



Typical Unit

FEATURES

- Input Range of 36-75V (48V nominal)
- Output Voltage of 50V @ 14A
- Adjustable Output Voltage: 25-55V
- Efficiency up to 97.7%
- Industry-Standard ¼ Brick Package
- PMBus® Interface (optional)
- Low Output Ripple & Noise
- Over Current/Voltage/Temperature Protection
- Remote On/Off (negative logic – standard configuration)
- Planned Certifications: UL62368-1:2019, CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1-19, 3rd-Ed. 2014-12-01, IEC62368 1:2018 (Third edition)
- Integrated Baseplate for Thermal Performance
- Basic Insulation, 2.250Vdc isolation (I/O)



For full details go to
<https://www.murata-ps.com/rohs>



SAFETY APPROVALS

- UL 62368-1 3rd Edition
- CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1-19
- IEC 62368-1:2018



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MPQ700-50V14-D48NBMC is a 700W, isolated, highly-efficient, digitally controlled DC-DC board-mount power converter with a single 50Vdc output.

PMBus® digital communication capability (included in all base models) supports a comprehensive command list providing capability for the system/host to configure control and monitor status.

Robust hardware fault protection from overvoltage, overtemperature, and overload conditions is provided and supports operation over a wide temperature range.

This series offers a competitive advantage in base-station RFPA (Radio Frequency Power Amplifier) or any ITE application requiring high power density, efficiency, and reliable DC-DC power conversion.

ORDERING GUIDE

Part Number ¹	VIN	VOUT	POUT	L inch(mm)	W inch(mm)	H inch(mm)
MPQ700-50V14-D48NBC	36-75Vdc	50Vdc	700W	2.3 (58.42)	1.45 (36.83)	(14.4)
MPQ700-50V14-D48NBMC	36-75Vdc	50Vdc	700W	2.3 (58.42)	1.45 (36.83)	(14.4)

INPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
External Input Fuse		-	30	-	A
Internal Filter Type		-	Pi	-	
Input Reverse Polarity Protection		-	N/A	-	
Input Voltage, Operating		36	48	75	Vdc
Voltage Transients (100ms duration)		-	-	100	Vdc
Start-Up Voltage		32	34	36	Vdc
Input Capacitance	Per unit, Nichicon UPM2A271MHD or equivalent	270	-	-	µF
Full Load Conditions	Vin @ nominal	-	15	-	A
Low Line Input Current	Vin @ min.	18		23	A
Inrush Transient	Vin @ nominal	-	0.7	1	A ² -Sec
No Load Input Current	Vin @ nominal, Iout = 0 A, Unit = ON	-	50		mA
Shutdown Mode Input Current (Off, UV, OT)		-	-	30	mA

OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
Efficiency	Vin = 48V, half load, Ta=25°C	-	97.6	-	%
	Vin = 48V, full load, Ta=25°C	-	97.2	-	
	Vin = 53V, half load, Ta=25°C	-	97.5	-	
	Vin = 53V, full load, Ta=25°C	-	97.4	-	
Peak Efficiency	Vin=53V, Pout=500W, Ta=25°C		97.7		
Switching Frequency		85	-	130	kHz
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=48V, Pout=0W, Tc=25°C	49.50	50.00	50.50	Vdc
Output Voltage Tolerance Band	Vin=36-75V, 0-100% of Load	48.50	-	51.50	Vdc
Output Current		0	-	14	A
Output Power		-	-	700	W
Ripple & Noise ¹	20MHz Bandwidth	-	-	400	mVp-p
Output Capacitance ²	50% ceramic, 50% Oscon or POSCAP	1470	-	4700	µF
Line Regulation	Vin = 36-75 V, Vout = full load	-100	-	100	mV
Load Regulation	Iout = min. to max., Vin = 48 V, I/Vout@min_load-Vout@max_load	-100	-	100	mV

OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
Output Adjust Range		25.0	-	55.0	Vdc
Trim Down	Trim (pin J6) to -Vout Sense (pin J5), Rt down (kΩ) = $1/((V_{\text{nom}} - V_o)/V_{\text{nom}}) - 1.2$	-50	-	-	%
Trim Up	Trim (pin #6) to +Vout Sense (pin J7), Rt up(kΩ) = $V_{\text{nom}} * (1 + \Delta) / (1.225 * \Delta) - 1/\Delta - 1.2$, $\Delta = (V_{\text{nom}} - V_o)/V_{\text{nom}} $	-	-	10	%

RELIABILITY & SAFETY

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
Isolation Voltage	Input to Output Test Voltage	-	-	2250	Vdc
	Input to Baseplate Test Voltage	-	-	1500	
	Baseplate to Output Test Voltage	-	-	1500	
Insulation Safety Rating	Basic Insulation	-	-	-	
Isolation Capacitance	Telcordia SR-332, Issue 3, Method 1, Case 1, Ground Fixed	-	1500	-	pF
Calculated MTBF	Telcordia SR-332, Issue 3, Method 1, Case 1, Ground Fixed	-	5000	-	kHours

Note:

¹ Cout = 1.0 μF ceramic, 10 μF tantalum and 1470μF low ESR polymer capacitor across the load. 1470μF low ESR polymer capacitor is X-CON Electronics RPF1018331M063K or equivalent. Bandwidth = 20MHz.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS SUMMARY AND ORDERING GUIDE¹

Model Number ²	Output						Input			Efficiency
	out (V)	IOUT (A, max.)	Total Power (W)	Ripple & Noise (mVp-p, max.)	Regulation (max.)		Vin Nom (V)	Range (V)	Iin, full load@Vin Nom. (A)	Typ
					Line (%)	Load (%)				
MPQ700-50V14-D48NBC	50	14.0	700	400	0.2	0.2	48	36-75	14	97.2%
MPQ700-50V14-D48NBMC	50	14.0	700	400	0.2	0.2	48	36-75	14	97.2%

Notes:

¹ Typical at Ta = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions. All models are specified with an external 1μF multi-layer ceramic and 10μF capacitors across the output pins.

² See the following Part Number Structure table for details.

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product Family	M	P									MP = Murata Power
Form Factor			Q								Q = Quarter Brick (Industry Standard Pinout)
Output Power				700							700W
Output Voltage					50V						50Vout
Output Current						14					Max. Iout in Amps
Input Voltage Range							D48				D48 = 36-75Vin
On/Off Control Logic								N			N = Negative Logic, (Standard Configuration), P = Positive Logic (optional – Contact the factory)
Mechanical Configuration									B		B = Baseplate
PMBus option										M	M = PMBus interface & Power Good included, Blank = Without PMBus, No Power Good
RoHS										C	C = RoHS Compliant

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Input Voltage, Continuous		-0.5		80	Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Input to Output	-		2250	
On/Off Remote Control	Power on, referred to -Vin	0		13.5	
Output Power		0		700	W
Operating Temperature Range ²		-40		125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	

¹ Absolute maximum are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to greater than any of these conditions can adversely affect long-term reliability.

² See thermal consideration section.

TURN-ON/TURN-OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Turn-On Delay-1	Defined as time between Vin reaching Turn-On voltage and Vout reaching 10% of final value. Enable is asserted before Vin reaches Turn-On voltage.	80	100	120	ms
Turn-On Delay-2	Defined as time between Enable and Vout reaching 10% of final value.	45	60	75	
Output Voltage Rise Time	Defined as time between Vout at 10% of final value and Vout at 90% of final value.	60	-	90	
Pre-Bias Voltage		0	-	Vout	Vdc

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Dynamic Load Response ^{1,2,3}		-	-	500	μS
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation ^{1,2,3}		-	-	±900	mV

¹ VIN = 48 V, Load step = 50% of Pout Max from 25-75-25%.

² External capacitances tested with a 1.0 μF ceramic, 10 μF tantalum and 1470μF low ESR polymer capacitor across the load.

³ Low ESR polymer capacitor is X-CON Electronics RPF1018331M063K or equivalent.

FEATURES AND OPTIONS

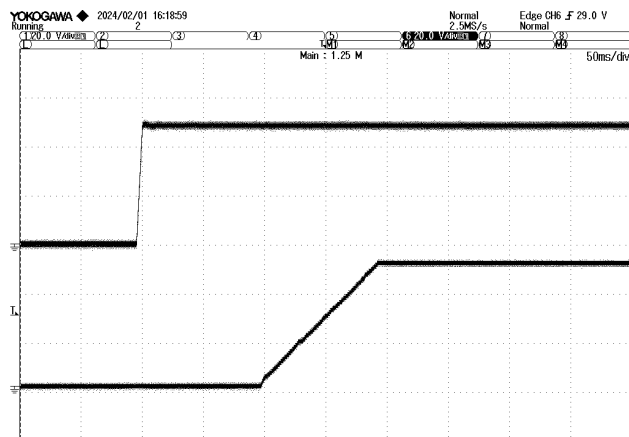
Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Primary On/Off Control (suitable for driving open collector logic; voltages referenced to -Vin)					
"N" Suffix: (Standard Configuration)					
Negative Logic, ON state	ON = ground pin or external voltage	-0.1		0.8	Vdc
Negative Logic, OFF state	OFF = pin open or external voltage	3.5		13.5	
Control Current	open collector/drain		0.1	0.2	mA
"P" Suffix: (Optional – Contact Factory)					
Positive Logic, ON state	ON = pin open or external voltage	3.5		13.5	Vdc
Positive Logic, OFF state	OFF = ground pin or external voltage	-0.1		0.8	
Control Current	open collector/drain		0.1	0.2	mA
Remote Sense Compliance	Sense pins connected externally to respective Vout pins			10	%
Power-Good Signal¹					
Output Voltage Low (trigger limits)			23.5		Vdc
Output Voltage Hysteresis		0.2			
High State Voltage		3		5.5	
High State Leakage Current (into pin)		0		10	μA
Low State Voltage		0		0.8	V
Low State Current (into Pin)		0		5	mA
Power Good Signal De-assert Response Time		0		3	ms
Power Good Signal Assert Response Time		0	-	3	

¹ The Power Good Logic can be changed via PMBus.

OUTPUT					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Total Output Power		0		700	W
Voltage					
Initial Output Voltage	VIN = 48 V, Iout = 0 A, temp = 25 °C Both with and without “S” suffix.	49.50	50.00	50.50	Vdc
Output Adjust Range		25		55	
Trim Down: Trim (pin #J6) to -Vout Sense (pin #J5)	Rt down (kΩ) =1/((Vonom-Vo)/Vonom)-1.2	-50		-	%
Trim Up: Trim (pin #J6) to +Vout Sense (pin #J7)	Rt up(kΩ) = 1*Vonom*(1+Δ)/(1.225*Δ)-1/Δ-2 Δ= (Vonom-Vo)/Vonom			10	
Current					
Output Current Range		0		14	A
Minimum Load			No minimum load		
Short Circuit					
(remove short for recovery)					
Short circuit protection method			Latch off		
PROTECTION					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Vout Undervoltage Shutdown		30	32	34	Vdc
Vin UVP Hysteresis		-	2	4	
Vin Overvoltage Shutdown		76	78	80	
Vin Overvoltage Shutdown Recover		74	76	78	
Vin OVP Hysteresis		-	2	4	
Vout Overvoltage Shutdown		57	59	61	
Output Over-Current		17		21	A
Over-Temperature	Baseplate hotspot	-	110	-	°C
Note: The protection threshold can be configure through PMBus. See the PMBus section for details.					
ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Operating Temperature - Ambient		-40		85	°C
Storage Temperature	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	
Altitude, Operating		-500		13,120	feet
Relative Humidity	Operating, Non-Condensing	10		90	%
	Non-Operating, Non-Condensing	10		95	
Electromagnetic Interference Conducted, (EN55022/CISPR22)	External filter required. See Emissions Performance Test.		B		Class
MECHANICAL					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ/Nom.	Max.	Units
Mechanical Dimensions		2.30 x 1.45 x 0.5			Inches
		58.42 x 36.83 x 12.7			mm
Weight (per unit)		-	2.35	-	Ounces
			80	-	Grams
Pin Length		-	0.180		Inches
		-	4.572		mm
Pin Diameter		0.040/0.060			Inches
			1.016/1.524		mm
Pin Material	Copper with matte tin plating over nickel under plating				
Baseplate Material	Black anodized aluminum				

PERFORMANCE DATA

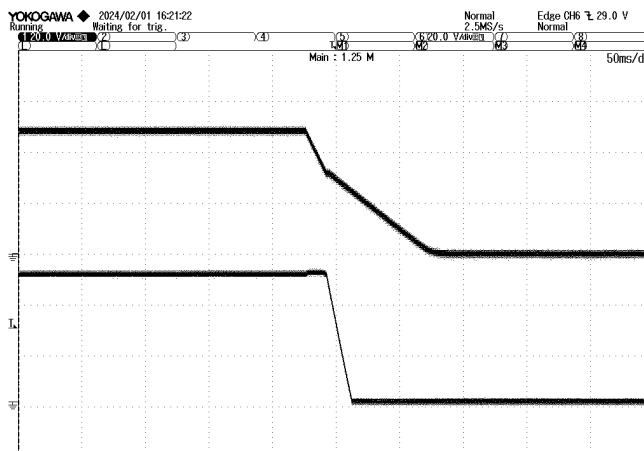
Start-Up Voltage (48Vin)



Start-up enabled by connecting VI at:
TP1 = +25°C
VI = 48 V
IO = 14A resistive load

Top trace: Input voltage (20 V/div.)
Bottom trace: Output voltage (20 V/div.)
Time scale: (50ms/div.)

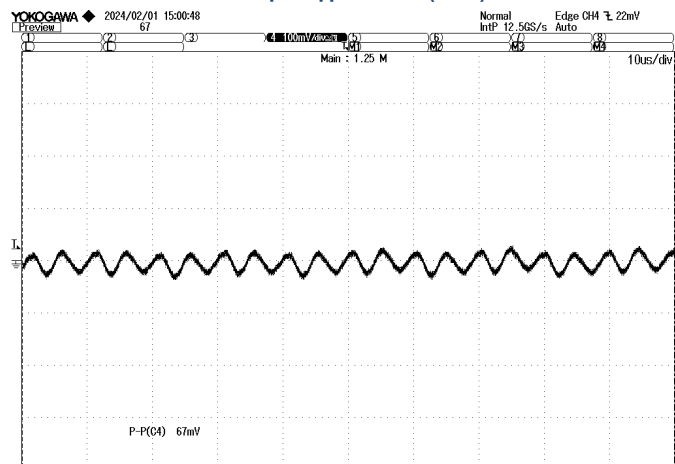
Shut Down Voltage (48Vin)



Shut down enabled by disconnecting VI at:
TP1 = +25°C
VI = 48 V
IO = 14A resistive load

Top trace: Input voltage (20 V/div.)
Bottom trace: Output voltage (20 V/div.)
Time scale: (50ms/div.)

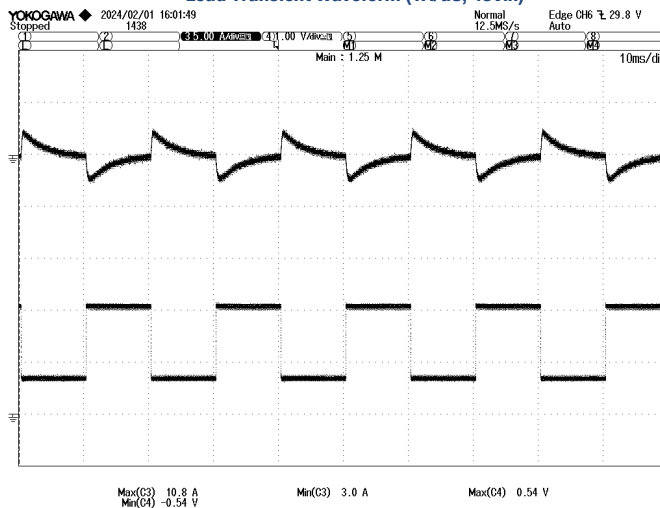
Output Ripple & Noise (48Vin)



TP1 = +25°C
VI = 48 V
IO = 14A resistive load

Trace: Output voltage (100 mV/div.)
Time scale: (10us/div.)
20 MHz bandwidth filter 10 μ F+1 μ F

Load Transient Waveform (1A/uS, 48Vin)



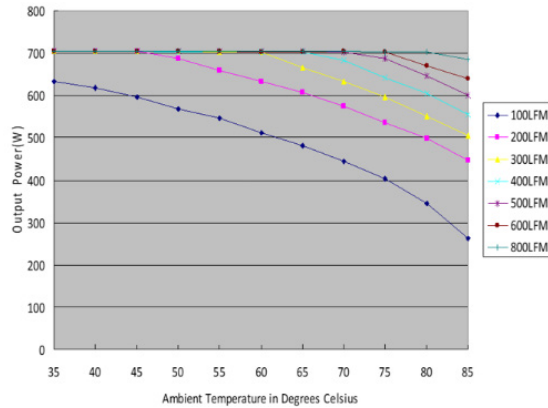
Output voltage response to load current
step change (75% - 25%-75% f) TP1 =
+25°C, VI = 48 V

Top trace: Output voltage (1V/div.)
Bottom trace: Output current (5A/div.)
Time scale: (10ms/div.)

PERFORMANCE DATA

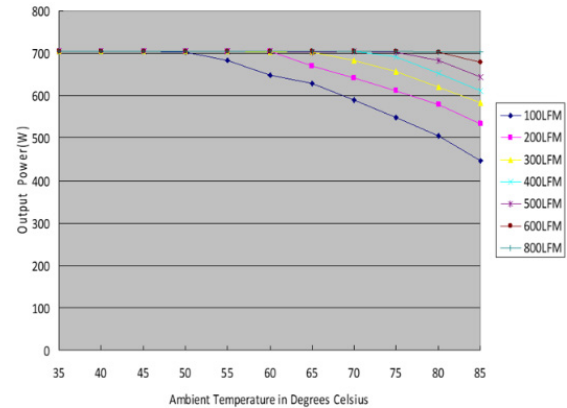
Output Power vs. Temperature

Temperature Derating in Longitudinal Direction with Heatsink
Vin=48Vdc (air flow direction is from Vin to Vout on 10x10 inch PCB)

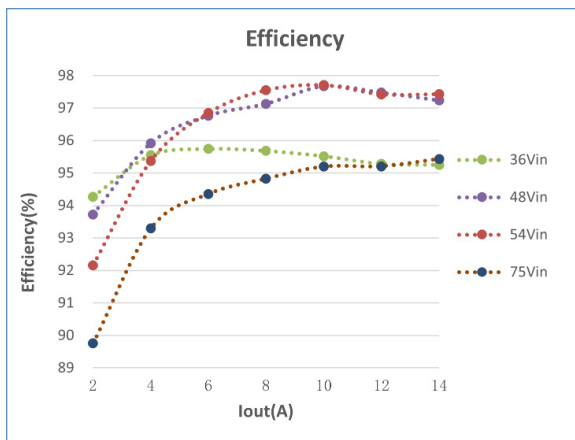


Output Load Current vs. Temperature

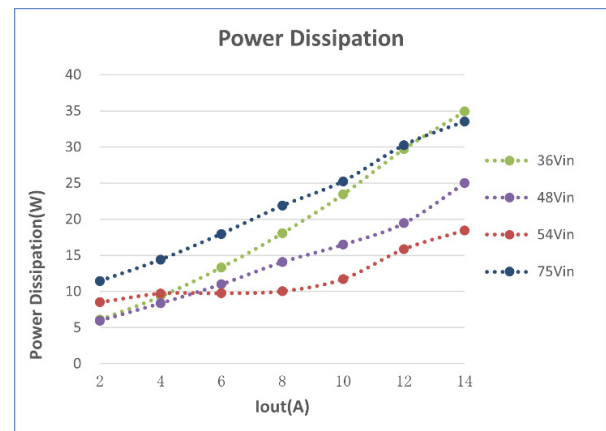
Temperature Derating in Longitudinal Direction with Heatsink
Vin=48Vdc (air flow direction is from Vin to Vout on 10x10 inch PCB)



Efficiency vs. Load Current & Input Voltage @25°C

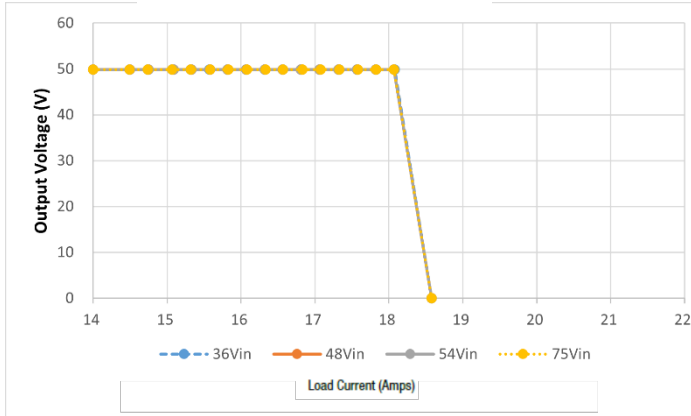


Dissipated Power vs. Load Current & Input Voltage @25°C

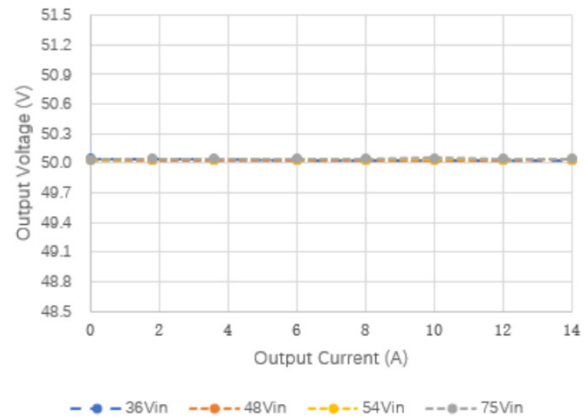


PERFORMANCE DATA

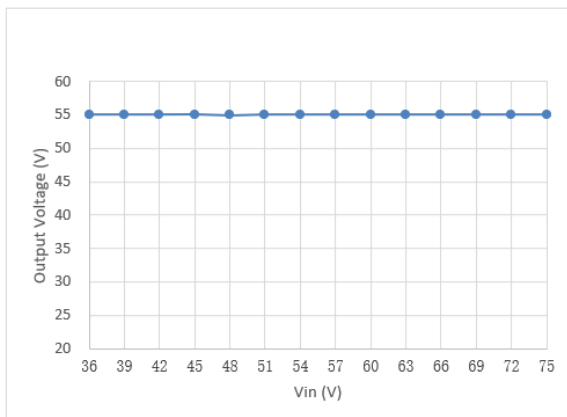
Current Limit Characteristics @ 25°C



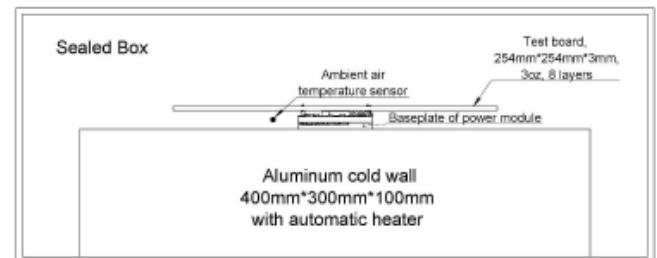
Output Voltage vs. Load Current @ 25°C



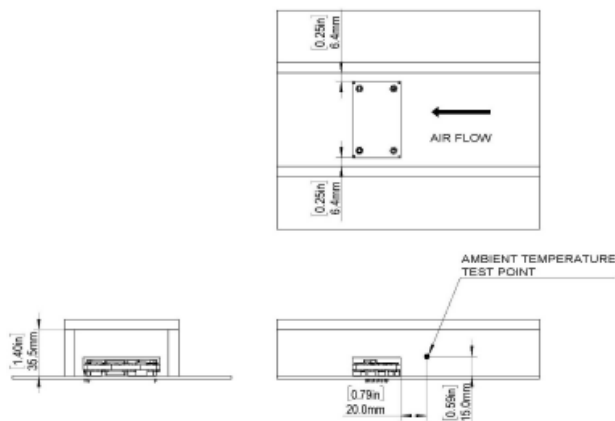
Maximum Adjustable Output Voltage



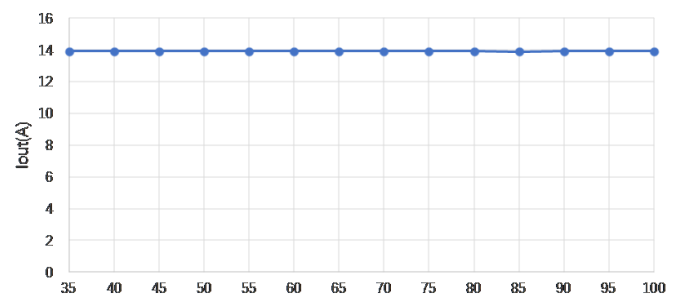
Cold Wall Test Set-up



Wind Tunnel Test Set-up

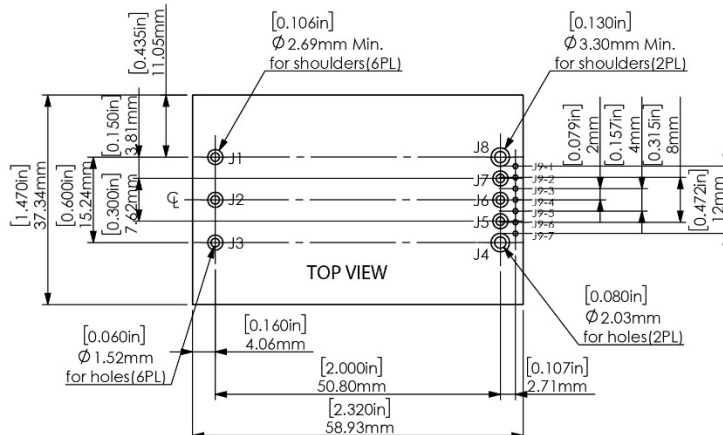
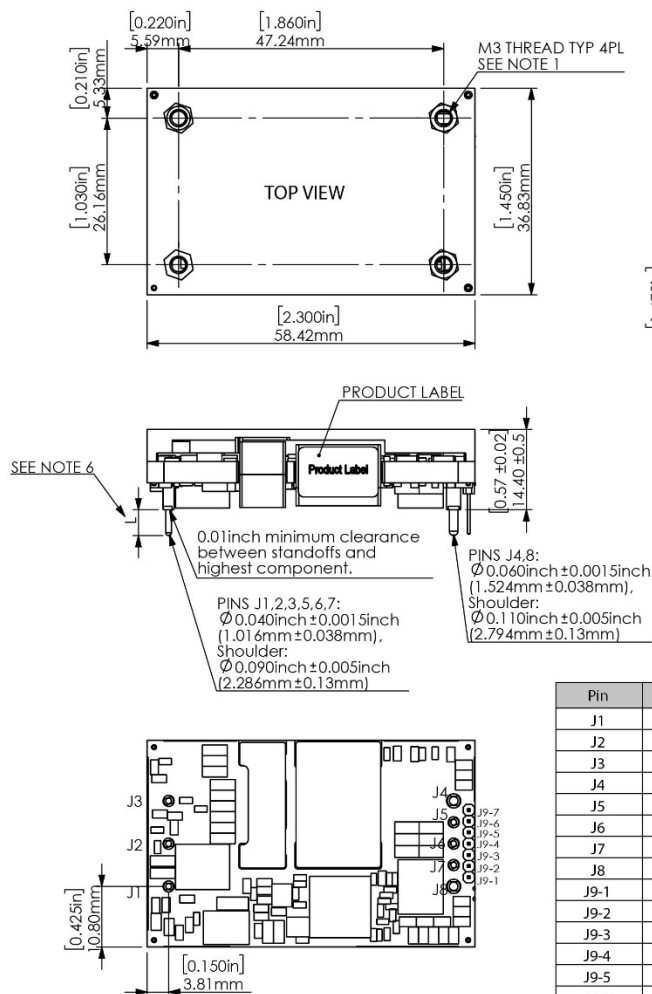


Output Current Derting – Cold Wall Sealed Box



Available output current vs. base plate temperature (°C) , Vin=48V

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT

NOTES:

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

1: M3 SCREW USED TO BOLT UNIT'S BASEPLATE TO OTHER SURFACES MUST NOT EXCEED 0.110"(2.8mm) DEPTH BELOW THE SURFACE OF BASEPLATE. APPLIED TORQUE PER SCREW SHOULD NOT EXCEED 5.3in-lb(0.6Nm)

2: FOR COSMETIC SPECIFICATION AND PRODUCTION WORKMANSHIP STANDARD, PLS FOLLOW THE FILE No. 60887.

3: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES[MILLIMETER].

4: ALL TOLERANCES: x.xx in, ±0.02 in(x.xmm, ±0.5mm), x.xxx in, ±0.01 in(x.xmm, ±0.25mm).

6: STANDARD PIN LENGTH: 0.180in,

Pin	Designation
J1	Vin+
J2	On/Off
J3	Vin-
J4	Vout-
J5	Sense-
J6	Trim/C1
J7	Sense+
J8	Vout+
J9-1	Addr0
J9-2	Addr1
J9-3	Clock
J9-4	SMBAlert
J9-5	Data
J9-6	GND
J9-7	Pgood

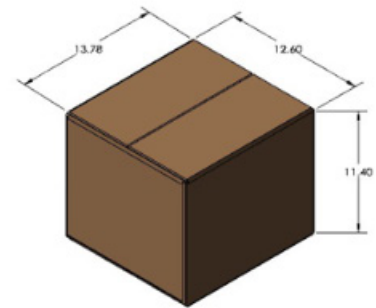
PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Name	Input/Output	Function
J1	Vin+	Input	Positive input voltage
J2	On/Off	Input	Turns unit On(low) and Off(high or open)
J3	Vin-	Input	Negative input voltage
J4	Vout-	Output	Negative output voltage
J5	Sense-	Input	Remote Sense negative
J6	Trim/C1	Input	TRIM function
J7	Sense+	Input	Remote Sense positive
J8	Vout+	Output	Positive output voltage
J9-1	Addr0	Input	PMBus address pin 0
J9-2	Addr1	Input	PMBus address pin 1
J9-3	Clock	Input/Output	PMBus clock line
J9-4	SMBALERT#	Output	PMBus alert line
J9-5	Data	Input/Output	PMBus data line
J9-6	SIGNAL_GND	Output	GND, be equivalent to Vout-
J9-7	PGood	Output	Power Good

SHIPPING TRAYS AND BOXES

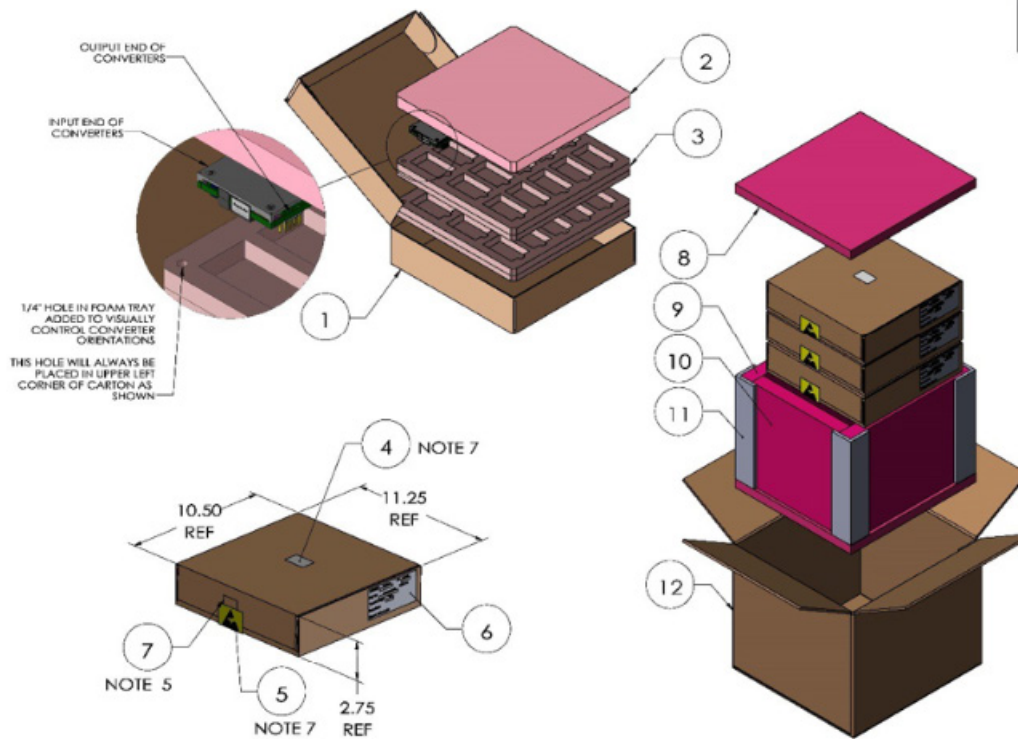
ITEM NO. (95000050121)	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	2300208	SHIPPING BOX, 10" X 10" X 2.50"	3
2	2300221	SHIPPING TRAY BASE (PAD), .75" THICK	3 (NOTE 8)
3	2300234	SHIPPING TRAY, 1/4 BRICK (15 CAVITY)	6
4	2300159	LABEL, 1.0" X 1.5" PAPER	3
5	5600-01098-0	LABEL, PRE-PRINTED ESD ATTENTION	3
6	5652-01166-0	LABEL, PAPER, 2.0" X 4.0"	3 (NOTE 6)
7	6200-01211-0	ESD TAPE, 3/4" WIDE	1.0'
8	6256-01125-0	ESD PAD 335mm X 305mm	2
9	6256-01124-0	ESD PAD 335mm X 225mm	2
10	6256-01126-0	ESD PAD 255mm X 225mm	2
11	6256-01127-0	RIGHT ANGLE CLIP	4
12	6256-01671-0	SHIPPING BOX 150"X307"290 WITH MPS LOGO	1

ITEM NUMBERS REFER TO 95000050121 BOM. ITEMS ABOVE ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
REFER TO APPROPRIATE BOM FOR COMPLETE LIST OF PARTS



NOTES:

1. THIS DOCUMENT DEFINES THE GENERAL PACKING RULES FOR APPLICABLE SHIPPING KIT. INFORMATION FOR SEALING AND MARKING IS NOT PART OF THIS DOCUMENT.
2. REFER TO SHIPPING KIT BOM FOR DETAILS.
3. INSERT UNITS INTO FOAM POCKETS IN TRAYS APPROX AS SHOWN
4. EACH FOAM TRAY (ITEM 3) CONTAINS 15 UNITS. EACH BOX (ITEM 1) CONTAINS 30 UNITS. IN FULL CARTON (ITEM 12) QUANTITIES, 3 BOXES (ITEM 1) EQUAL A TOTAL OF 90 UNITS.
5. IF SHIPPING QTY IS 30PCS, PLEASE ALSO USE ITEM 12 TO MAKE THE PACKAGE (TWO EMPTY BOX ITEM 1) PUT ON THE BOX (ITEM 1) WITH PRODUCTS).
6. FRONT FLAP SHALL BE SEALED WITH ESD TAPE SPECIFIED OR EQUIVALENT AFTER THE BOX IS CLOSED.
7. LABEL (ITEM 4) USED FOR MFR OVERPACK CARTON
8. APPLY ESD LABEL (ITEM 5) OVER TAPE USED TO SEAL BOX AND APPLY IDENTIFICATION LABEL (ITEM 6) APPROX AS SHOWN.
9. PAD (ITEM 2) MAY, AT MFR'S OPTION, BE EXCHANGED FOR THINNER PAD IF FOAM STACKUP EXCEEDS CARTON HEIGHT BY >1/8" OR ADDITIONAL PAD MAY BE ADDED IF STACKUP IS BELOW INSIDE CARTON HEIGHT BY >1/8".
ALTERNATE PADS: 1/4" THK=2300216, 3/8" THK=2300218, 1/2" THK=2300219, 3/4" THK=2300221



MPQ = 30

TECHNICAL NOTES & APPLICATIONS OVERVIEW

Power Management Overview and PMBus Interface (Applicable Models)

A wide range of parameters can be read and configured by the system/host by using PMBus™ digital communications.

Each module is provided pre-configured for a wide range operation. Refer to the PMBus™ Interface section for details.

SMBAERT# Hardware Signal (Applicable Models)

SMBAERT# signal offers an alternate method for system/host notification that a fault or Warning has been detected (mirrors the STATUS_X fault/warn register bits) within the module and is useful in applications requiring real time fault notification independent or in addition to reading PMBus™ STATUS_X register fault bits which might not be read by system/host frequently enough to detect that a fault/ warning bit flag was set.

Internally driven low <0.4Vdc indicates a Vout, Iout, Vin, Temperature, or Power Good fault/warning has been detected and remains low until the fault/warning stimulus has been removed and the system/host clears the individual bit flag or issues "CLEAR_FAULTS" command.

Drive high, >2.4Vdc to indicate no fault conditions within power module are detected.

Soft-Start Power Up

The default rise time of the ramp up is 30ms. When starting by applying input voltage the control circuit boot-up time adds an additional 10ms delay. The soft-start power up of the module can be reconfigured using the PMBus interface.

Output Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

Both OVP limit and response can be configured via PMBus command (See PMBus Command 40h VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT for details). The default output OVP limit is set to 20% above nominal output voltage and responds by immediately shutdown of main output and occur, output is latch, to rectify the fault, need to restart enable or Vin.

Over Current Protection (OCP, Current limit)

The module includes current limiting circuitry for protection at continuous over load. The default setting for the product is latch mode. The current limit can be configured by PMBus command 0x46, IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT, to be greater than the IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT (PMBus Command 0x4A). The maximum value that the current limit could be set is 40A.

Power Good

The module provides **Power Good** (PG) flag in the STATUS_WORD register that indicates the output voltage is within a specified tolerance of its target level and no fault condition exists. The Power Good pin default logic is negative and it can be configured by MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY.

CAUTION: This converter is not internally fused. To avoid danger to persons or equipment and to retain safety certification, you must connect an external fast-blow input fuse as listed in the specifications. Ensure that the PC board pad area and etch size are adequate to provide enough current so that the fuse blows with an overload.

Start Up Considerations

When power is first applied to the DC-DC converter, there is risk of startup difficulties if you do not have both low AC and DC impedance and adequate regulation of the input source. Ensure that your source supply does not allow the instantaneous input voltage to go below the minimum voltage. Use a moderate size capacitor close to the input terminals. You might need two or more parallel capacitors. A larger electrolytic or ceramic cap supplies the surge current and a smaller parallel low-ESR ceramic cap gives low AC impedance.

The input current is carried both by the wiring and the ground plane return. Ensure the ground plane uses adequate thickness copper. Run additional bus wire if necessary.

Input Fusing

Certain applications or safety agencies might require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used when there is the possibility of sustained input voltage reversal, which is not current-limited. For safety purposes, Murata Power Solutions recommends a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line.

Input Under-Voltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Converters will not begin to fully regulate until the rising input voltage exceeds and remains at the Start-Up Threshold Voltage (see Specifications). Once operating, converters will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Under-Voltage Shutdown Limit. Subsequent restart does not occur until the input voltage rises again above the Start-Up Threshold. This built-in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off operation at a single input voltage. The over/under-voltage fault level and fault response and hysteresis can be configured via the PMBus interface. See commands 0x55 (VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT) and 0x59 (VIN_UV_FAULT_LIMIT) in the PMBus command list for additional details.

Start-Up Time

Turn-on time (see Specifications) is the time interval between the point when the rising input voltage crosses the start-up threshold and the output voltage rises to within 10% of regulation point. These converters include a soft start circuit to control Vout ramp time, thereby limiting the input inrush current.

The On/Off Remote Control interval from On command to Vout (final $\pm 10\%$) assumes that the converter already has its input voltage stabilized above the Start-Up Threshold before the On command. The interval is measured from the On command until the output enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. See PMBus command 0x60 (TON_DELAY) for additional configuration details.

Recommended Input Filtering

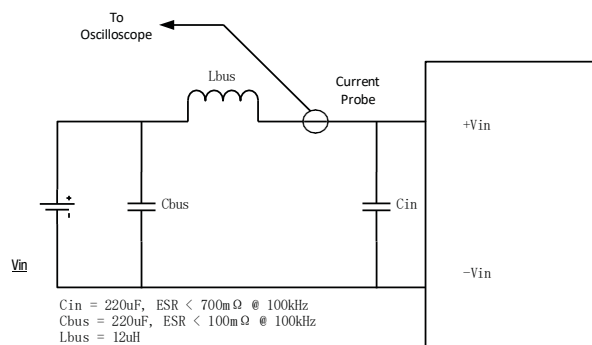
The user must ensure that the input source has low AC impedance to provide dynamic stability and that the input supply has little or no inductive content, including long distributed wiring to a remote power supply. The converter operates with no additional external capacitance if these conditions are met. For best performance, Murata Power Solutions recommends installing a low-ESR capacitor immediately adjacent to the converter's input terminals. The capacitor should be a ceramic type such as the Murata GRM32 series or a polymer type. More input bulk capacitance can be added in parallel (either electrolytic or tantalum) if needed.

Recommended Output Filtering

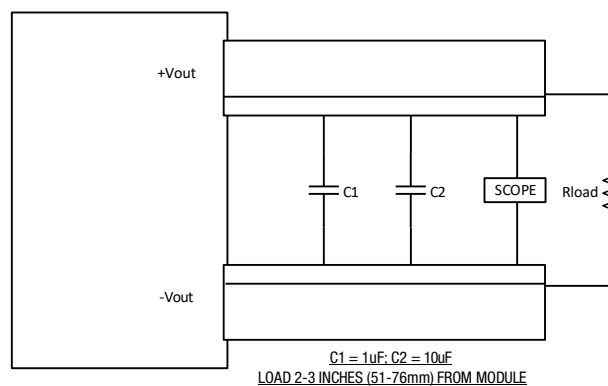
This series needs minimum polymer capacitor to keep loop stabilization. However, the user can install external output capacitance to further improve ripple or for improved dynamic response; however, low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM32 series) or polymer capacitors must be used and mounted close to the converter using only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or introduce instability. Never exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications.

Input Ripple Current and Output Noise

All models in this converter series are tested and specified for input reflected ripple current and output noise using designated external input/output components, circuits and layout as shown in the following figures. The Cbus and Lbus components simulate a typical DC voltage bus.



Measuring Input Ripple Current



Measuring Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

Minimum Output Loading Requirements

All models regulate within specification and are stable under no load to full load conditions.

Thermal Shutdown (OTP)

This series includes thermal sense and shutdown circuitry that protects itself from overtemperature conditions. Upon detection of overtemperature condition defined by PMBus command 0x4F "OT_FAULT_LIMIT", the module enters OTP and shuts down. Once the temperature falls below restart threshold, as defined in PMBus command list, (OT_FAULT_LIMIT, 0x4F and MFR_OT_FAULT_HYS, 0xEA), the module automatically restarts. OTP fault limit and recovery hysteresis are configurable via [PMBus](#).

CAUTION: If you operate too close to the thermal limits, the converter can shut down suddenly without warning. Ensure to thoroughly test the application to avoid unplanned thermal shutdown.

Temperature Derating Curves

The graphs in this data sheet illustrate typical operation under a variety of conditions. The Derating curves show the maximum continuous ambient air temperature and decreasing maximum output current which is acceptable under increasing forced airflow measured in Linear Feet per Minute ("LFM"). Note that these are AVERAGE measurements. The converter will accept brief increases in current or reduced airflow if the average is not under increasing forced airflow measured in Linear Feet per Minute ("LFM"). Note that these are AVERAGE measurements. The converter will accept brief increases in current or reduced airflow if the average is not exceeded.

Note that the temperatures are of the ambient airflow, not the converter itself which is obviously running at higher temperature than the outside air. Also note that "natural convection" is defined as very low flow rates which are not using fan- forced airflow. Depending on the application, "natural convection" is usually about 30-65 LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).

Murata Power Solutions makes Characterization measurements in a closed cycle wind tunnel with calibrated airflow. We use both thermocouples and an infrared camera system to observe thermal performance. As a practical matter, it is quite difficult to insert an anemometer to precisely measure airflow in most applications. Sometimes it is possible to estimate the effective airflow if you thoroughly understand the enclosure geometry, entry/exit orifice areas and the fan flow rate specifications.

CAUTION: If you exceed these Derating guidelines, the converter might have an unplanned Over Temperature shut down. Also, these graphs are all collected near Sea Level altitude. Be sure to reduce the derating for higher altitude.

Output Short Circuit Condition

The short circuit condition is an extension of the "Current Limiting" condition. When the monitored peak current signal reaches a certain range, the PWM controller's outputs are shut off thereby turning the converter "off." This is followed by an extended time out period. This period can vary depending on other conditions such as the input voltage level. Following this time out period, the PWM controller will attempt to re-start the converter by initiating a "normal start cycle" which includes soft start. If the "fault condition" persists, another "hiccup" cycle is initiated. This "cycle" can and will continue indefinitely until such time as the "fault condition" is removed, at which time the converter will resume "normal operation." Operating in the "hiccup" mode during a fault condition is advantageous in that average input and output power levels are held low preventing excessive internal increases in temperature.

Remote On/Off Control

The MPQ series modules are equipped with an [On/Off control pin](#) (internal pull up, TTL open-collector and/or CMOS open-drain compatible) and is configurable via PMBus interface. Output is enabled when the On/Off is

grounded or brought to within a low voltage (see specifications) with respect to $-V_{in}$. The device is off (disabled) when the On/Off is left open or is pulled high to +13.5Vdc with respect to $-V_{in}$. The On/Off function allows the module to be turned on/off by an external device switch.

The restart delay for this module to turn On/Off by the On/Off control pin is 200ms.

On/Off can be configured by PMBus command [0xDD](#) (MFR_PRIMARY_ON_OFF_CONFIG); default configuration does not ignore the control pin and therefore requires the On/Off control pin to be asserted to start the unit.

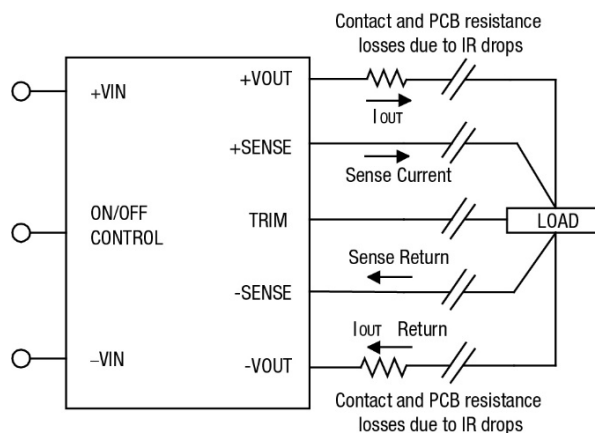
On/Off status is dependent on On/Off control and OPERATION (PMBus command) status; both must be ON to turn MPQ on; if one of them is OFF, unit will be turned off.

Output Capacitive Load

These converters require external minimum capacitance added to achieve rated specifications. Users should consider adding capacitance to reduce switching noise and/or to handle spike current load steps. Install only enough capacitance to achieve noise objectives. Excess external capacitance might cause degraded transient response and possible oscillation or instability.

Remote Sense Input

Use the [Sense inputs](#) with caution. Sense is normally connected at the load. Sense inputs compensate for output voltage inaccuracy delivered at the load. This is done by correcting IR voltage drops along the output wiring and the current carrying capacity of PC board etches. This output drop (the difference between Sense and V_{out} when measured at the converter) should not exceed 0.5V. Consider using heavier wire if this drop is excessive. Sense inputs also improve the stability of the converter and load system by optimizing the control loop phase margin.



Remote Sense Circuit Configuration

Note: The Sense input and power Vout lines are internally connected through low value resistors to their respective polarities so that the converter can operate without external connection to the Sense. Nevertheless, if the Sense function is not used for remote regulation, the user should connect +Sense to +Vout and –Sense to –Vout at the converter pins.

The remote Sense lines carry minimal current. They are also capacitively coupled to the output lines and therefore are in the feedback control loop to regulate and stabilize the output. As such, they are not low impedance inputs and must be treated with care in PC board layouts. Sense lines on the PCB should run adjacent to DC signals, preferably Ground. In cables and discrete wiring, use twisted pair, shielded tubing or similar techniques.

Any long, distributed wiring or significant inductance introduced into the Sense control loop can adversely affect overall system stability. If in doubt, test your applications by observing the converter's output transient response during step loads. There should not be any appreciable ringing or oscillation. You can also adjust the output trim slightly to compensate for voltage loss in any external filter elements. Do not exceed maximum power ratings.

Observe the sense inputs tolerance to avoid improper operation:

$$[V_{out}(+) - V_{out}(-)] - [Sense(+) - Sense(-)] \leq 10\% \text{ of } V_{out}$$

Output overvoltage protection is monitored at the output voltage pin, not the Sense pin. Therefore, excessive voltage differences between Vout and Sense together with trim adjustment of the output can cause the overvoltage protection circuit to activate and shut down the output.

Power derating of the converter is based on the combination of maximum output current and the highest output voltage. Therefore, the designer must ensure:

$$(V_{out} \text{ at pins}) \times (I_{out}) \leq (\text{Max. rated output power})$$

Guidelines

Murata Power Solutions recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type.

Exceeding these specifications can cause damage to the product. Be cautious when there is high atmospheric humidity. It is strongly recommended to use a mild pre-bake (100° C for 30 minutes). Your production environment might differ; therefore, thoroughly review these guidelines with process engineers.

Wave Solder Operation for Through-Hole Mounted Products (THMT)	
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:	
Maximum Preheat Temperature	115
Maximum Pot Temperature	270
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	7 seconds
For Sn/Pb based solders:	
Maximum Preheat Temperature	105
Maximum Pot Temperature	250
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	6 seconds

Trimming the Output Voltage

The **Trim input pin** is used to adjust the output voltage over the rated trim range (please refer to the Specifications). As illustrated in the trim equations and circuit diagrams below, trim adjustments use a single fixed resistor connected between the Trim input and either Vout Sense pin. Trimming resistors should have a low temperature coefficient (± 100 ppm/deg.C or less) and be mounted close to the converter keeping leads short. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim unconnected, the converter will default to its specified output voltage accuracy.

CAUTION:

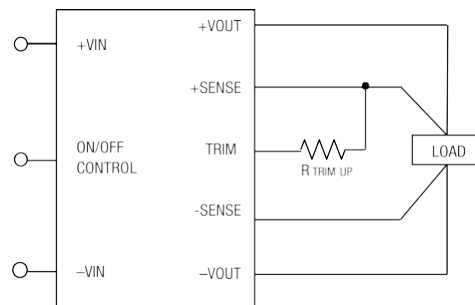
1. Avoid activating shutdown protection (OVP, OCP, OTP) by ensuring the output voltage or output power is not exceeded when setting the output voltage trim.
2. Keep the trim external connections as short as possible to avoid excessive noise that might otherwise cause instability or oscillation using shielding if needed.

Trim Equations

Trim Up: Connect Trim (Pin #J6) to +Vout Sense (Pin #J7)

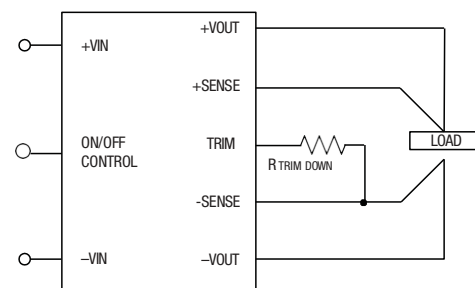
$$R_{t \text{ up}}(k\Omega) = V_{nom} * (1 + \Delta) / (1.225 * \Delta) - 1 / \Delta - 1.2$$

$$\Delta = [(V_{nom} - V_o) / V_{nom}]$$



Trim Down: Connect Trim (Pin #J6) to -Vout Sense (Pin #J5)

$$R_{t \text{ down}}(k\Omega) = 1 / ((V_{nom} - V_o) / V_{nom}) - 1.2$$



NOTE: Adjustment accuracy is subject to resistor tolerances and factory-adjusted output accuracy. Mount trim resistor close to converter. Use short leads.

Output Voltage Adjust

The output voltage can be adjusted using a voltage applied to the Vadj pin through a resistor Radj. This voltage is calculated by using the following equation.

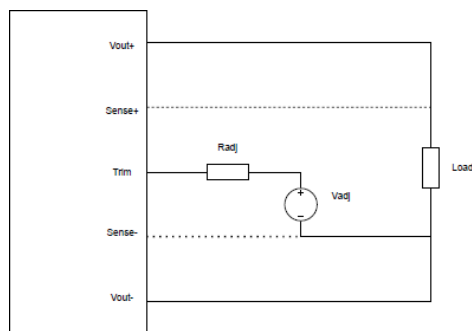
$$V_{adj} = \left(1.225 + (R_{adj} + 2) \times 1.225 \times \frac{V_{desired} - 50}{50} \right) v$$

where,

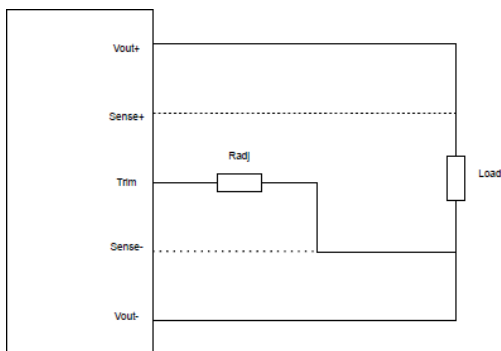
Vdesired: desired (trimmed) output voltage

(V) Vadj: the external trim voltage (V)

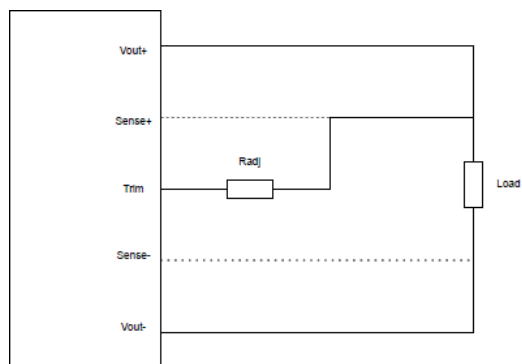
Radj: the external trim resistor (kΩ)



Active Adjust



Passive Adjust Decrease

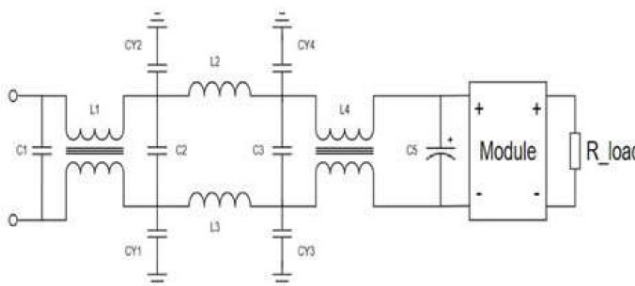


Passive Adjust Increase

Emissions Performance

Murata Power Solutions measures its products for conducted emissions against the EN 55022 and CISPR 22 standards. Passive resistance loads are employed and the output is set to the maximum voltage. If you set up your own emissions testing, make sure the output load is rated at continuous power while doing the tests.

The recommended external input and output capacitors (if required) are included. Please refer to the fundamental switching frequency. This information is listed in the Product Specifications. An external discrete filter is installed and the circuit diagram is shown below.



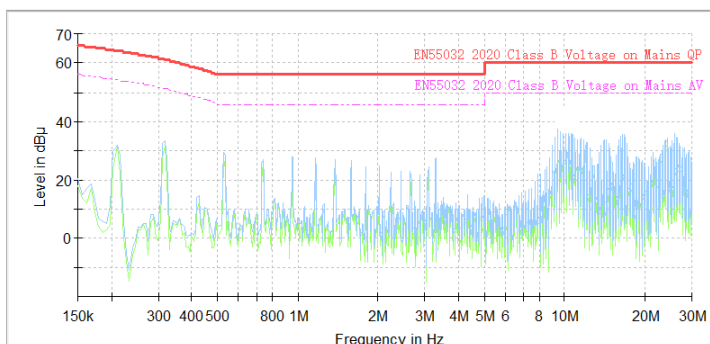
Conducted Emissions Parts List

Reference	Description
C1	0.47uF
C2	0.47uF
C3	0.47uF
C5	220uF (e-lyt)
CY1, CY2	4*4.7nF
CY3, CY4	4*4.7nF
L1, L4	5mH
L2, L3	11uH

Conducted Emissions Test Equipment Used

Hewlett Packard HP8594L Spectrum Analyzer – S/N 3827A00153
2Line V-networks LS1-15V 50Ω/50Ωh Line Impedance Stabilization Network

Conducted Emissions Test Results – Negative Line



**Conducted Emissions Performance, Negative
Line CISPR 22, Class B, Full Load**

Layout Recommendations

Most applications can use the filtering which is already installed inside the converter or with the addition of the recommended external capacitors. For greater emissions suppression, consider additional filter components and shielding. Emissions performance will depend on the user's PC board layout, the chassis shielding environment and choice of external components. Since many factors affect both the amplitude and spectra of emissions, we recommend using an engineer who is experienced at emissions suppression.

PMBus™ Digital Communications Protocol

This module offers a PMBus digital interface that enables the user to configure many characteristics of the device operation as well as to monitor the input and output voltages, output current and device temperature. The module can be used with any standard two-wire I²C or SMBus host device.

A system controller (host device) can monitor a wide variety of parameters through the PMBus interface and detect fault conditions by monitoring the SMBALERT# pin, which will be asserted when any number of pre-configured fault or warning conditions occurs. The system controller can also continuously monitor any number of power conversion parameters including, but not limited to the following:

- Input voltage
- Output voltage
- Output current
- Module temperature

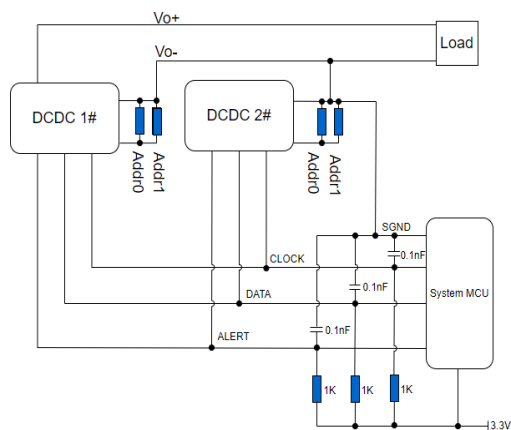
Software Tools for Design and Production

For these modules, Murata-Power Solutions provides software for configuring and monitoring via the PMBus interface. For more information, contact your local Murata- Power Solutions representative.

Standard PMBus™ characteristics

- Complies with “Power Systems Management Protocol Specification Part 1 General Requirements Transport and Electrical requirements revision 1.2” & “Power Systems Management Protocol Specification Part 2 Command Language revision 1.2”.
- Linear data format is used for all supported parameters unless noted.
- Up to 400kHz I2C communications bus speed is supported.
- SMBALERT## is supported.
- PEC is supported.
- Clock stretching is supported.

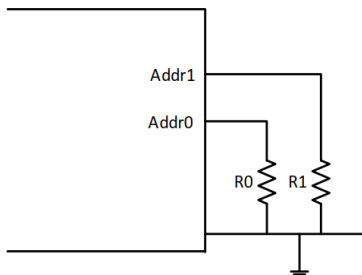
PMBus™ Monitoring Accuracy



Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
PMBus					
PMBus General					
Bus Speed				400	kHz
Logic High Input		2.1		3.3	Vdc
Logic Low Input		0		0.8	Vdc
Logic High Output		2.3			Vdc
Logic Low Output				0.4	Vdc
PMBus Monitoring Accuracy					
VIN_READ		-1.5		1.5	V
VOUT_READ		-2		2	%
IOUT_READ	Vin=48V, Io=50% ~ 100% of Io, max.	-5		5	%
	Vin=48V, Io=5% ~ 50% of Io, max.	-3		3	A
TEMP_READ		-10		10	°C

PMBus Addressing

This power module series offers three address configurations to support a wide range of applications. The address is set by externally connecting two resistors from each of the two address pins "Addr1" and "Addr0" to signal ground "Signed" and forms two octal (0 to 7) digits, each pin setting one digit. The resistor value for each digit is defined according to the desired configuration.



Addressing configuration 0 (default): If the calculated PMBus address is 0~12D, 40D, 44D, 45D or 55D, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 127D is assigned instead.

$$\text{Ambassadress} = 8x (\text{SA1 index}) + (\text{SA0 index})$$

Digit	Resistor Value RSA0/RSA1[kΩ]
0	10
1	15.4
2	23.7
3	36.5
4	54.9
5	84.5
6	130
7	200
Calculation: PMBus_Address = 8x (SA1 index) + (SA0 index)	

Addressing configuration 0 (default): If the calculated PMBus address is 0D, 11D, 12D, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119D is assigned instead.

$$\text{Ambassadress} = 8x (\text{SA0 index}) + (\text{SA1 index})$$

Digit	Resistor Value RSA0/RSA1[kΩ]
0	10
1	22
2	33
3	47
4	68
5	100
6	150
7	220
Calculation: PMBus_Address = 8x (SA0 value) + (SA1 value)	

Addressing configuration 0 (default): If the calculated PMBus address is 0~12D, 40D, 44D, 45D or 55D, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 88D is assigned instead.

$$\text{Ambassadress} = 16x \text{Addr1} + \text{Addr0}$$

Digit	Resistor Value RSA0/RSA1[kΩ]
0	24.9
1	49.9
2	75
3	100
4	124
5	150
6	174
7	200
Calculation: PMBus_Address = 16 x Addr1 + Addr0	

NOTE: Follow these steps to change the power module address configuration:

1. Select the desired address configuration via PMBus command 0xF5.
2. Save configuration to non-volatile user store memory by writing command 0x15 "STORE_USER_ALL".
3. Recycle input power.

Supported PMBus™ Command List

CMD	Command Name	SMBus Transaction Type: Writing Data	SMBus Transaction Type: Reading Data	Number Of Data Bytes	Default Value		Lower limit	Upper limit	Unit	Notes
01h	OPERATION	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0x80					Only support 0x80 and 0x00
02h	ON_OFF_CONFIG	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0x1D					Bit7:5 Reserved Bit4 0:Auto power up 1:Use control/Operation Bit3:2 1:Control pin 2:Operation 3:Control pin & Operation Bit1 0:Active low (Pull pin low to start the unit) 1:Active high (Pull pin high to start the unit) Bit0 Reserved
03h	CLEAR_FAULTS	Send byte	N/A	0	N/A					
10h	WRITE_PROTECT	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0x00					
11h	STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	N/A	N/A	0	N/A					
12h	RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	Send byte	N/A	0	N/A					
15h	STORE_USER_ALL	Send byte	N/A	0	N/A					
16h	RESTORE_USER_ALL	Send byte	N/A	0	N/A					
19h	CAPABILITY	N/A	Read Byte	1	0xB0					
1Ah	QUERY	N/A	"Block Write - Block Read Process Call"	1						
1Bh	SMBALERT_MASK	Write Word	"Block Write - Block Read Process Call"	2						
20h	VOUT_MODE	N/A	Read Byte	1	0x1A					
21h	VOUT_COMMAND	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x0C80	50	25	55	V	
22h	VOUT_TRIM	Write Word	Read Word	2	0		-25	5	V	Effective after turn off then to turn back on
35h	VIN_ON	Write Word	Read Word	2		34			V	
36h	VIN_OFF	Write Word	Read Word	2		32			V	
40h	VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x0E80	58	50	60	V	
41h	VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0xF8					7:6 All support 5:3 Only support latch or continuous hiccup 2:0 Set turn off delay when 7:6=01B, unit is 130ms
42h	VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x0DE0	55.5	50	60	V	
43h	VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x05E0	23.5	21	25	V	
44h	VOUT_UV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0xF8					
45h	VOUT_UV_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x0620	24.5	21	25	V	
46h	IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xE898	19	16	20	A	
47h	IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0xF8					7:6 00B is continues operation without interruption, 01B/10B is not supported, 11B is supported. 5:3 Only support latch or continuous hiccup 2:0 Not supported
4Ah	IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xE878	15	14	17	A	
4Fh	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xF1B8	110	30	130	°C	Default value of with "B" suffix: 120C
50h	OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0xF8					7:6 00B is continues operation without interruption, 01B is not supported (same behavior as 00B), 10B/11B are supported. 5:3 Only support latch or continuous hiccup 2:0 Not supported
51h	OT_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xF1A4	105	30	130	°C	

CMD	Command Name	SMBus Transaction Type: Writing Data	SMBus Transaction Type: Reading Data	Number Of Data Bytes	Default Value		Lower limit	Upper limit	Unit	Notes
55h	VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xEA70	78	75	80	V	
56h	VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0xF8					
57h	VIN_OV_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xEA60	76	75	80	V	
58h	VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xE910	34	32	36	V	
59h	VIN_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0xE900	33	31	35	V	
5Ah	VIN_UV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0xF8					
5Eh	POWER_GOOD_ON	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x0620	24.5	1	25	V	
5Fh	POWER_GOOD_OFF	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x05E0	23.5	1	25	V	
61h	TON_RISE	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x005E	94	60	100	ms	Write available in supervisor mode when droop current share on, available in both mode when droop current share off.
68h	POUT_OP_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x03B6	950	700	1000	W	
69h	POUT_OP_FAULT_RESPONSE	Write Byte	Read Byte	2	0xF8					
6Ah	POUT_OP_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word	2	0x02EE	750	700	900	W	
78h	STATUS_BYTE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	N/A					
79h	STATUS_WORD	Write Word	Read Word	2	N/A					
7Ah	STATUS_VOUT	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	N/A					
7Bh	STATUS_IOUT	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	N/A					
7Ch	STATUS_INPUT	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	N/A					
7Dh	STATUS_TEMPERATURE	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	N/A					
7Eh	STATUS_CML	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	N/A					
88h	READ_VIN	N/A	Read Word	2	N/A				V	
8Bh	READ_VOUT	N/A	Read Word	2	N/A				V	
8Ch	READ_IOUT	N/A	Read Word	2	N/A				A	
8Dh	READ_TEMPERATURE_1	N/A	Read Word	2	N/A				°C	
94h	READ_DUTY_CYCLE	N/A	Read Word	2	N/A				%	
95h	READ_FREQUENCY	N/A	Read Word	2	N/A				kHz	
96h	READ_POUT	N/A	Read Word	2	N/A				W	
98h	PMBUS_REVISION	N/A	Read Byte	1	0x22					
99h	MFR_ID	N/A	Block Read	22	"Murata Power Solutions"					
9Ah	MFR_MODEL	Block Write*	Block Read	<=20	N/A					
9Bh	MFR_REVISION	Block Write*	Block Read	<=6	N/A					
9Ch	MFR_LOCATION	Block Write*	Block Read	<=10	N/A					
9Dh	MFR_DATE	Block Write*	Block Read	<=10	N/A					
9Eh	MFR_SERIAL	Block Write*	Block Read	<=20	N/A					
A0h	MFR_VIN_MIN	N/A	Read Word	2	0xE920	36			V	
A1h	MFR_VIN_MAX	N/A	Read Word	2	0xEA58	75			V	
A2h	MFR_IIN_MAX	N/A	Read Word	2	0xDA90	20.5			A	
A3h	MFR_PIN_MAX	N/A	Read Word	2	0x02D5	725			W	
A4h	MFR_VOUT_MIN	N/A	Read Word	2	0x0640	25			V	

CMD	Command Name	SMBus Transaction Type: Writing Data	SMBus Transaction Type: Reading Data	Number Of Data Bytes	Default Value		Lower limit	Upper limit	Unit	Notes
A5h	MFR_VOUT_MAX	N/A	Read Word	2	0x0DC0	55			V	
A6h	MFR_IOUT_MAX	N/A	Read Word	2	0xE870	14			A	
A7h	MFR_POUT_MAX	N/A	Read Word	2	0x02BC	700			W	
A8h	MFR_TAMBIENT_MAX	N/A	Read Word	2	0xF154	85			°C	
A9h	MFR_TAMBIENT_MIN	N/A	Read Word	2	0XF760	-40			°C	
ADh	IC_DEVICE_ID	N/A	Block Read		"TMS320F280023"					
C0h	MFR_MAX_TEMP_1	N/A	Write Word	2	0xF208	130			°C	
DAh	Erase EEPROM	Write Word	N/A	2	N/A					
DBh	MFR_CURRENT_SHARE_CONFIG	Write Byte*	Read Byte	1	0x00/0x01					Default value of DROOP CURRENT SHARE ENABLED mode: 0x01 Default value of DROOP CURRENT SHARE DISABLED mode: 0x00
DDh	MFR_ENABLE_POLARITY_CONFIG	Write Byte*	Read Byte	1	0x00					Default value of negative logic: 0x00 Default value of positive logic: 0x02
DEh	MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY	Write Byte	Read Byte	1	0x01					Default value of negative logic: 0x00 Default value of positive logic: 0x01
DFh	MFR_BLACKBOX_CONFIG_BYTE	Write Byte*	Write Byte	1	0x03					Bit0: Blackbox Enable Bit1: Rewrite Enable
E0h	MFR_BLACKBOX_EVENT	N/A	Block Read	32						
E1h	MFR_BLACKBOX_OFFSET	Write Byte*	Write Byte	1						
E8h	MFR_VIN_OV_FAULT_HYS	Write Word*	Read Word	2	0xE80C	1.5	0	3	V	
E9h	MFR_VIN_UV_FAULT_HYS	Write Word*	Read Word	2	0xE810	2	0	3	V	
EAh	MFR_OT_FAULT_HYS	Write Word*	Read Word	2	0xF028	10	5	50	°C	
F5h	MFR_PMBUS_ADDRESS_CONFIG	Write Byte*	N/A	32	N/A					
F6h	MFR_CALIBRATION_STATUS	N/A	Read Byte	1	0x07					
F9h	MFR_VIN_SENSE_CALIBRATION	Write byte*	N/A	1	N/A					
FAh	MFR_IOUT_SENSE_CALIBRATION	Write Word*	N/A	2	N/A					
FBh	MFR_VOUT_SET_POINT_CALIBRATION	Write Word*	N/A	2	N/A					
FCh	MFR_SUPERVISOR_PASSWORD	Block Write*	N/A	N/A	N/A					

NOTES:

* Only available in supervisor mode (default state is user mode, send password to command 0xFC to change to supervisor mode).

1. Unit restores the entire contents of the non-volatile User Store memory when power up.
2. PEC is supported.
3. Max bus speed: 400kHz.
4. SMBALERT# is supported.
5. Linear data format used.

MFR Commands

DAh Erase EEPROM

BITS	VALUE	ERASE MODE	MEANING
15:12	0001	The erase object is all content.	Erase all Content
	0010	The erase object is block.	Erase block
	0011	The erase object is page.	Erase page
11:8	0000	Select block 0, or block 1 to be erased.	Erase block 0
	0001		Erase block 1
7:1	0000	Select the specific page from page 0 to page 15 to be erased.	Erase page 0
	0001		Erase page 1
	0010		Erase page 2

	1101		Erase page 13
	1110		Erase page 14
	1111		Erase page 15

Block 0	Block 1
Page 0	Page 0
Page 1	Page 1
Page 2	Page 2
.....
Page 13	Page 13
Page 14	Page 14
Page 15	Page 15

EEPROM Data Structure

DBh MFR_CURRENT_SHARE_CONFIG

BITS	PURPOSE	VALUE	MEANING	CTRL/CS PIN	VOUT_DROOP	TON_DELAY	TOFF_DELAY	TON_RISE	TON_FALL
7:1	0	0000000	Reserved	--	--	--	--	--	--
0	Current share control	0	Current share disabled	CTRL	configurable	configurable	configurable	configurable	configurable
		1	Droop current share mode enabled	CTRL	locked to 0x000A	locked to 0x0001	locked to 0x0000	locked to 0x0000	locked to 0x0000

DDh MFR_PRIMARY_ON_OFF_CONFIG

BITS	PURPOSE	VALUE	MEANING
7:3		00000	Reserved
2	Controls how the unit responds to the CONTROL pin	0	Unit ignores the primary ON/OFF pin
		1	Unit requires the primary ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit
1	Polarity of primary ON/OFF logic	0	Active low (Pull pin low to start the unit)
		1	Active high (Pull high or open to start the unit)
0		0	Reserved

DEh MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY

BITS	PURPOSE	VALUE	MEANING
7:1		0000000	Reserved
0	Power good polarity of pin 12	0	Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value
		1	Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to specific value

E8h MFR_VIN_OV_FAULT_HYS

Hysteresis of VIN_OV_FAULT recover, linear data format.

E9h MFR_VIN_UV_FAULT_HYS

Hysteresis of VIN_UV_FAULT recover, linear data format.

EAh MFR_OT_FAULT_HYS

Hysteresis of OT_FAULT recover, linear data format.

F3h MFR_FAULT_STATUS

Real-time fault status

Bits	Meaning
15	VIN_OV_FAULT
14	VIN_UV_FAULT
13	RSVD
12	RSVD
11	RSVD
10	VOUT_OV_FAULT
9	VOUT_OV_FAST_FAULT
8	RSVD

Bits	Meaning
7	IOUT_OC_FAULT
6	IOUT_SHORT_FAULT
5	OUTPUT_POWER_FAULT
4	OT_FAULT
3	PRI_ENABLE_OFF
2	PMBUS_OPERATION_OFF
1	RSVD
0	MINI_OFF_TIME

F4h MFR_FAULT_COUNTER

Bits

15:0

How many faults occurred.

Max counter 65535 starts over from 0 if exceeds this number.

Duplicate failure is not counted. For example, continuous hiccup is counted as 1 time fault.

F5h MFR_EVENT_LOG

F6h MFR_CALIBRATION_STATUS

Refer to calibration procedure file.

F9h MFR_VIN_SENSE_CALIBRATION

Refer to calibration procedure file.

Step.x	Vin calibrate point (V)	Write Byte
Step 1	38	0x01
Step 2	50	0x02
Step 3	62	0x03
Step 4	74	0x04

FAh MFR_IOUT_SENSE_CLIBRATION

Refer to the calibration procedure file.

FBh MFR_VOUT_SET_POINT_CALIBRATION

Refer to the calibration procedure file.

FCh MFR_SUPERVISOR_PASSWORD

Set the unit to supervisor mode or ROM mode. See the password table.

Status Register Bit Names

GREEN = supported

STATUS_VOUT
7 VOUT_OV_FAULT
6 VOUT_OV_WARNING
5 VOUT_UV_WARNING
4 VOUT_UV_FAULT
3 VOUT_MAX Warning
2 TON_MAX_FAULT
1 TOFF_MAX_WARNING
0 VOUT Tracking Error

STATUS_IOUT
7 IOUT_OC_FAULT
6 IOUT_OC_LV_FAULT
5 IOUT_OC_WARNING
4 IOUT_UC_FAULT
3
2 In Power Limiting Mode
1 POUT_OP_FAULT
0 POUT_OP_WARNING

STATUS_TEMPERATURE
7 OT_FAULT
6 OT_WARNING
5 UT_WARNING
4 UT_FAULT
3 Reserved
2 Reserved
1 Reserved
0 Reserved

STATUS_CML
7 Invalid/Unsupported Command
6 Invalid/Unsupported Data
5 Packet Error Check Failed
4 Memory Fault Detected
3 Processor Fault Detected
2 Reserved
1 Other Communication Fault
0 Other Memory Or Logic Fault

STATUS_WORD
7 VOUT
6 IOUT/POUT
5 INPUT
4 MFR_SPECIFIC
3 POWER_GOOD#
2 FANS
1 OTHER
0 UNKNOWN
7 BUSY
6 OFF
5 VOUT_OV_FAULT
4 IOUT_OC_FAULT
3 VIN_UV_FAULT
2 TEMPERATURE
1 CML
0 NONE OF THE ABOVE

STATUS_OTHER
7 Reserved
6 Reserved
5 Input A Fuse/Breaker Fault
4 Input B Fuse/Breaker Fault
3 Input A OR-ing Device Fault
2 Input B OR-ing Device Fault
1 Output OR-ing Device Fault
0 Reserved

STATUS_INPUT
7 VIN_OV_FAULT
6 VIN_OV_WARNING
5 VIN_UV_WARNING
4 VIN_UV_FAULT
3 Unit Off For Low Input Voltage
2 IIN_OC_FAULT
1 IIN_OC_WARNING
0 PIN_OP_WARNING

STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC
Manufacturer Defined
Manufacturer Defined
Manufacturer Defined
Manufacturer Defined
Manufacturer Defined
Manufacturer Defined
Manufacturer Defined
Manufacturer Defined

STATUS_FANS_1_2
7 Fan 1 Fault
6 Fan 2 Fault
5 Fan 1 Warning
4 Fan 2 Warning
3 Fan 1 Speed Override
2 Fan 2 Speed Override
1 Air Flow Fault
0 Air Flow Warning

STATUS_FANS_3_4
7 Fan 3 Fault
6 Fan 4 Fault
5 Fan 3 Warning
4 Fan 4 Warning
3 Fan 3 Speed Override
2 Fan 4 Speed Override
1 Reserved
0 Reserved

Command Language and Configuration Details:

01-CFh Refer to PMBUS 1.2 SPEC

DDh MFR_PRIMARY_ON_OFF_CONFIG

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DEh MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY

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Hysteresis of VIN_OV_FAULT recover, Linear data format

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Hysteresis of VIN_UV_FAULT recover, Linear data format

EAh MFR_OT_FAULT_HYS

Hysteresis of OT_FAULT recover, Linear data format

F6h MFR_CALIBRATION_STATUS

Refer to calibration procedure file

F9h MFR_VIN_SENSE_CALIBRATION

Refer to calibration procedure file

FAh MFR_IOUT_SENSE_CALIBRATION

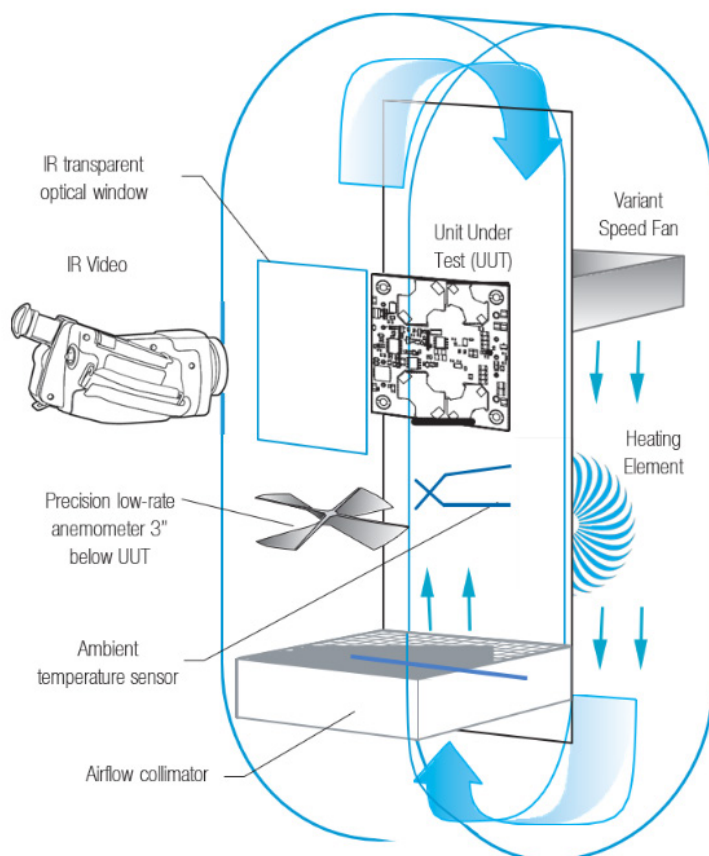
Refer to calibration procedure file

FBh MFR_VOUT_SET_POINT_CALIBRATION

Refer to calibration procedure file

FCh MFR_SUPERVISOR_PASSWORD

Set unit to supervisor mode or ROM mode. See the password table.



Vertical Wind Tunnel

Vertical Wind Tunnel

Murata Power Solutions employs a computer controlled custom-designed closed loop vertical wind tunnel, infrared video camera system, and test instrumentation for accurate airflow and heat dissipation analysis of power products. The system includes a precision low flow-rate anemometer, variable speed fan, power supply input and load controls, temperature gauges, and adjustable heating element.

The IR camera monitors the thermal performance of the Unit Under Test (UUT) under static steady-state conditions. A special optical port is used which is transparent to infrared wavelengths.

Both through-hole and surface mount converters are soldered down to a 10" x 10" host carrier board for realistic heat absorption and spreading. Both longitudinal and transverse airflow studies are possible by rotation of this carrier board since there are often significant differences in the heat dissipation in the two airflow directions. The combination of adjustable airflow, adjustable ambient heat, and adjustable Input/Output currents and voltages mean that a very wide range of measurement conditions can be studied.

The collimator reduces the amount of turbulence adjacent to the UUT by minimizing airflow turbulence. Such turbulence influences the effective heat transfer characteristics and gives false readings. Excess turbulence removes more heat from some surfaces and less heat from others, possibly causing uneven overheating.

Both sides of the UUT are studied since there are different thermal gradients on each side. The adjustable heating element and fan, built-in temperature gauges, and no-contact IR camera mean that power supplies are tested in real-world conditions.

Murata Power Solutions, Inc.
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ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED



This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy:

Refer to: <https://www.murata.com/products/power/requirements/>

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