for motor includes below modules.

- Current Module
- Speed Module
- Angle Module
- Driver Module

And these included modules have each configuration parameters as same as the sensorless vector control module. The option names and setting values are listed in the tables shown as follows.

Table 3-15 Configuration Options for Current Control

Configuration Options (rm_motor_current.h)	
Options	Description
Shunt type	Selects how many shunt resistances to use current detection. Please set to "1shunt".
Input voltage (V)	Input voltage [V]
Voltage error compensation	Selects whether to "enable" or "disable" voltage error compensation.
Design Parameter Current PI loop omega	Current PI control omega parameter [Hz].
Design Parameter Current PI loop zeta	Current PI control zeta parameter.
Motor Parameter Pole pairs	Pole pairs of target motor.
Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm)	Resistance of motor [ohm].
Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H)	D-axis inductance [H].
Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H)	Q-axis inductance [H].
Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb)	Magnetic flux [Wb].
Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2)	Rotor inertia [kgm^2].

Table 3-16 Configuration Options initial value(rm_motor_current.h)

Options	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
Shunt type	1shunt	1shunt	1shunt
Input voltage (V)	24.0	24.0	24.0
Voltage error compensation	Enable	Enable	Enable
Design Parameter Current PI loop omega	300.0	300.0	300.0
Design Parameter Current PI loop zeta	1.0	1.0	1.0
Motor Parameter Pole pairs	4	4	4
Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm)	1.3	1.3	1.3
Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H)	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013
Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H)	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013
Motor Parameter Permanent inductionic flux (Wb)	0.01119	0.01119	0.01119
Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2)	0.000003666	0.000003666	0.000003666

Table 3-17 Configuration Options for Speed Control [1/2]

Configuration Options (rm_motor_speed.h)	
Options	Description
Speed control period (sec)	The period of speed control process [sec].
Step of speed climbing (rpm)	The step of speed fluctuation [rpm]. Program controls speed by this step at acceleration and deceleration.
Maximum rotational speed (rpm)	Maximum rotational speed [rpm]
Speed LPF omega	Speed LPF parameter omega [Hz].
Speed at Id climbing (rpm)	The threshold speed to control d-axis current increase [rad/s]. Program increases d-axis current at start up the motor rotation until the speed reaches this value.
Limit of q-axis current (A)	Limit of q-axis current [A].
Step of speed feedback at open-loop	Rate of reference speed for feedback speed limiter at Open-Loop.
Open-loop damping	Select enable/disable of damping control at Open-Loop.
Flux weakening	Select enable/disable of flux weakening control at high speed.
Torque compensation for sensorless transition	Select enable/disable of soft switching at the transition from Open-Loop to PI control.
Motor Parameter Pole pairs	Pole pairs of target motor.
Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm)	Resistance of motor [ohm].
Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H)	D-axis inductance [H].
Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H)	Q-axis inductance [H].
Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb)	Magnetic flux [Wb].
Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2)	Rotor inertia [kgm^2].

Table 3-18 Configuration Options initial value(rm_motor_speed.h) [1/2]

Options	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
Speed control period (sec)	0.001	0.002	0.001
Step of speed climbing (rpm)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Maximum rotational speed (rpm)	2400	2400	2400
Speed LPF omega	10.0	10.0	10.0
Speed at Id climbing (rpm)	500	400	400
Limit of q-axis current (A)	1.67	1.67	1.67
Step of speed feedback at open-loop	0.2	0.2	0.2
Open-loop damping	Enable	Enable	Enable
Flux weakening	Disable	Disable	Disable
Torque compensation for sensorless transition	Enable	Enable	Enable
Motor Parameter Pole pairs	4	4	4
Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm)	1.3	1.3	1.3
Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H)	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013
Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H)	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013
Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb)	0.01119	0.01119	0.01119
Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2)	0.000003666	0.000003666	0.000003666

Table 3-19 Configuration Options for Speed Control [2/2]

Configuration Options (rm_motor_speed.h)	
Options	Description
Open-Loop Step of d-axis current climbing	The d-axis current reference ramping up rate [A/msec].
Open-Loop Step of d-axis current descending	The d-axis current reference ramping down rate [A/msec].
Open-Loop Step of q-axis current descending ratio	The q-axis current reference ramping down proportion to reference before open-loop [A/msec].
Open-Loop Reference of d-axis current	The d-axis current reference in open-loop drive [A].
Open-Loop Threshold of speed control descending	The speed threshold [rad/s] to ramp down the d-axis current [rpm].
Open-Loop Threshold of speed control climbing	The speed threshold [rad/s] to ramp up the d-axis current [rpm].
Open-Loop Period between open-loop to BEMF (sec)	Time to switch open-loop to sensor-less [sec].
Open-Loop Phase error(degree) to decide sensor-less switch timing	Phase error to decide sensor-less switch timing (electrical angle) [degree].
Design parameter Speed PI loop omega	Speed PI Control parameter omega.
Design parameter Speed PI loop zeta	Speed PI Control parameter zeta.
Design parameter Estimated d-axis HPF omega	Natural frequency [Hz] for HPF in open-loop damping gain design.
Design parameter Open-loop damping zeta	Damping ratio for open-loop damping gain design.
Design parameter Cutoff frequency of phase error LPF	The cut-off frequency [Hz] of phase error LPF gain design.
Design parameter Speed observer omega	Speed observer omega.
Design parameter Speed observer zeta	Speed observer zeta.

Table 3-20 Configuration Options initial value(rm_motor_speed.h) [2/2]

Options	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
Open-Loop Step of d-axis current climbing	0.6	0.6	0.6
Open-Loop Step of d-axis current descending	0.6	0.6	0.6
Open-Loop Step of q-axis current descending ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0
Open-Loop Reference of d-axis current	0.3	0.3	0.3
Open-Loop Threshold of speed control descending	700	700	700
Open-Loop Threshold of speed control climbing	500	500	500
Open-Loop Period between open-loop to BEMF (sec)	0.025	0.025	0.025
Open-Loop Phase error(degree) to decide sensor-less switch timing	10	10	10
Design parameter Speed PI loop omega	5.0	5.0	5.0
Design parameter Speed PI loop zeta	1.0	1.0	1.0
Design parameter Estimated d-axis HPF omega	2.5	2.5	2.5
Design parameter Open-loop damping zeta	1.0	1.0	1.0
Design parameter Cutoff frequency of phase error LPF	10.0	10.0	10.0
Design parameter Speed observer omega	200.0	200.0	200.0
Design parameter Speed observer zeta	1.0	1.0	1.0

Table 3-21 Configuration Options for Angle and Speed Estimation

Configuration Options (rm_motor_estimate.h)	
Options	Description
Motor Parameter Pole pairs	Pole pairs of target motor.
Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm)	Resistance of motor [ohm].
Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H)	D-axis inductance [H].
Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H)	Q-axis inductance [H].
Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb)	Magnetic flux [Wb].
Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2)	Rotor inertia [kgm^2].
Openloop damping	Select enable/disable of Open-Loop Damping Control
Natural frequency of BEMF observer	Natural frequency for BEMF observer [Hz].
Damping ratio of BEMF observer	Damping ratio for BEMF observer.
Natural frequency of PLL Speed estimate loop	Natural frequency for rotor position Phase-Locked Loop [Hz].
Damping ratio of PLL Speed estimate loop	Damping ratio for rotor position Phase-Locked Loop.
Control period	Period of Speed Control [sec]

Table 3-22 Configuration Options initial value(rm_motor_estimate.h)

Options	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
Motor Parameter Pole pairs	4	4	4
Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm)	1.3	1.3	1.3
Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H)	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013
Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H)	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013
Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb)	0.01119	0.01119	0.01119
Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2)	0.000003666	0.000003666	0.000003666
Openloop damping	Enable	Enable	Enable
Natural frequency of BEMF observer	1000.0	1000.0	1000.0
Damping ratio of BEMF observer	1.0	1.0	1.0
Natural frequency of PLL Speed estimate loop	20.0	20.0	20.0
Damping ratio of PLL Speed estimate loop	1.0	1.0	1.0
Control period	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001

Table 3-23 Configuration Options for Driver Access

Configuration Options (rm_motor_driver.h)	
Options	Description
Shunt type	Selects how many shunt resistances to use current detection.
PWM timer frequency (MHz)	PWM Timer Clock Frequency [MHz]
PWM carrier period (micro seconds)	PWM Carrier Period [micro seconds]
Dead time (raw counts)	PWM Dead time [raw counts]
Current range (A)	Measurement Range of Electric current [A]
Voltage range (V)	Measurement Range of Inverter Voltage [V]
Counts for current offset measurement	Counts of measurement the offset of A/D Conversion at electric current input.
A/D conversion channel for U phase current	A/D channel for U-phase current
A/D conversion channel for main line voltage	A/D channel for main line voltage
Input voltage	Range of input for main line voltage
Resolution of A/D conversion	Resolution of A/D conversion Please set same value with ADC module setting.
Offset of A/D conversion for current	Offset level of A/D conversion input for current Please set according to the circuit.
Conversion level of A/D conversion for voltage	Conversion level of A/D conversion for voltage Please set when the CPU main voltage is different.
GTIOCA stop level	Output level of upper arm at stop status
GTIOCB stop level	Output level of lower arm at stop status
Maximum duty	Maximum duty of PWM Maximum duty except dead time.

Table 3-24 Configuration Options initial value(rm_motor_driver.h)

Options	RA6T2	RA4T1	RA6T3
Shunt type	1shunt	2shunt	2shunt
PWM timer frequency (MHz)	120	100	100
PWM carrier period (micro seconds)	50	50	50
Dead time (raw counts)	240	200	200
Current range (A)	16.5	16.5	16.5
Voltage range (V)	73.26	73.26	73.26
Counts for current offset measurement	500	500	500
A/D conversion channel for U phase current	4	0	0
A/D conversion channel for main line voltage	6	4	4
Input voltage	24.0	24.0	24.0
Resolution of A/D conversion	0xFFFF	0xFFFF	0xFFFF
Offset of A/D conversion for current	0x7FF	0x7FF	0x7FF
Conversion level of A/D conversion for voltage	1.0	1.0	1.0
GTIOCA stop level	Pin Level Low	Pin Level Low	Pin Level Low
GTIOCB stop level	Pin Level High	Pin Level High	Pin Level High
Maximum duty	0.9375	0.9375	0.9375

3.4 Control flowcharts

3.4.1 Main process

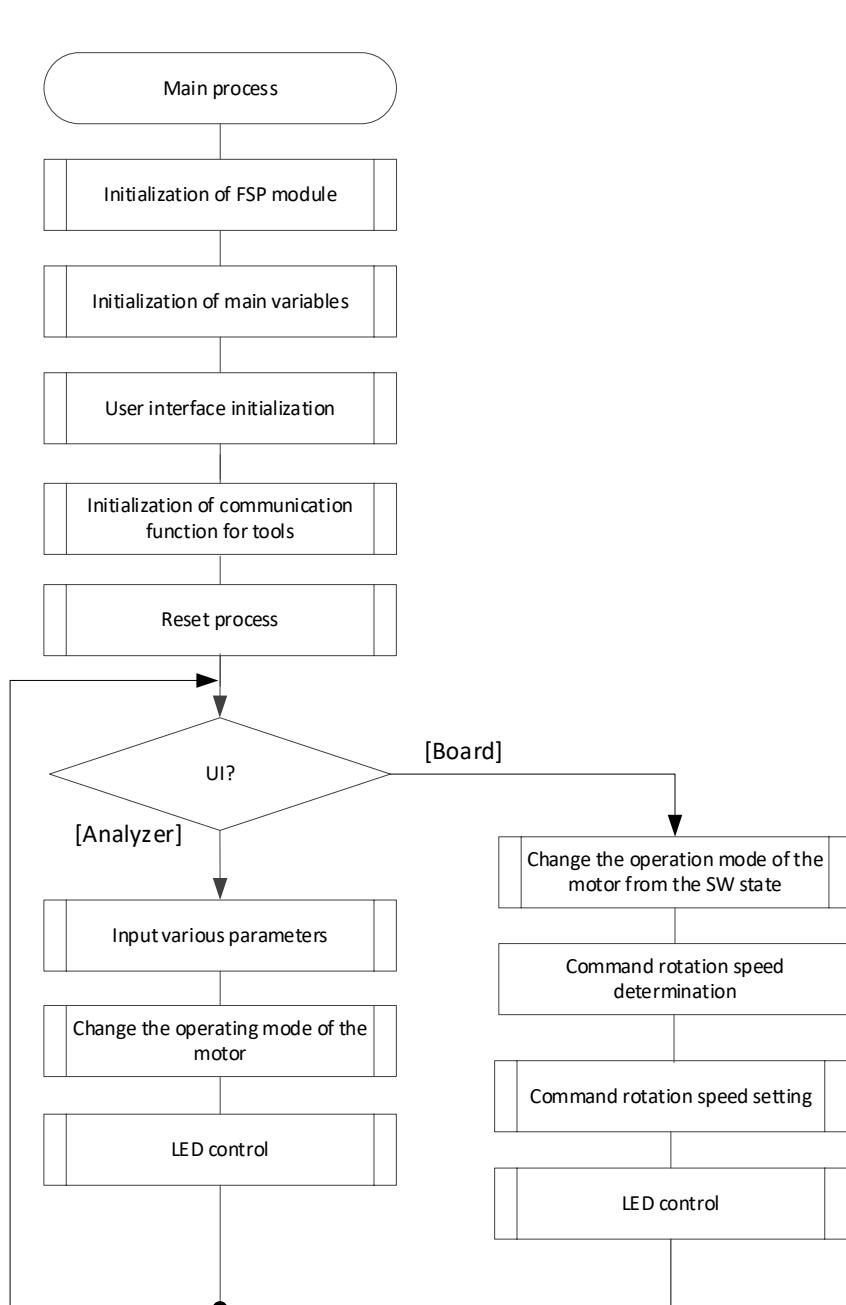


Figure 3-9 Main Process Flowchart

3.4.2 Current Control Period Interrupt (Carrier synchronized Interrupt) Process

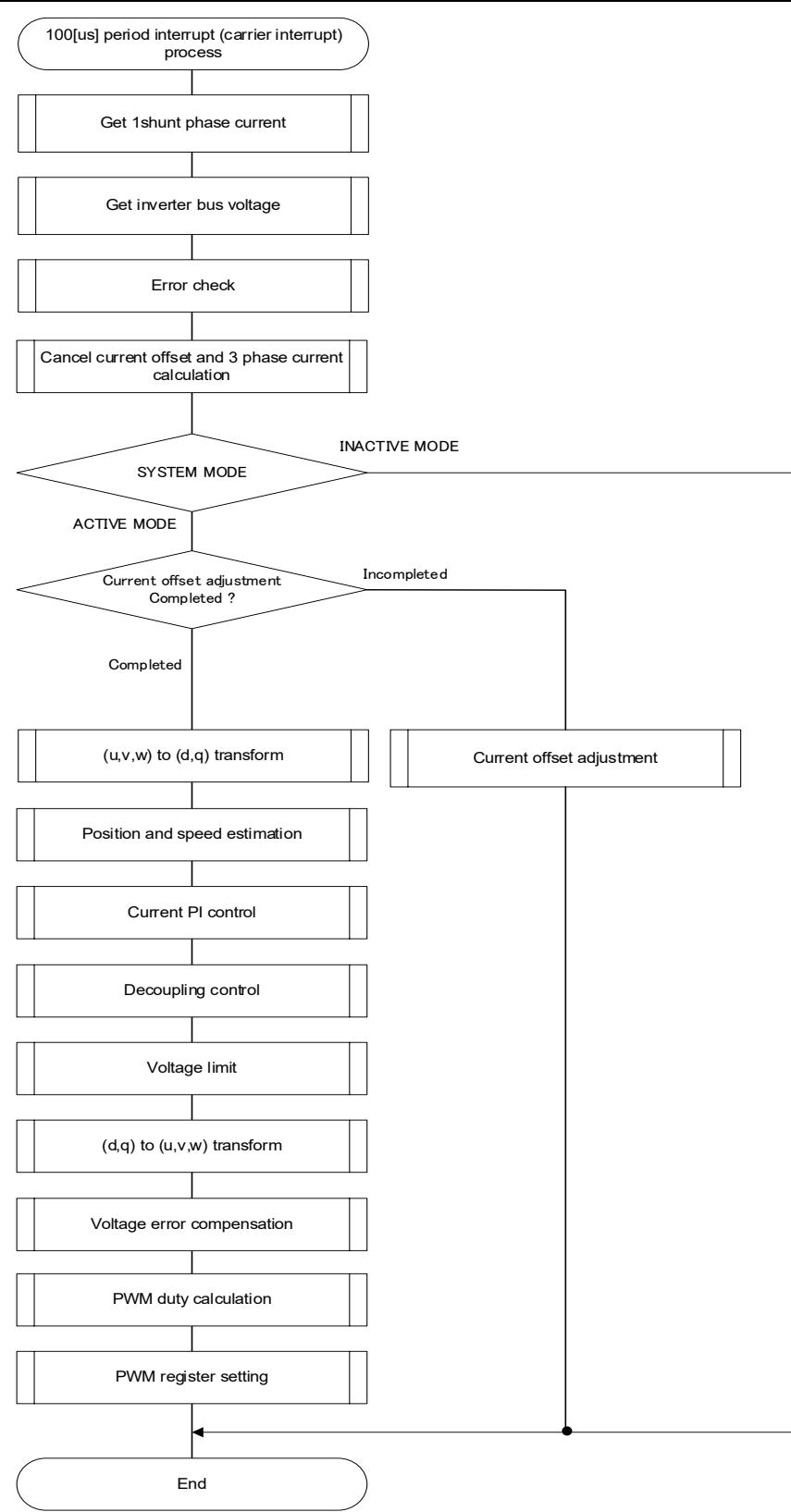


Figure 3-10 Current Control Period Interrupt (Carrier Interrupt) Process Flowchart

3.4.3 Speed Control Period Interrupt Process

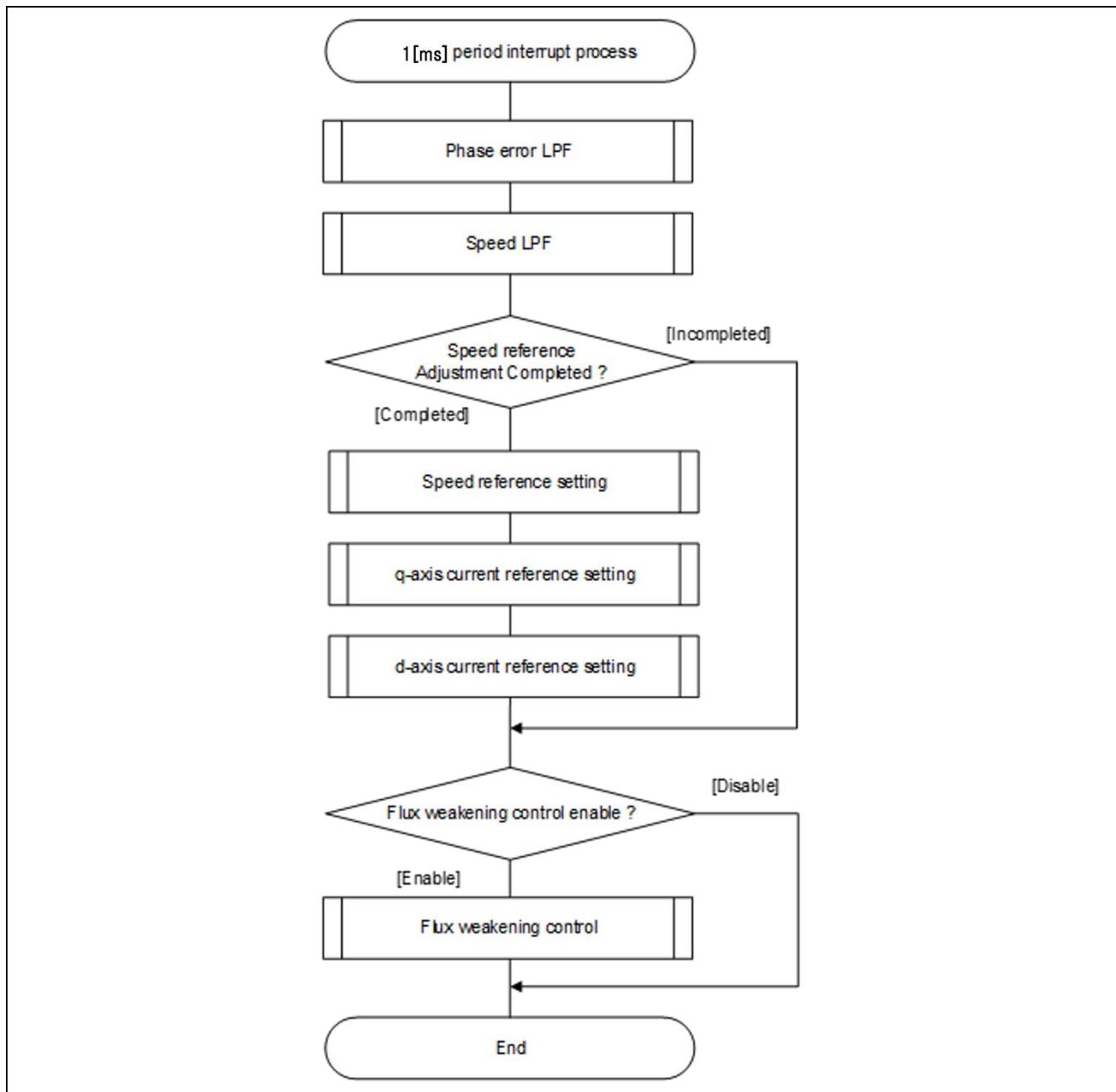


Figure 3-11 Speed Control Period Interrupt Process Flowchart

3.4.4 Over Current Detection Interrupt Process

The overcurrent detection interrupt is an interrupt that occurs when an external overcurrent detection signal is input. The PWM output terminal are put in the high impedance state. Therefore, at the start of execution of this interrupt processing, the PWM output terminal is already in the high impedance state and the output to the motor had been stopped.

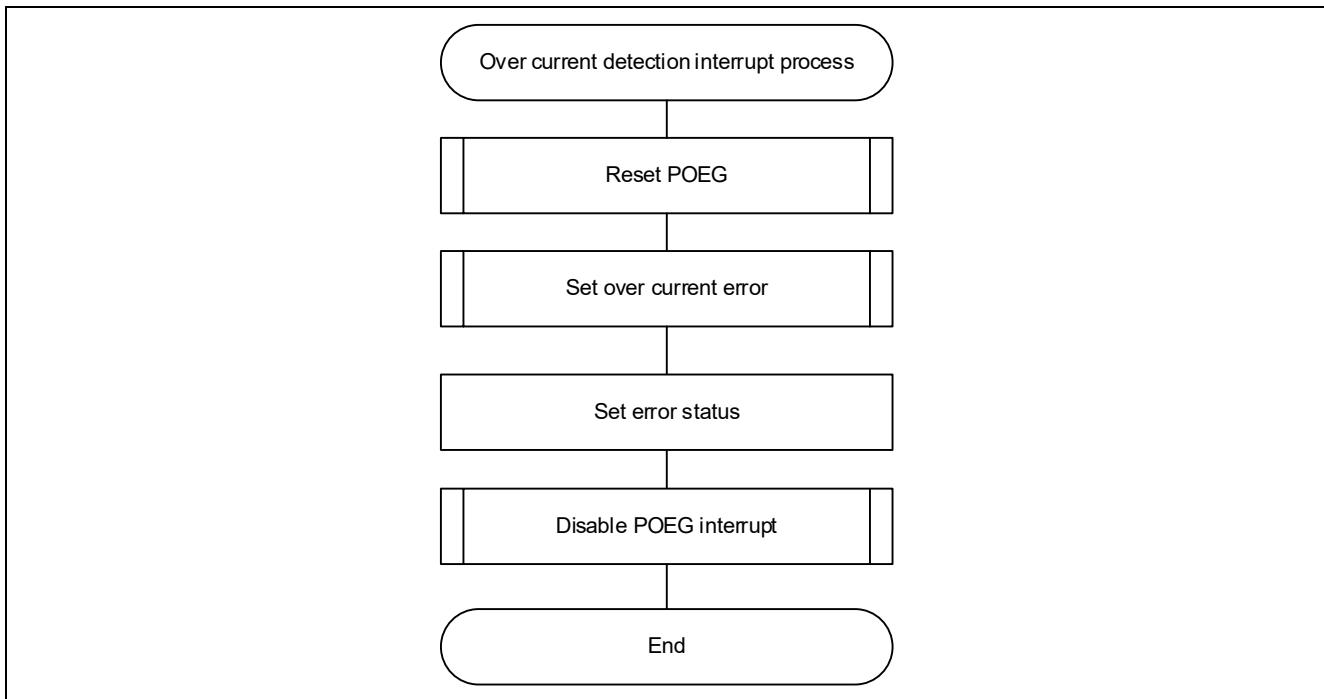


Figure 3-12 Over Current Detection Interrupt Process Flowchart

4. Evaluation environment explanation

4.1 Importing the Demo Project

The sample application provided with this document may be imported into e²studio using the steps in this section.

1. Select File → Import.

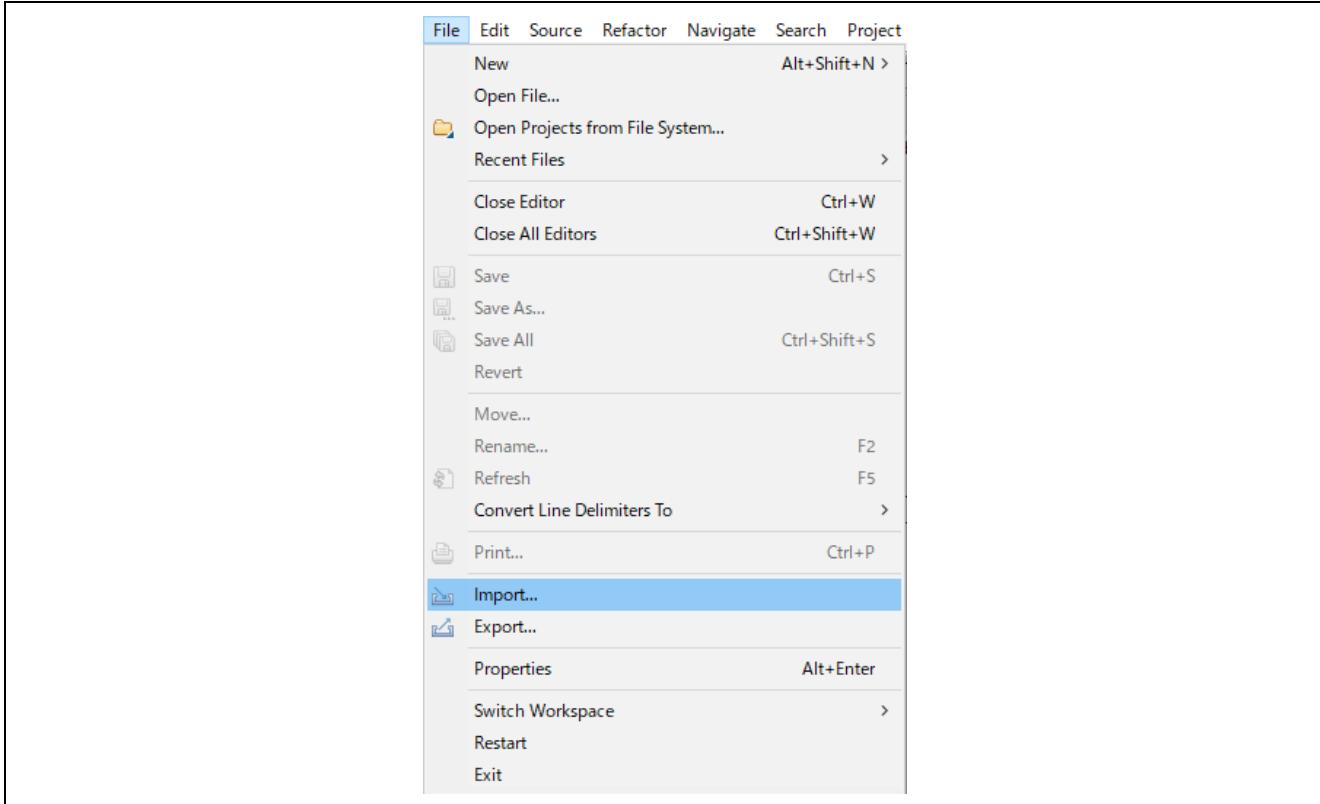


Figure 4-1 File Menu

2. Select "Existing Projects into Workspace".

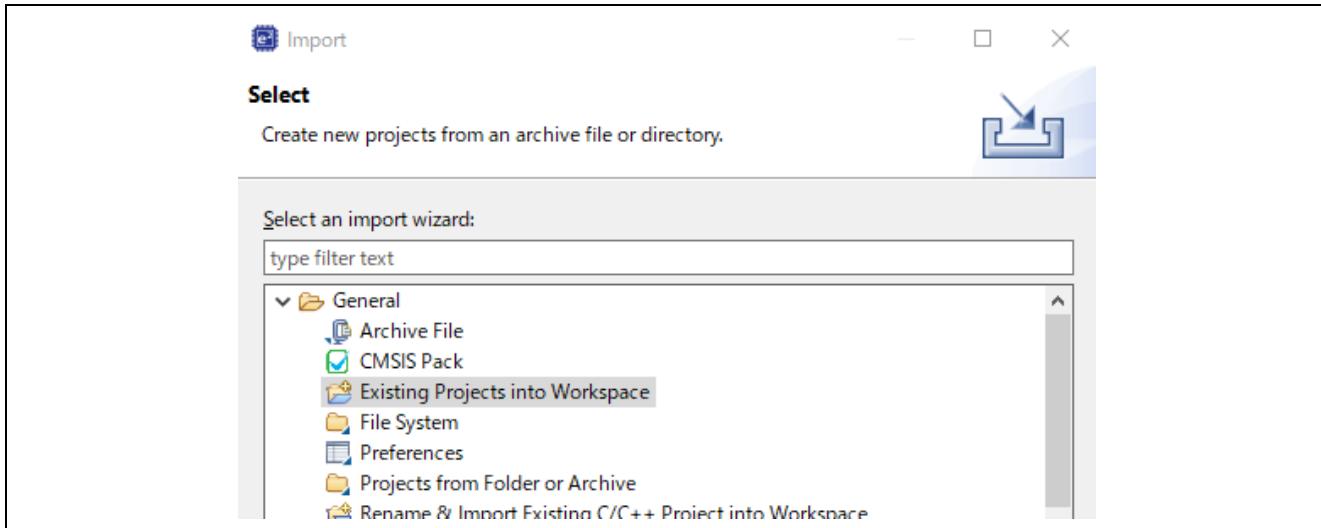


Figure 4-2 Import Wizard Selection

3. Click "Browse..." button and select the demo project. Click Finish button and the demo project is imported.

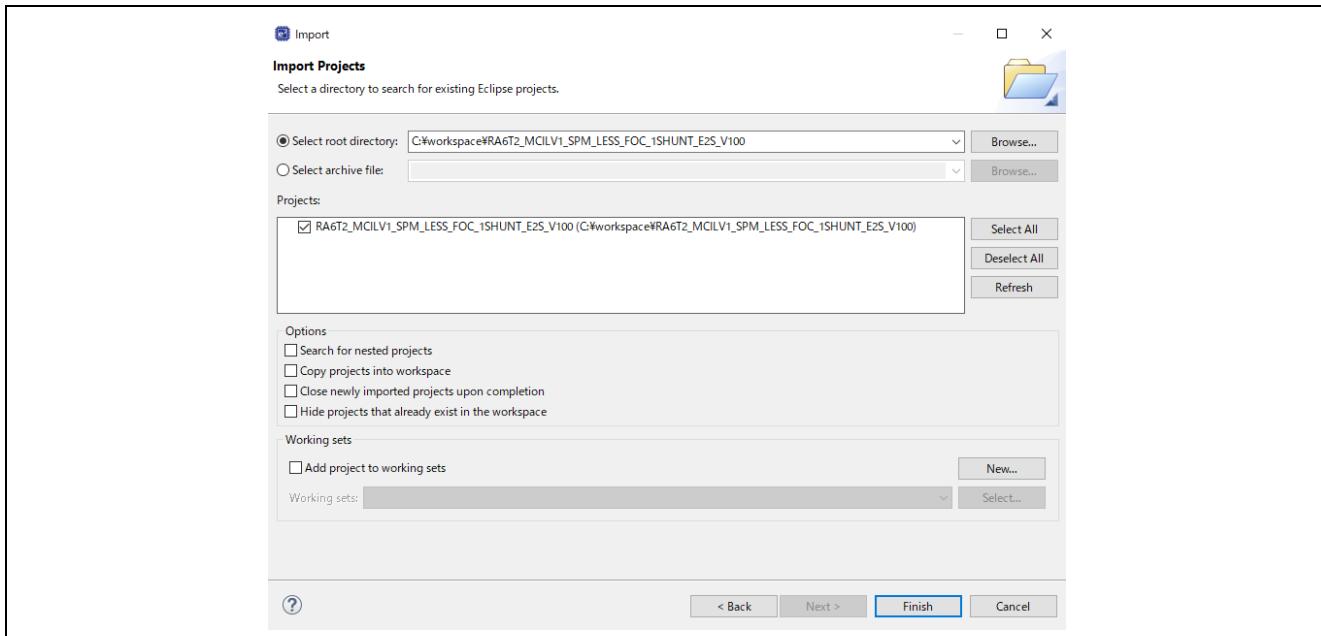


Figure 4-3 Import Projects

4.2 Building and Debugging

Refer to the "e²studio Getting Started Guide (R20UT4204)".

4.3 Motor Demonstration Project Overview

4.3.1 Quick Start

When executing the sample code only in the evaluation environment without using “Renesas Motor Workbench”, the Quick Start Sample Project can be executed with the following procedure.

- (1) After turning on stabilized power supply or executing reset, LED1 and LED2 on the inverter board are both off and the motor stops.
- (2) IF the toggle switch (SW1) on the inverter board is turned on, the motor starts to rotate. Every time the toggle switch (SW1) is changed, motor rotation starts/stops alternately. If the motor rotates normally, LED1 on the inverter board is on. However, if LED2 on the inverter board is also on, error is occurring.
- (3) In order to change the direction of the motor rotation, adjust it with the variable resistor (VR1) on the inverter board.
 - Turn the variable resistor (VR1) right: Rotate clockwise
 - Turn the variable resistor (VR1) left: Rotate counterclockwise
- (4) If error occurs, LED2 on the inverter board lightens, and the motor rotation stops. To restore, the toggle switch (SW1) on the inverter board needs to be turned off, the push switch (SW2) to be pushed and released.
- (5) In order to stop the operation check, turn off the output of the stabilized power supply after making sure that the motor rotation has already stopped.

4.4 Motor Control Development Support Tool ‘Renesas Motor Workbench’

4.4.1 Overview

In the target software of this application note, the motor control development support tool “Renesas Motor Workbench” is used as a user interface (rotating/stop motor, set rotation speed reference, etc). Please refer to ‘Renesas Motor Workbench User’s Manual’ for usage and more details.

You can find ‘Renesas Motor Workbench’ on Renesas Electronics Corporation website.

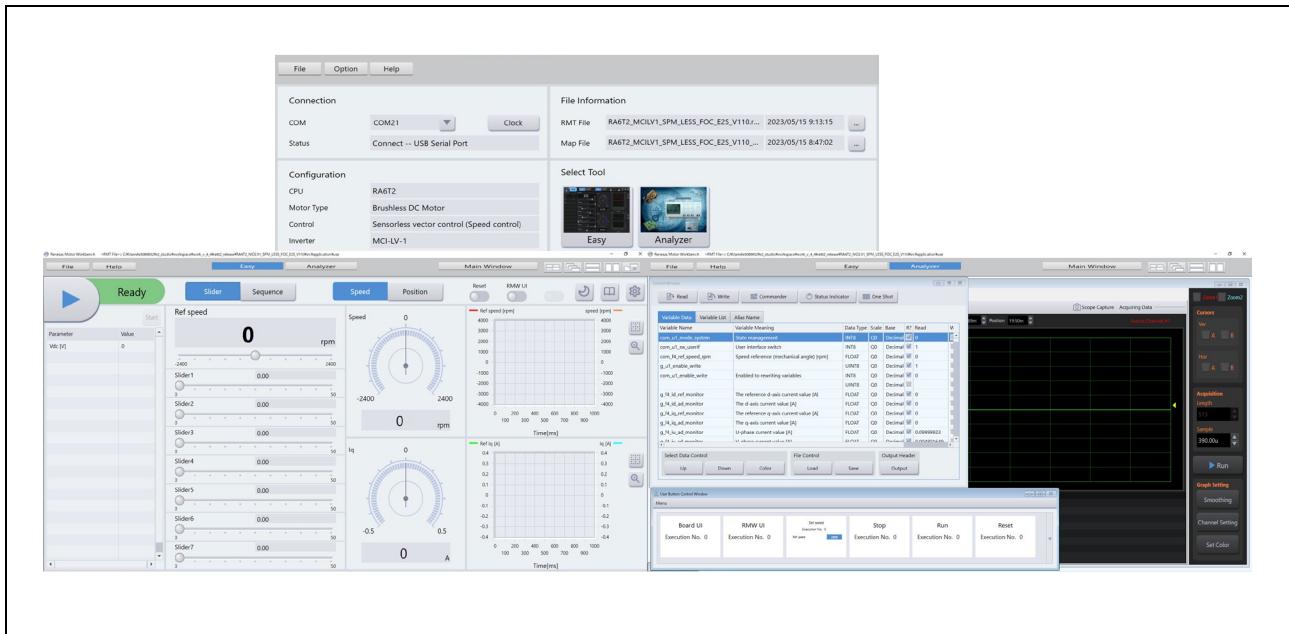
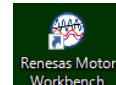


Figure 4-4 Renesas Motor Workbench – Appearance

Set up for “Renesas Motor Workbench”



(1) Start ‘Renesas Motor Workbench’ by clicking this icon.

(2) Drop down menu [File] → [Open RMT File(O)].

And select RMT file in ‘[Project Folder]/src/application/user_interface/ics/’.

(3) Use the ‘Connection’ [COM] select menu to choose the COM port.

(4) Click the Analyzer button of Select Tool to activate Analyzer function.

(5) Please refer to ‘4.5.2 Easy function operation example’ or ‘4.5.4 Operation Example for Analyzer’ for motor driving operation.

4.4.2 Easy function operation example

The following is an example of operating the motor using the Easy function.

- Change the user interface to use Renesas Motor Workbench
 - (1) Turn on "RMW UI".

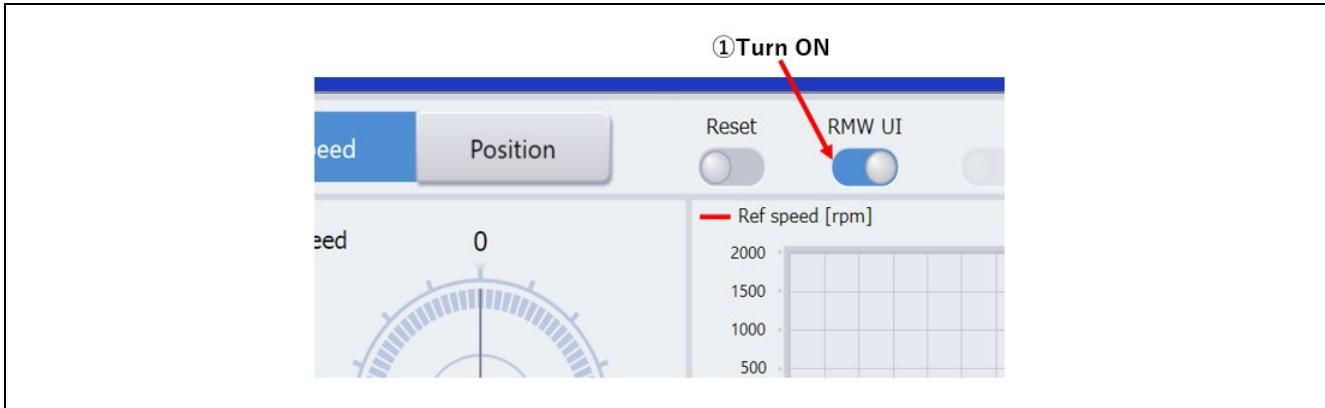


Figure 4-5 Procedure for changing to use Renesas Motor Workbench

- Change the user interface to use Renesas Motor Workbench
 - (1) Press the "Run" button

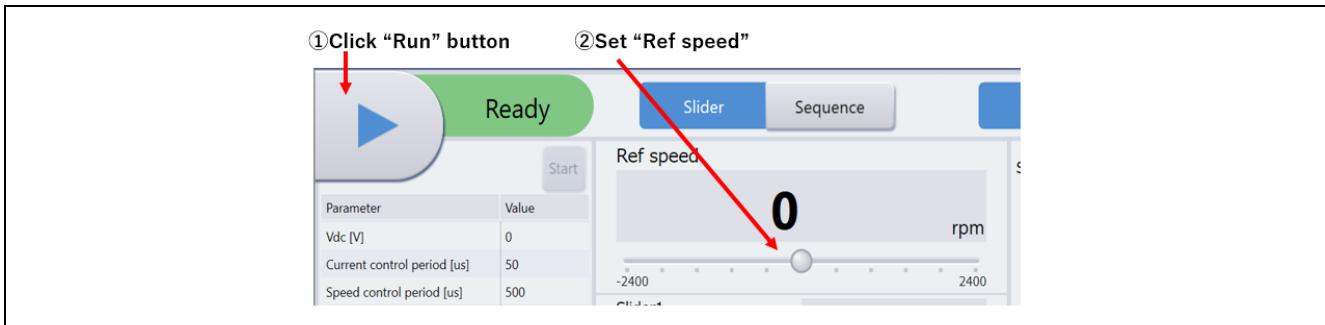


Figure 4-6 Motor rotation procedure

- Stop the motor
 - (1) Press the "Stop" button

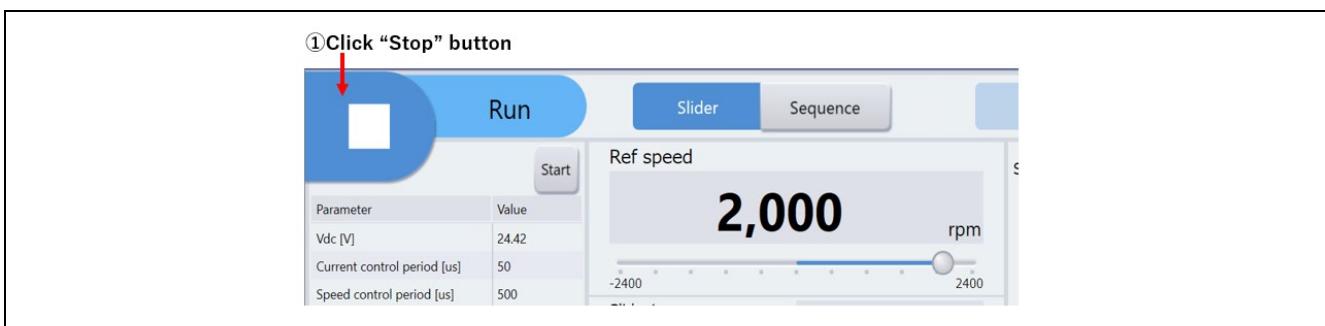


Figure 4-7 Motor stop procedure

- Processing when it stops (error)

- (1) Turn on "Reset" button.
- (2) Turn off "Reset" button

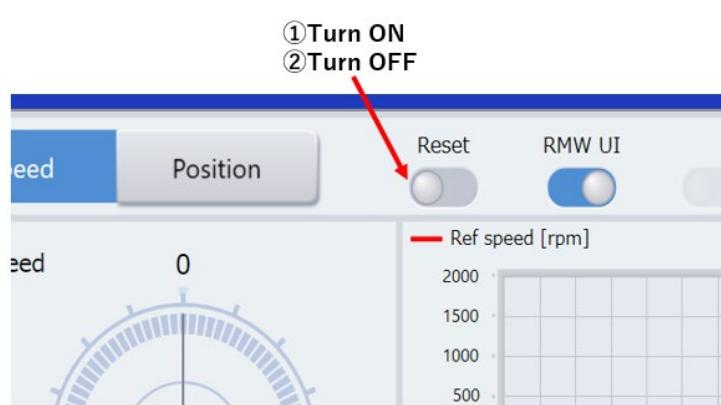


Figure 4-8 Error clearing procedure

4.4.3 List of variables for Analyzer function

Table 4-1 is a list of variables for Analyzer. These variables are reflected to the corresponding variables when the same values as g_u1_enable_write are written to com_u1_enable_write. However, note that variables with (*) do not depend on com_u1_enable_write.

Table 4-1 List of Variables for Analyzer

Variable name	Type	Content
com_u1_sw_userif (*)	uint8_t	User interface switch 0: Analyzer use 1: Board user interface use (default)
com_u1_mode_system(*)	uint8_t	State management 0: Stop mode 1: Run mode 3: Reset
com_f4_ref_speed_rpm	float	Speed reference (mechanical angle) [rpm]
com_u2_mtr_pp	uint16_t	Number of pole pairs
com_f4_mtr_r	float	Resistance [Ω]
com_f4_mtr_Id	float	d-axis Inductance [H]
com_f4_mtr_Iq	float	q-axis Inductance [H]
com_f4_mtr_m	float	Magnetic Flux [Wb]
com_f4_mtr_j	float	Inertia [kgm^2]
com_f4_current_omega	float	Natural frequency of current control system [Hz]
com_f4_current_zeta	float	Damping ratio of current control system
com_f4_speed_omega	float	Natural frequency of speed control system [Hz]
com_f4_speed_zeta	float	Damping ratio of speed control system
com_f4_e_obs_omega	float	Natural frequency of BEMF estimation system [Hz]
com_f4_e_obs_zeta	float	Damping ratio of BEMF estimation system
com_f4_pll_est_omega	float	Natural frequency of position estimation system [Hz]
com_f4_pll_est_zeta	float	Damping ratio of position estimation system
com_f4_ref_id	float	d-axis current reference in open loop mode [A]
com_f4.ol_id_up_step	float	d-axis current reference ramping up rate
com_f4.ol_id_down_step	float	d-axis current reference ramping down rate
com_f4_id_down_speed_rpm	float	Speed when start to subtract d-axis current reference (mechanical angle) [rpm]
com_f4_id_up_speed_rpm	float	Speed when start to add d-axis current reference (mechanical angle) [rpm]
com_f4_max_speed_rpm	float	Maximum speed value (mechanical angle) [rpm]
com_f4_overspeed_limit_rpm	float	Speed limit (mechanical angle) [rpm]
com_f4_overcurrent_limit	float	Over current limit [A]
com_f4_iq_limit	float	q-axis current limit [A]
com_f4_limit_speed_change	float	Change speed limit (electrical angle) [rad/s]
com_u1_enable_write	uint8_t	Enabled to rewriting variables (rewritten when the same values as g_u1_enable_write are written)

4.4.4 Operation Example for Analyzer

Following example shows motor driving operation using Analyzer. Operation is using “Control Window” as shown in Figure 4-4. Regarding specification of “Control Window”, refer to ‘Renesas Motor Workbench User’s Manual’.

- Change the user interface to Analyzer

- (1) Confirm the check-boxes of column [W?] for ‘com_u1_sw_userif’ marks.
- (2) Input ‘0’ in the [Write] box of ‘com_u1_sw_userif’.
- (3) Click the ‘Write’ button.

- Driving the motor

- (1) The [W?] check boxes contain checkmarks for “com_u1_mode_system”, “com_f4_ref_speed_rpm”, “com_u1_enable_write”
- (2) Type a reference speed value in the [Write] box of “com_f4_ref_speed_rpm”.
- (3) Click the “Write” button.
- (4) Click the “Read” button. Confirm the [Read] box of “com_f4_ref_speed_rpm”, “g_u1_enable_write”.
- (5) Enter the value of “g_u1_enable_write” in the [Write] box of “com_u1_enable_write”.
- (6) Enter “1” in the [Write] box of “com_u1_mode_system”.
- (7) Click the “Write” button.

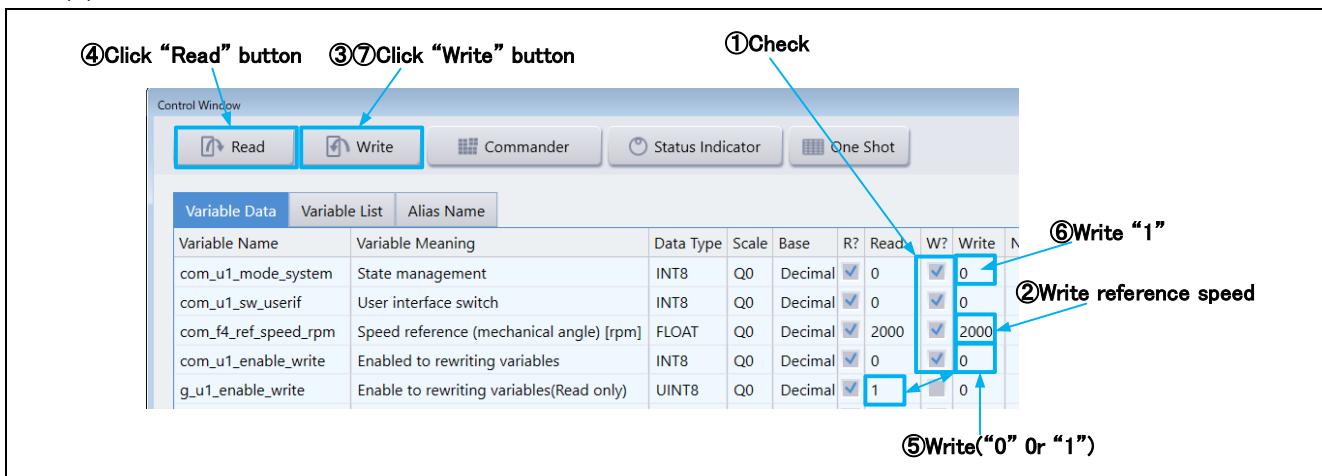


Figure 4-9 Procedure - Driving the motor

- Stop the motor

- (1) Enter “0” in the [Write] box of “com_u1_mode_system”.
- (2) Click the “Write” button.

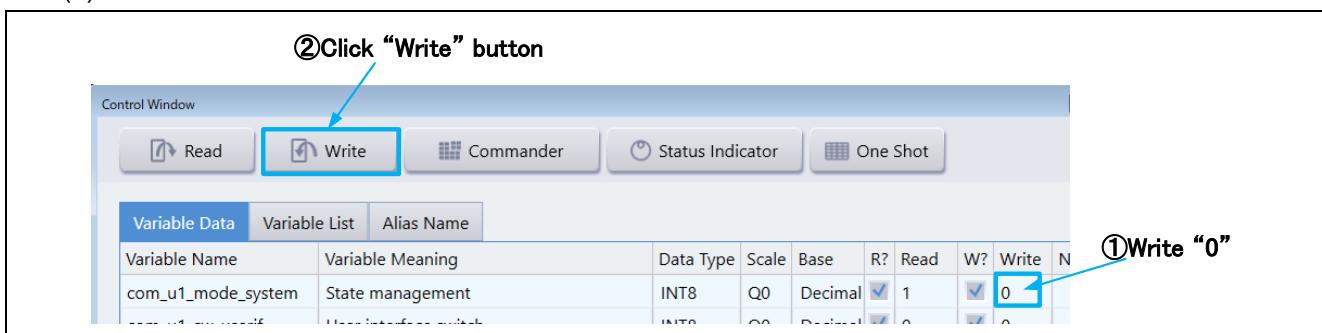


Figure 4-10 Procedure - Stop the motor

- Error cancel operation

- (1) Enter “3” in the [Write] box of “com_u1_mode_system”.
- (2) Click the “Write” button.

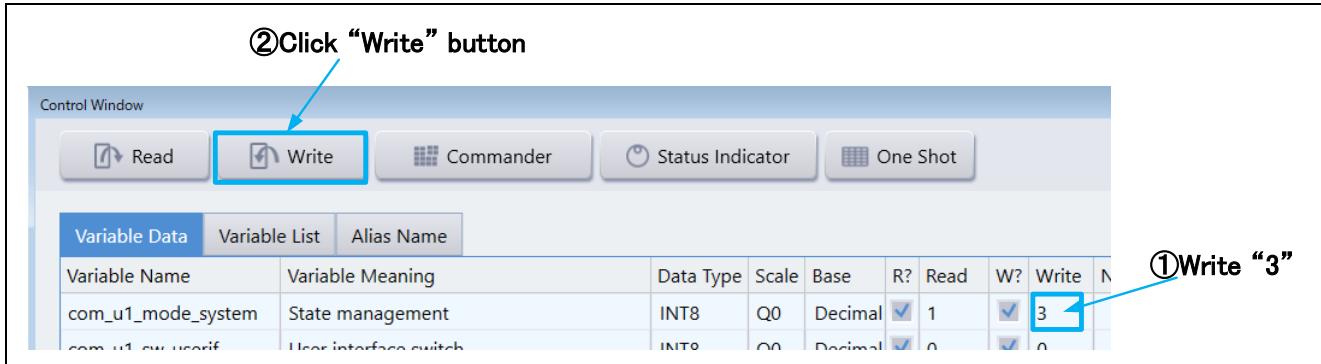


Figure 4-11 Procedure - Error cancel operation

4.4.5 Example of changing communication speed

The procedure for changing the communication speed of Renesas Motor Workbench with the sample software is shown below. See the Renesas Motor Workbench User's Manual for the values to change.

- Change the communication speed setting of the sample software (when the required communication rate is 10 Mbps)
 - (1) Press the Clock button on the Main Window to change the value to 80,000,000
This value was calculated by multiplying the default 8,000,000 by 10
because the UART communication baud rate was changed from 1Mbps to 10Mbps.
 - (2) Select the COM of the connected kit in the COM of Connection

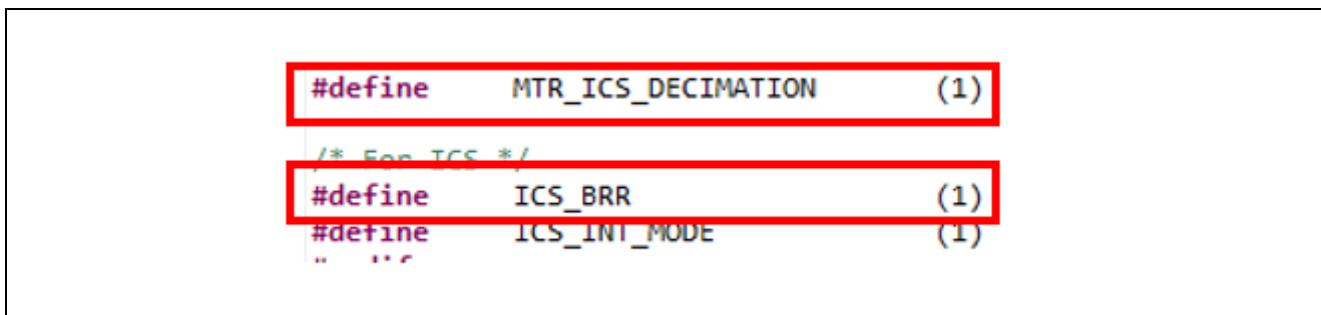


Figure 4-12 Modification of r_mtr_ics.h

- Change the communication speed setting of Renesas Motor Workbench to connect
 - (1) Press the Clock button on the Main Window to change the value to 80,000,000
 - (2) Change the value of MTR_ICS_DECIMATION in r_mtr_ics.h to 1.

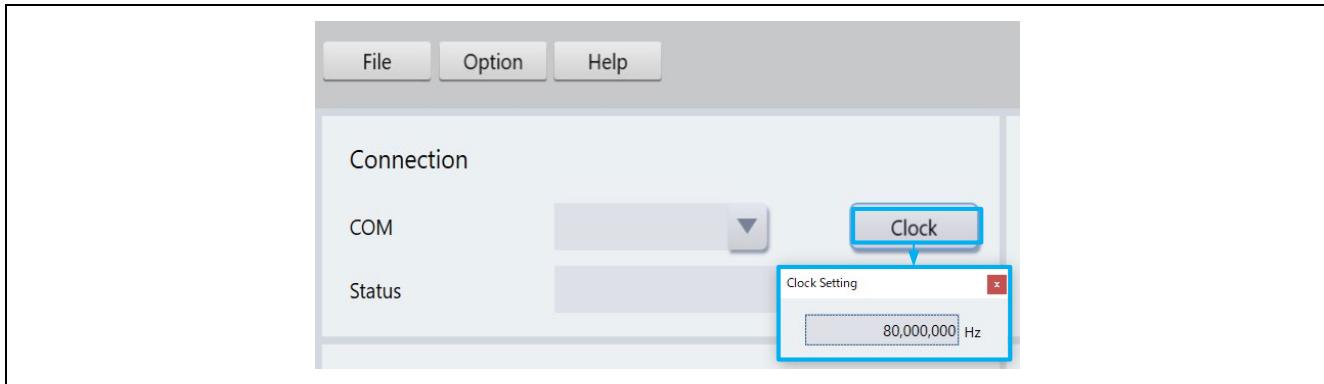


Figure 4-13 Clock frequency setting

If the connection fails, repeat the procedure for reconnecting after resetting the communication board.

4.4.6 How to use the built-in communication library

The procedure for connecting to Renesas Motor Workbench using the built-in communication library without using the communication board with the sample software is shown below.

- Connection between PC and CPU board
 - (1) Connect the CPU board and PC via a USB / serial conversion board, etc.
- Preparing a project for built-in communication (example of RA6T2 921600bps)
 - (1) Cancel the registration of ICS2_RA6T2.o

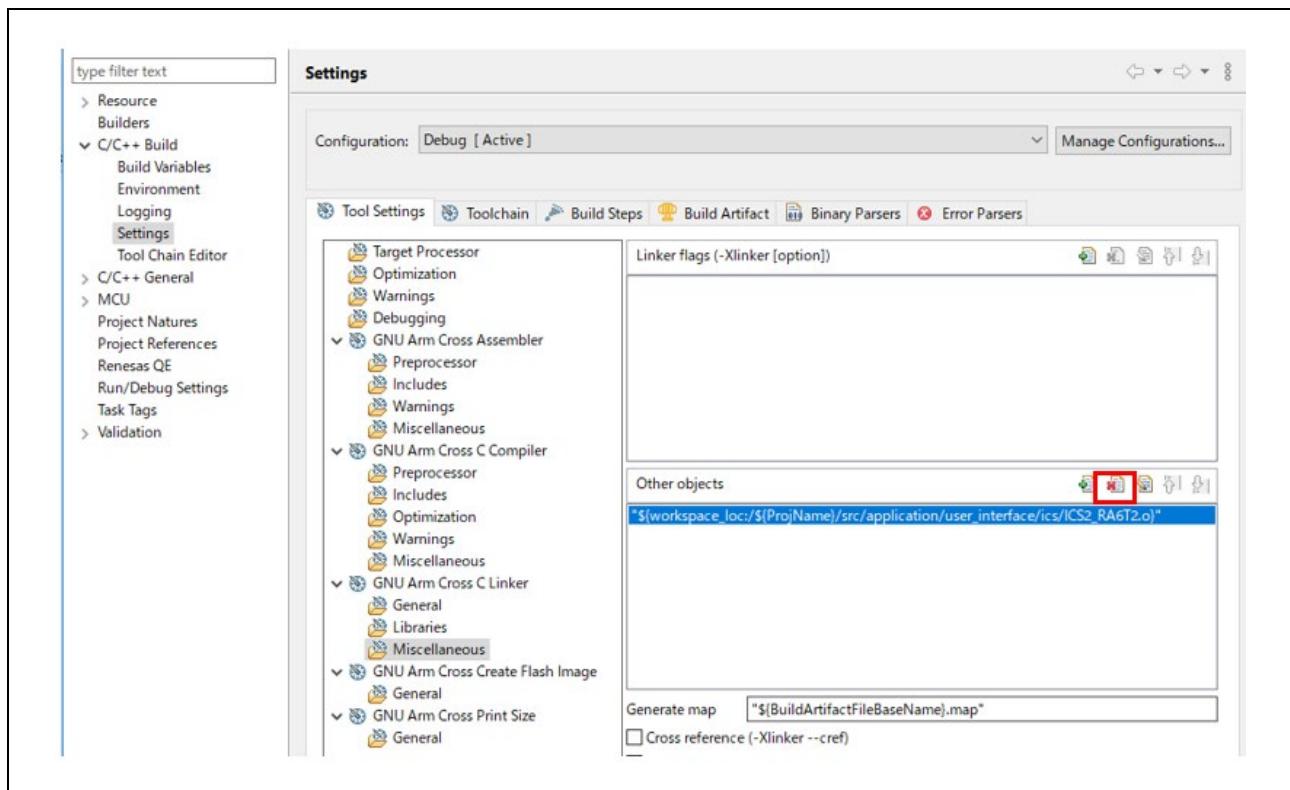


Figure 4-14 Unregister ICS2_RA6T2.o

(2) Register ICS2_RA6T2_Built_in.o

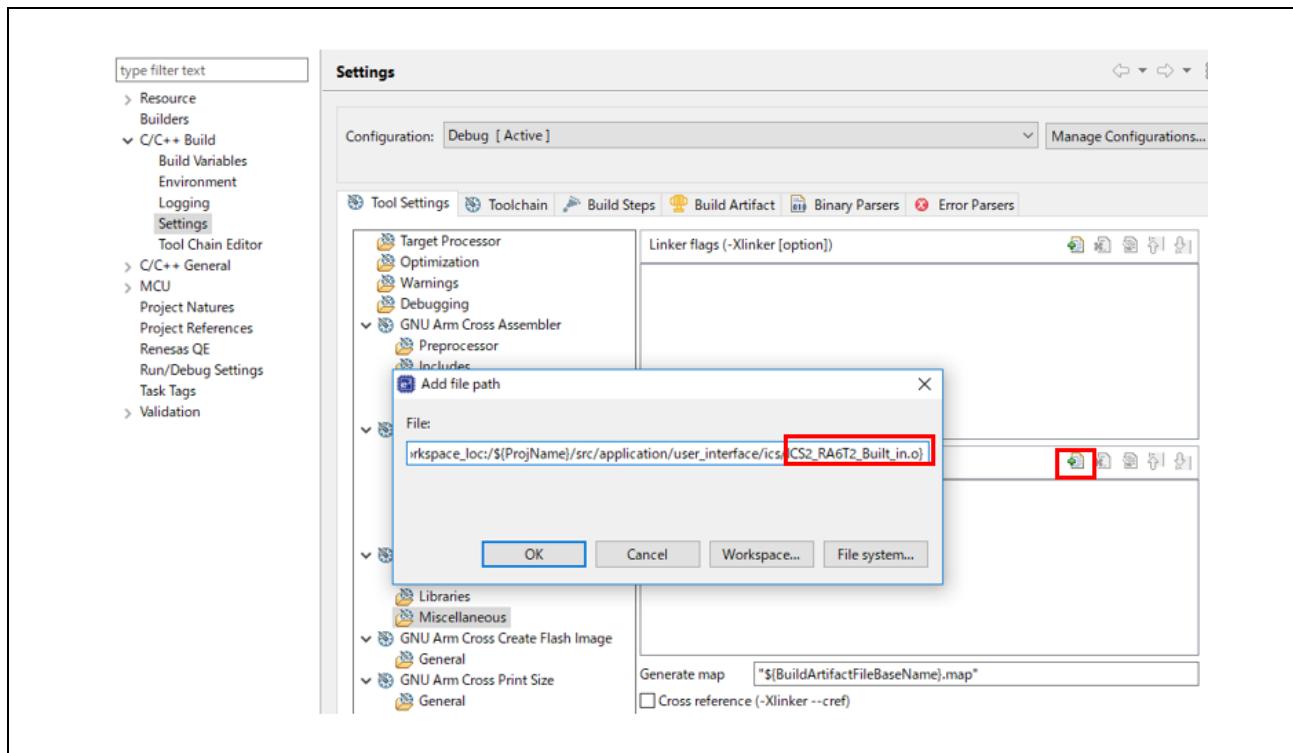


Figure 4-15 Register ICS2_RA6T2.o

(3) Change the value of USE_BUILT_IN in r_mtr_ics.h to 1.

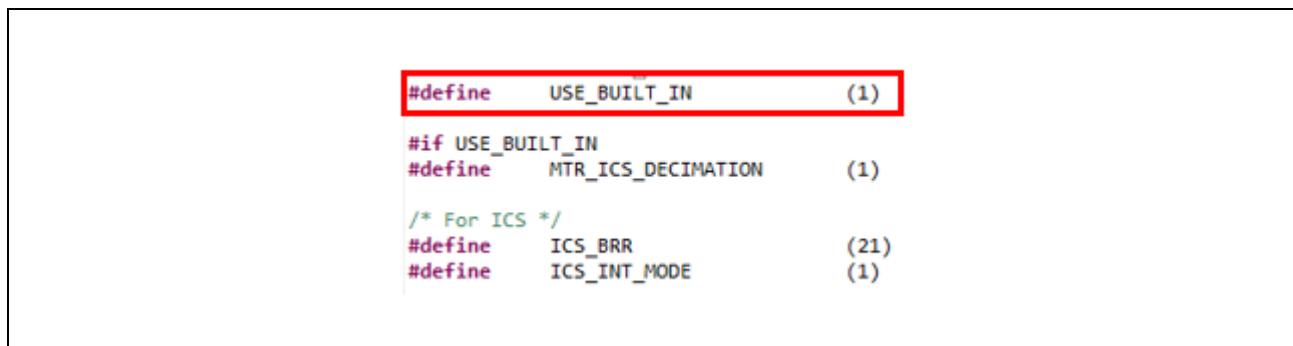


Figure 4-16 Modification of r_mtr_ics.h

- Change the communication baud rate setting of Renesas Motor Workbench to connect
 - (1) Change the value to 921,600 with Baud rate Dialog from the Option menu of the Main Window.
 - (2) Select the COM port of the connected kit in the COM of Connection.

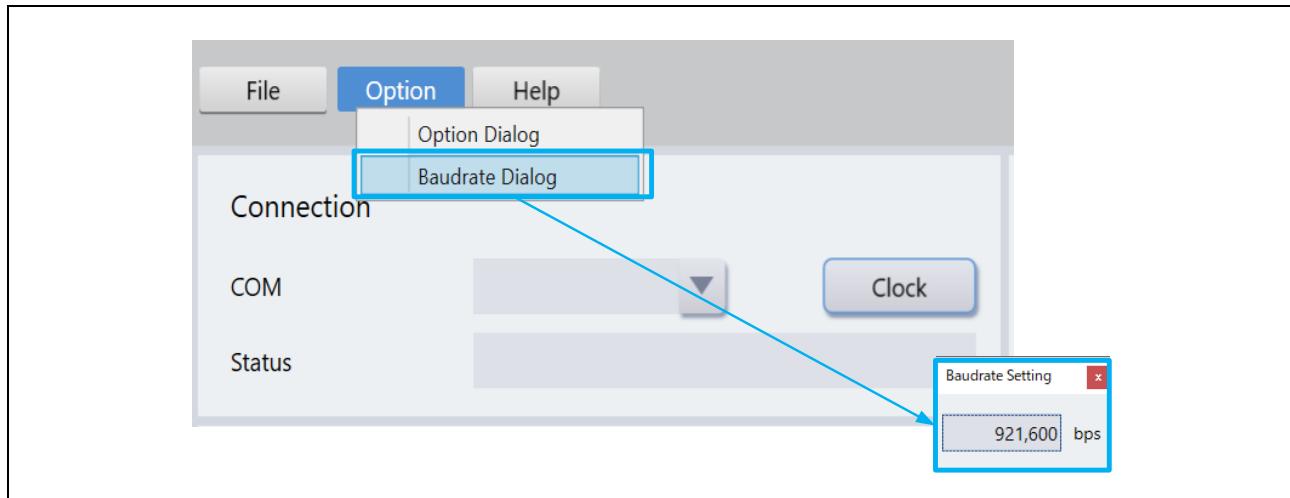


Figure 4-17 Baud rate setting

5. Reference Documents

RA6T2 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0951)
RA4T1 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0998)
RA6T3 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0999)
RA Flexible Software Package Documentation
Application note: 'Sensorless vector control for permanent magnet synchronous motor (Algorithm)'
(R01AN3786)
Renesas Motor Workbench User's Manual (R21UZ0004)
Renesas Motor Workbench Quick start guide (R21QS0011)
MCK-RA6T2 User's Manual (R12UZ0091)
MCK-RA4T1 User's Manual (R12UZ0114)
MCK-RA6T3 User's Manual (R12UZ0115)

Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	May 23, 2023	-	First edition issued

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A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

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