

MAX[®] 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit User Guide

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1. MAX[®] 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Overview

The MAX[®] 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit provides an easy-to-use platform for evaluating the MAX 10 FPGA technology. You can use this kit to do the following:

- Develop designs for the 10M50, F484 package FPGA
- Validate MIPI CSI-2 passive D-PHY solution for both MIPI transmitter or receiver implementation within the FPGA (MIPI cameras and IP sold separately)
- Demonstrate video applications together using the on-board HDMI output capability
- Interface the FPGA to LPDDR2 memory at 200 MHz performance
- Interface with daughter cards and peripherals using Digilent Pmod* compatible connectors
- Bridge to external devices through single-ended user I/O or LVDS I/O using the through-hole vias
- Measure FPGA power (V_{CC_CORE})
- Reuse the kit's PCB board and schematic as a model for your design

Table 1. Ordering Information

Development Kit Version	Ordering Code	Device Part Number
MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Production 2 (Power Solution 2)	DK-DEV-10M50F484-C	10M50DAF484I6G
MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Production 1 (Power Solution 1)	EK-10M50F484	10M50DAF484C6GES

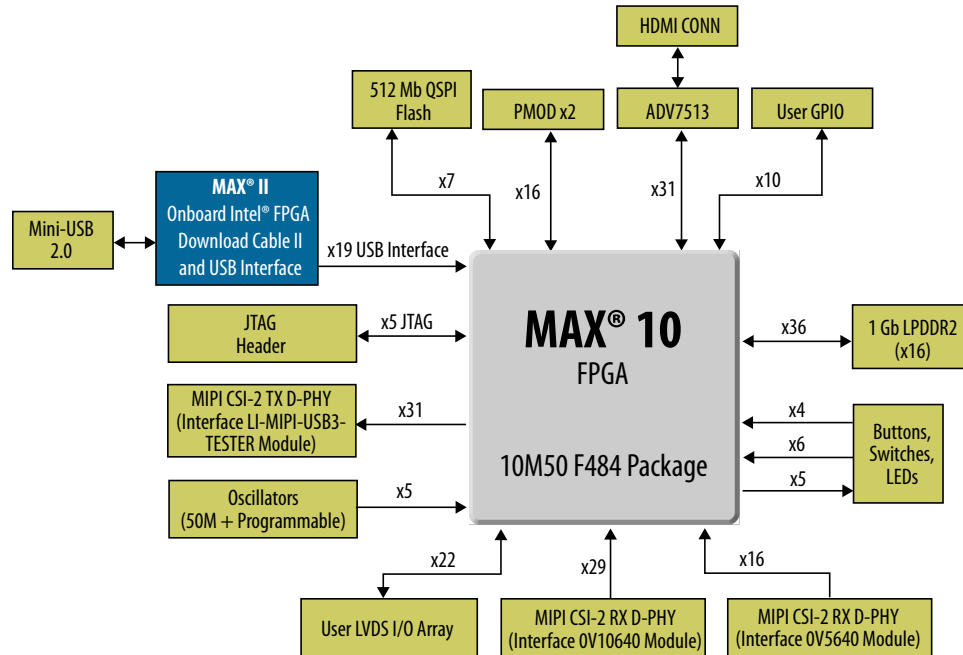
For the board and FPGA capabilities, refer to the *MAX 10 FPGA* page on the Altera website.

Related Information

- [MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Website](#)
More information about the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit package.
- [MAX 10 FPGA Webpage](#)

1.1. Block Diagram

Figure 1. MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Block Diagram



1.2. Feature Summary

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit features the following major component blocks. For a detailed description of the board components, refer to the *Board Components* section.

- Featured Devices
 - MAX 10 FPGA - 10M50D, dual supply, F484 package (P/N: 10M50DAF484C6GES)
 - MAX II CPLD - EPM1270M256C4N (onboard Intel® FPGA Download Cable II)
 - DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)
 - MPS MPM3632SGPQ-C879-Z —3 A synchronous buck DC-DC converter with integrated inductor
 - MPS MPM3804GG-C879-Z —600 mA synchronous buck regulator with integrated inductor
 - EK-10M50F484 (Power Solution 1)
 - Enpirion* EP5348UI—400 mA PowerSoC synchronous buck regulator with integrated inductor
 - Enpirion EP5358xUI—600 mA PowerSoC DC-DC step-down converters with integrated inductor
 - Enpirion EN5329QI/EN5339QI—2 A/3 A PowerSoC low profile synchronous buck DC-DC converter with integrated inductor
- FPGA configuration
 - Embedded Intel FPGA Download Cable II (JTAG)
 - Optional JTAG direct via 10-pin header
- Onboard clocking circuitry
 - 25 MHz single-ended, external oscillator clock source
 - Silicon Labs Si5110 crystal oscillator
 - Silicon Labs Si5338 clock generator with programmable frequency GUI
- Memory devices
 - 64M × 16 1 Gbits LPDDR2 with soft memory controller
 - 512 Mbits Quad Serial Peripheral Interface (Quad SPI) Flash
- Communication Ports
 - One HDMI video output
 - Two 12-pin Pmod connectors
 - Two 36-pin MIPI FFC connectors and one 16-pin MIPI FFC connector
- General User I/O
 - General-purpose single-ended through-hole vias (2×5)
 - General-purpose LVDS through-hole vias (2 × 9 LVDS pairs, plus two clock pairs)
 - 5 Green User-defined LEDs
 - 4 User-defined push buttons
 - User DIP Switches (SW1, SW2 . 1, SW2 . 2)

- Power
 - Yellow Power-ON LEDs (D9, D10, D11)
 - USB Y cable (USB Type-A to mini Type-B) for both onboard Intel FPGA Download Cable II and 5 V/1A power capability
 - Support DC power adapter option, but 5 V power supply and cord are not included in the kit
- Software
 - Free Quartus® Prime Lite Edition design software (download software and license from [Quartus Prime Design Software](#) webpage)
- Complete documentation
 - User guide, Bill of Material (BoM), schematic, and board files

Related Information

[Board Components](#) on page 10

1.3. Supported Items Not Included with the Kit

The following items are not included in the kit but were designed to be used in conjunction with this kit. All of these items are sold separately.

Table 2. Additional Components Not Included with the Kit

Board Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturing Part Number	Manufacturer Website
J1, J2	Cable Flat Flex Top / Top 36 POS 0.5 MM pitch	Parlex Molex Leopard Imaging	050R36-76B 0210200385 LI-FLEX03	Parlex www.molex.com Leopard Imaging
J3	Cable Flat Flex Top/Bottom 16 POS 0.5 MM 6inches	Würth Electronics Molex	687716152002 02010200171	www.we-online.com www.molex.com
J12, J13	2x10 0.1-inch headers (for LVDS GPIO)	Würth Electronics	61302021121	www.we-online.com
J14	2x7 0.1-inch headers (for GPIO)	Würth Electronics	61301421121	www.we-online.com
J5	Intel FPGA Download Cable	Altera	PL-USB-BLASTER-RCN	Download Cables
J5	Intel FPGA Download Cable II	Altera	PL-USB2-BLASTER	Download Cables
J10	Standard 5V, 2.0A Switching Power Adapter	LI Tone Electronics	LTE12E-S1-316	www.lte.com.tw
J10	Standard 5V, 3.0A Switching Power Adapter	Huntkey	HKA08105030-8 B	https://en.huntkey.com/
J1	LI-MIPI-USB-Tester Daughter Card	Leopard Imaging	LI-USB30-MIPI-TESTER	Leopard Imaging
J2	LI-CAM-OV10640-MIPI Daughter Card	Leopard Imaging	LI_CAM-OV10640-MIPI	Leopard Imaging
J3	MIPI 5MP AF Camera Daughter Card	UDOO	MIPI 5MP IR AF Camera	http://shop.seco.com/udoo



2. Getting Started

2.1. Powering the Kit

You can apply power to the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit by plugging in either the 5 V DC power adapter to wall jack, or the USB cable to your PC. For low-power design, USB cable connection is suggested, and it can easily provide both power and onboard Intel FPGA Download Cable connection. For high-power design, a 5 V DC adapter solution is preferred to ensure device performance.

The board includes one jumper (J11) for power option selection. When use DC power adapter, J11 needs to be placed at Position 1 and 2; while for using USB power, J11 needs to be placed at Position 2 and 3.

Resistors (R292 and R293) can be populated and used in place of the jumper if you want to hard wire the power option.

When powered correctly, D9, D10, and D11 will light.

Caution: Resistors R292 and R293 are designed for hard wiring the power selection. J11 must not be used when either R292 or R293 is populated.

2.2. Installing the Intel FPGA Download Cable II Driver

The development board includes integrated Intel FPGA Download Cable II circuitry for FPGA programming. However, for the host computer and board to communicate, you must install the onboard Intel FPGA Download Cable II driver on the host computer.

Installation instructions for the onboard Intel FPGA Download Cable II driver for your operating system are available on the Altera® website. On the [Download Cables](#) page, locate the table entry for your configuration and click the link to access the instructions.

2.3. Handling the Kit

When handling the board, it is important to observe the following static discharge precaution:

Caution: Without proper anti-static handling, the board can be damaged. Therefore, use anti-static handling precautions when touching the board.

The MAX 10 Evaluation Kit must be stored between -40°C and 100°C . The recommended operating temperature is between 0°C and 85°C .

2.4. Factory Default Switch and Jumper Settings

Figure 2. Switch Locations and Default Settings (Board Top)

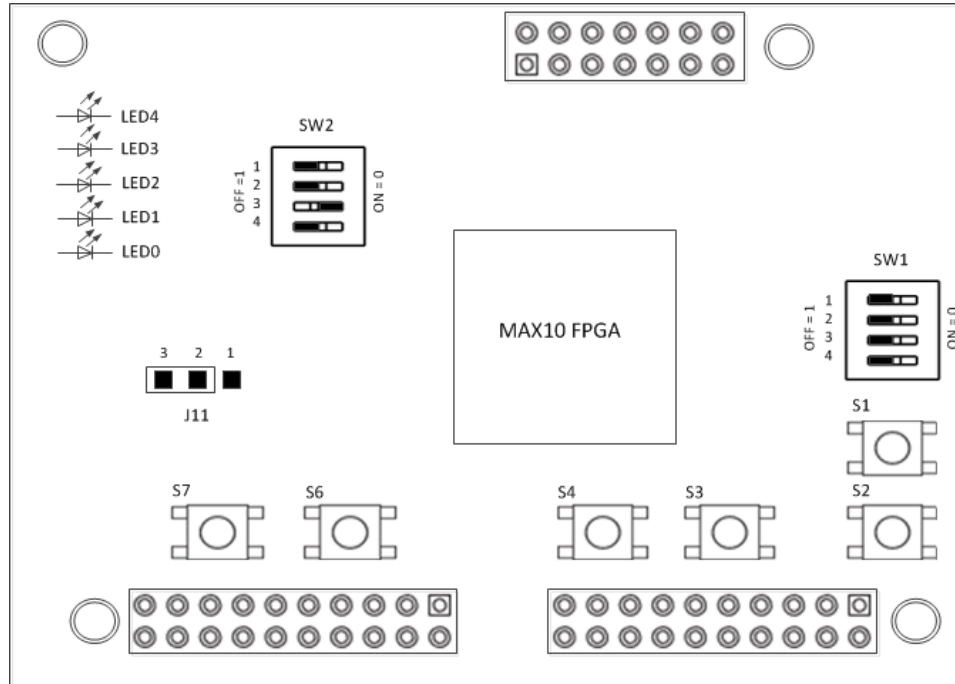


Table 3. Default SW1 DIP Switch Settings

Board Reference	Signal Name	Function	Default Position
SW1 . 1	USER_DIPSW0	User-Defined	HIGH (OFF =1)
SW1 . 2	USER_DIPSW1	User-Defined	HIGH (OFF =1)
SW1 . 3	USER_DIPSW2	User-Defined	HIGH (OFF =1)
SW1 . 4	USER_DIPSW3	User-Defined	HIGH (OFF =1)

Table 4. Default SW2 DIP Switch Settings

Board Reference	Signal Name	Function	Default Position
SW2 . 1	USER_DIPSW4	User-Defined	HIGH (OFF =1)
SW2 . 2	USER_DIPSW5	User-Defined	HIGH (OFF =1)
SW2 . 3	CONFIG_SEL	CONFIG_SEL: Use this pin to choose CFM0, CFM1 or CFM2 image as the first boot image in dual-image configuration. If the CONFIG_SEL is set to low, the first boot image is CFM0 image. If CONFIG_SEL is set o high, the first boot image is CFM1 or CFM2 image. This	LOW (ON =0)

continued...

Board Reference	Signal Name	Function	Default Position
		pin is read before user mode and before the nSTATUS pin is asserted.	
SW2.4	VTAP_BYPASSn	A virtual JTAG device is provided within the on-board Intel FPGA Download Cable II, it provides access to diagnostic hardware and board identification information. The device shows up as an extra device on the JTAG chain with ID: 020D10DD. This switch removes the virtual JTAG device from the JTAG chain.	HIGH (OFF =1)

Table 5. Default J11 Jumper Settings

Jumper	Function	Setting
J11[1-2]	Jumper for board DC adapter power option when resistors R292 and R293 are not installed	Pins 1 and 2
J11[2-3]	Jumper for board USB power option when resistors R292 and R293 are not installed. This is the default power jumper position.	Pins 2 and 3

3. Board Components

This chapter introduces all the important components on the evaluation kit. The *Overview of the MAX 10 FPGA Evaluation Kit Features* figure illustrates major component locations and *MAX 10 10M50 FPGA (10M50, 484-FPGA) Evaluation Kit Components* table in this chapter provides a brief description of all features of the board.

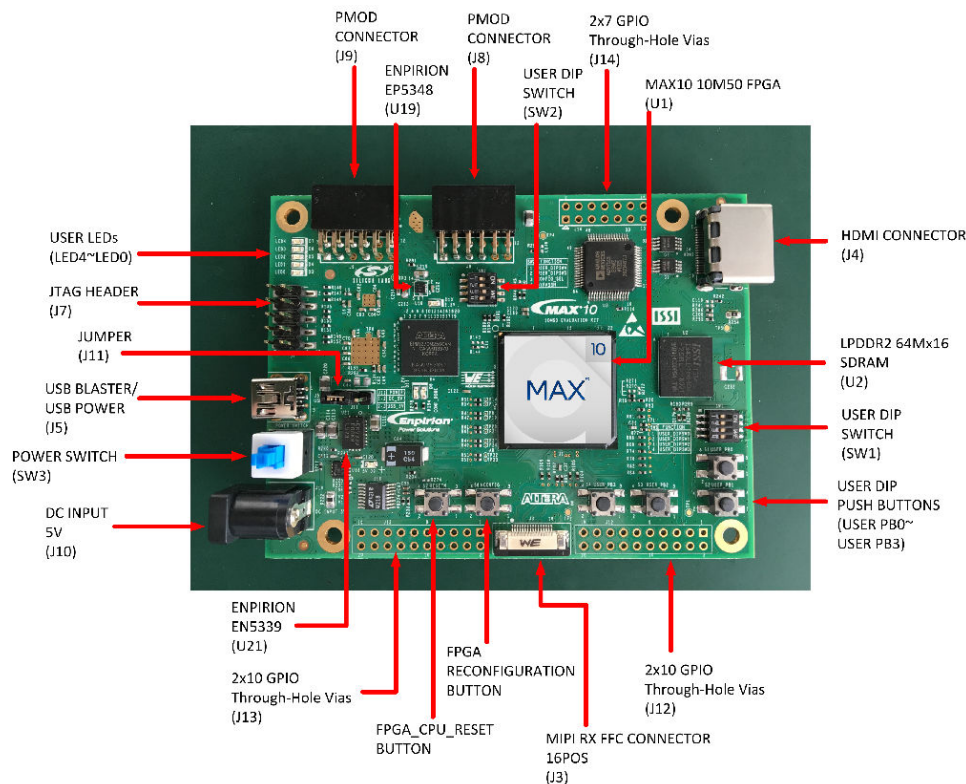
Related Information

Feature Summary on page 4

3.1. Board Overview

This section provides an overview of the evaluation kit, including an annotated board image and component descriptions.

Figure 3. MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Features - Board Image (Front View)—EK-10M50F484 (Power Solution 1)



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*Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

Figure 4. MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Features - Board Image (Rear View)—EK-10M50F484 (Power Solution 1)

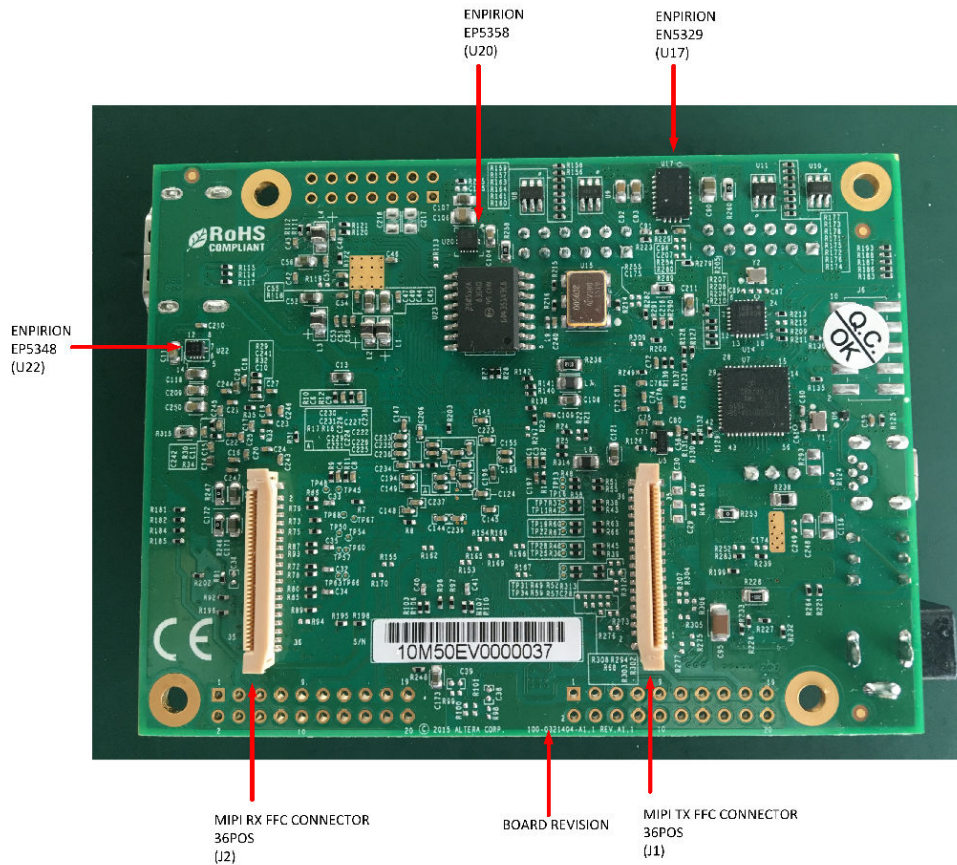


Figure 5. MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Features - Board Image (Front View)—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)

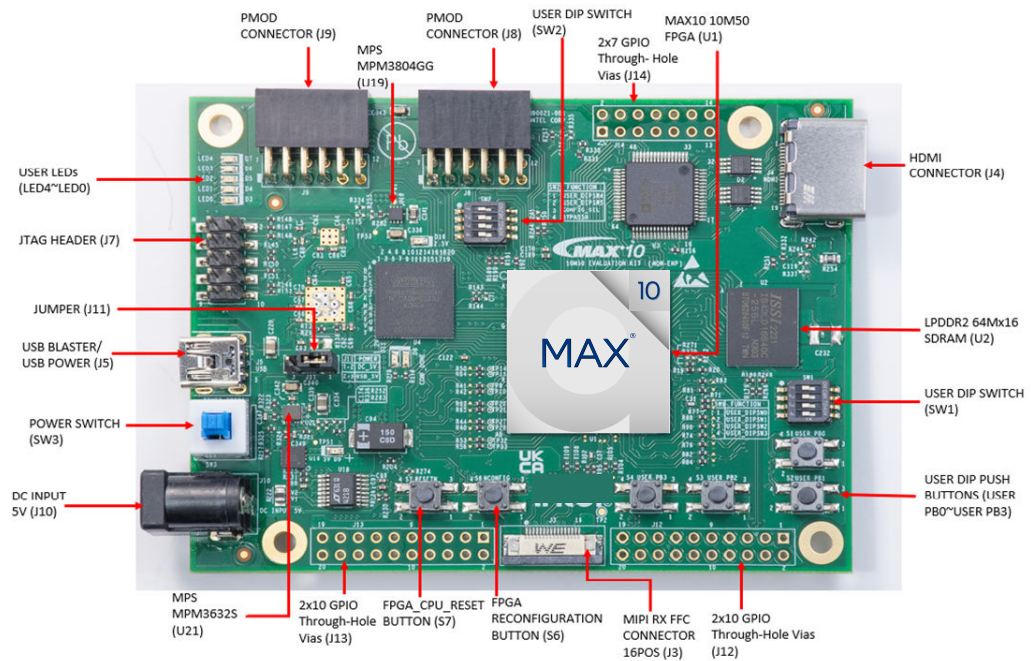


Figure 6. MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Features - Board Image (Rear View)—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)

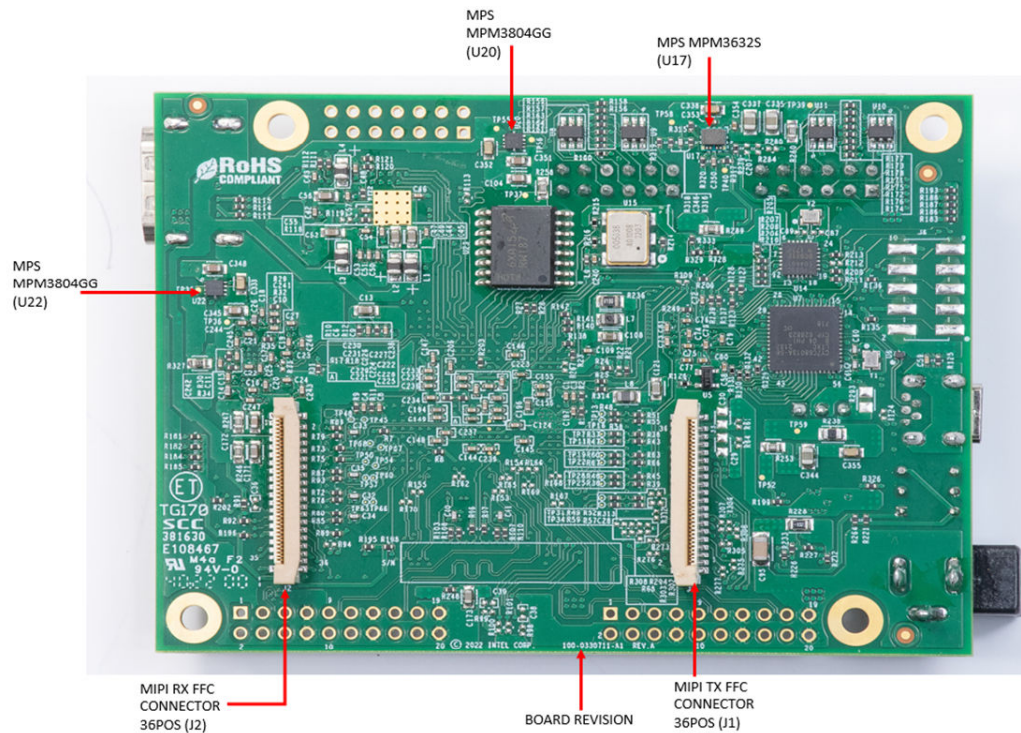


Table 6. MAX 10 FPGA (10M50, 484-FPGA) Evaluation Kit Components

Board Reference	Type	Description
Featured Device—Power Solution 1		
U1	FPGA	MAX 10 FPGA 10M50DAF484C6GES, 50K LEs, F484 package, -6ES speed grade.
U13	CPLD	MAX II EPM1270 256-MBGA, 2.5V/3.3V, VCCINT for on-board Intel FPGA Download Cable II.
U17	Power Regulator	Enpirion EN5329QI 2A PowerSoC low profile synchronous buck DC-DC converter with integrated inductor.
U19, U22	Power Regulator	Enpirion EP5348UI 400mA PowerSoC synchronous buck regulator with integrated inductor.
U20	Power Regulator	Enpirion EP5358HUI 600mA PowerSoC synchronous buck regulator with integrated inductor.
U21	Power Regulator	Enpirion EN5339QI 3A PowerSoC low profile synchronous buck DC-DC converter with integrated inductor.
Featured Device—Power Solution 2		
U1	FPGA	MAX 10 FPGA 10M50DAF484C6GES, 50K LEs, F484 package, -6ES speed grade.
U13	CPLD	MAX II EPM1270 256-MBGA, 2.5V/3.3V, VCCINT for on-board Intel FPGA Download Cable II.
U17, U21	Power Regulator	MPS MPM3632SGPQ-C879-Z 3A synchronous buck DC-DC converter with integrated inductor.
U19, U20, U22	Power Regulator	MPS MPM3804GG-C879-Z 600mA synchronous buck regulator with integrated inductor.
Configuration and Setup Elements		
J5	Onboard (Embedded) Intel FPGA Download Cable II	Mini Type-B USB connector for programming and debugging the FPGA.
J7	10-pin header	Optional JTAG direct via 10-pin header for external download cables.
SW2	DIP configuration and user switch	SW2 includes switches to control boot images and JTAG bypass.
S6	MAX 10 nCONFIG push button	Toggling this button causes the FPGA to reconfigure from on-die Configuration Flash Memory (CFM).
S7	FPGA register push button	Toggling this button resets all registers in the FPGA.
<i>continued...</i>		

Board Reference	Type	Description
J11	Jumper for board power option	Default connection is Pins 2 and 3 position, which uses USB power supply. If needed, change jumper position to Pins 1 and 2 for DC adapter power supply solution.
Status Elements		
D8	Configuration done LED, green	Illuminates when the FPGA is configured.
D9	Power LED, yellow	Indicates that 5 V is powered up successfully.
D10	Power LED, yellow	Indicates that 2.5 V is powered up successfully.
D11	Power LED, yellow	Indicates that 1.2 V is powered up successfully.
Clock Circuitry		
U14	Programmable Clock	Four channel programmable oscillator with default frequencies of 24, 24, 125, 100 MHz.
U15	50-MHz oscillator	50-MHz crystal oscillator for general purpose logic of MAX 10 and MAX II devices.
General User Input and Output		
S1, S2, S3, S4	User push buttons	Four user push buttons. Driven low when pressed.
D3, D4, D5, D6, D7	User LEDs, green	Five user LEDs. Illuminate when driven low.
SW1, SW2.1, SW2.2	User DIP switches	Quad user DIP switches
Memory Devices		
U2	LPDDR2 SDRAM memory	64 M x16
U23	Quad serial peripheral interface (quad SPI) flash	512 Mb
Video and Display Ports		
J1	MIPI CSI-2 transmitter output	MIPI CSI-2 transmitter output to Leopard Imaging LI-MIPI-USB3-Tester module.
J2	MIPI CSI-2 receiver	MIPI CSI-2 receiver input from Leopard Imaging LI-CAM-OV10640-MIPI module.
J3	MIPI CSI-2 receiver	MIPI CSI-2 receiver input from UDOO Camera Module OV5640.
J4	HDMI video output	19-pin HDMI connector which provides a HDMIv1.4 video output of up to 1080p through an ADI (Analog Devices, Inc) HDMI transmitter (ADV7513).
I/O and Expansion Ports		
<i>continued...</i>		

Board Reference	Type	Description
J8, J9	Two Diligent Pmod connectors	12-pin interface with 8 I/O signal pins used to connect low frequency, low I/O peripheral modules.
J12, J13	Two 2x10 GPIO connectors, user install	You can use this area to connect or solder additional components for connection of 9 true LVDS pairs with clock input and output, or 22 single-ended I/O signals.
J14	2x7 GPIO connectors, user install	You can use this area to connect or solder additional components for connection of 10 single-ended I/O signals.
Power Supply		
J10	DC input jack	Accepts 5 V DC power supply when USB power supply is not in use.
SW3	Power switch	When using DC power adapter, switch to power on or off the board when power is supplied from the DC input jack. DC adapter and USB power don't work at the same time.
J5	USB connector	USB power supply. Use with USB Y cable to provide 1 A current. DC adapter power and USB power don't work at the same time.

3.2. Featured Device: MAX 10 FPGA

The MAX 10 FPGA development board features the MAX 10 10M50DAF484C6GES device (U1) and 10M50DAF484I6G in a 484-pin FineLine BGA package.

Table 7. MAX 10 FPGA 10M50DAF484C6GES Features

Logic Elements (LEs)	Internal Configuration	M9K Memory (Kb)	User Flash Memory (KB)	18-bit X 18-bit Multipliers	PLLs	ADC Blocks / Temperature Sensing Diode	External Memory Interfaces Supported
50,000	Dual	1,638	736 ⁽¹⁾	144	4	2/1	DDR3, DDR3L, DDR2, LPDDR2

3.3. Configuration

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit supports two configuration methods:

- Configuration by downloading a `.sof` file to the FPGA. Any subsequent power cycling of the FPGA or reconfiguration will power up the FPGA to a blank state.
- Programming of the on-die FPGA Configuration Flash Memory (CFM) via a `.pof` file. Any power cycling of the FPGA or reconfiguration can power up the FPGA in self-configuration mode, using the files stored in the CFM.

⁽¹⁾ The maximum possible value including user flash memory and configuration flash memory. For more information, refer to [MAX 10 User Flash Memory User Guide](#).

You can use two different Intel FPGA Download Cable hardware components to program the `.sof` or `.pof` files:

- Embedded Intel FPGA Download Cable II, mini Type-B connector (J5)
- JTAG header (J7). Use an external Intel FPGA Download Cable, Intel FPGA Download Cable II, or Intel FPGA Ethernet Download Cable. The external download cable connects to the board through the JTAG header.

3.3.1. Using the Quartus Prime Programmer

You can use the Quartus Prime Programmer to configure the FPGA with a `.sof`.

Before configuring the FPGA:

- Ensure that the Quartus Prime Programmer and the Intel FPGA Download Cable driver are installed on the host computer
- The USB cable is connected to the kit
- Power to the board is on, and no other applications that use the JTAG chain are running.

To configure the MAX 10 FPGA:

1. Start the Quartus Prime Programmer.
2. Click **Add File** and select the path to the desired `.sof`.
3. Turn on the **Program/Configure** option for the added file.
4. Click **Start** to download the selected file to the FPGA. Configuration is complete when the progress bar reaches 100%.

The Quartus Prime Convert Programming File (CPF) GUI can be used to generate a `.sof` file that can use for internal configuration. You can directly program the MAX 10 device's flash which includes Configuration Flash Memory (CFM) and User Flash Memory (UFM) by using a download cable with the Quartus Prime software programmer.

3.3.2. Selecting the Internal Configuration Scheme

For all MAX 10 devices, except 10M02 device, there are total of 5 different modes you can select internal configuration. Refer to the *Configuration Flash Memory Sectors Utilization for all MAX 10 with Analog and Flash Feature Options* figure of *MAX 10 FPGA Configuration User Guide*.

The internal configuration scheme needs to be selected before design compilation. To select the configuration mode:

1. Open the Quartus Prime software and load a project using MAX 10 device family.
2. On the Assignments menu, click **Settings**. The **Settings** dialog box appears.
3. In the Category list, select **Device**. The **Device** page appears.
4. Click **Device and Pin Options**.
5. In the **Device and Pin Options** dialog box, click the **Configuration** tab.

6. In the **Configuration Scheme** list, select **Internal Configuration**.
7. In the **Configuration Mode** list, select 1 out of 5 configuration modes. For the dual-boot feature:
 - a. Must have a Dual Boot IP in the design, for example, in a Platform Designer (Standard) component.
 - b. Choose **Dual Compressed Images (512 Kbits UFM)** for the **Configuration Mode**.
 - c. Generate two `.sof` files above and convert them into one `.pof` file for CFM programming.
8. Turn on Generate compressed bit-streams if needed, and click **OK**.

Related Information

[MAX 10 FPGA Configuration User Guide](#)

3.4. Status Elements

This topic lists the non-user status elements for the MAX 10 10M50 FPGA Evaluation Board.

Table 8. Status LED Signal Names

Board Reference	Signal Name	Colour	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard
D8	MAXII_CONF_DONE	Green	MAX II / Y10	3.3 V
D9	5V_LED_R	Yellow	—	—
D10	2.5V_LED_R	Yellow	—	—
D11	1.2V_LED	Yellow	MAX III / Y9	3.3 V

3.5. Setup Elements

Table 9. Board Settings DIP Switch and Jumper Schematic Signals

Board Reference	Signal Name	Device / Pin Number	I/O Standard
SW2.3	MAX10_CONFIG_SEL	MAX 10 / H10	3.3 V
SW2.4	MAX10_BYPASSn	MAX II / B20	3.3 V

Table 10. Board Settings Push Button Signal Names

Board Reference	Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard
S6	MAX10_nCONFIG	H9	3.3 V
S7	MAX10_RESETn	D9	3.3 V

3.6. General User Input/Output

User-defined I/O signal names, FPGA pin numbers, and I/O standards for the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Board.

Table 11. User-Defined Push Button Signal Names

Board Reference	Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard
S1	USER_PB0	R20	1.2 V
S2	USER_PB1	Y20	1.2 V
S3	USER_PB2	Y21	1.2 V
S4	USER_PB3	U20	1.2 V

Table 12. User-Defined DIP Switch Schematic Signal Names

Board Reference	Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard
SW1.1	USER_DIPSW0	R18	1.2 V
SW1.2	USER_DIPSW1	T19	1.2 V
SW1.3	USER_DIPSW2	T18	1.2 V
SW1.4	USER_DIPSW3	U19	1.2 V
SW2.1	USER_DIPSW4	G4	3.3 V
SW2.2	USER_DIPSW5	F5	3.3 V

Table 13. User LED Schematic Signal Names

Board Reference	Signal Name	Color	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard
D3	USER_LED0	Green	C3	3.3 V
D4	USER_LED1	Green	C4	3.3 V
D5	USER_LED2	Green	C5	3.3 V
D6	USER_LED3	Green	D5	3.3 V
D7	USER_LED4	Green	C7	3.3 V

Table 14. User Defined I/O Through-Hole Vias

Board Reference	Schematic Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard ⁽²⁾	Description
J12.1	2.5V Power	—	—	Power Supply Connector for J12
J12.2	2.5V Power	—	—	Power Supply Connector for J12
J12.3	USER_CLKIN_IO_P	K22	DIFFIO_RX_R40P or CLK3P	Single-ended clock input
J12.4	USER_LVDS_P2	Y17	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B43P, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_2 ⁽²⁾
<i>continued...</i>				

⁽²⁾ Termination resistors are required to be installed by the user for proper high speed LVDS I/O use.

Board Reference	Schematic Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard ⁽²⁾	Description
J12.5	USER_CLKIN_IO_N	K21	DIFFIO_RX_R40N or CLK3N	Dual purpose pin. Either single-ended User I/O or single-ended clock input
J12.6	USER_LVDS_N2	AA17	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B43N, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_2 ⁽²⁾
J12.7	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J12.8	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J12.9	USER_LVDS_P0	AA10	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B22P, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_0 ⁽²⁾
J12.10	USER_LVDS_P3	Y14	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B37P, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_3 ⁽²⁾
J12.11	USER_LVDS_N0	Y10	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B22N, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_0 ⁽²⁾
J12.12	USER_LVDS_N3	Y13	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B37N, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_3 ⁽²⁾
J12.13	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J12.14	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J12.15	USER_LVDS_P1	W8	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B13p, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_1 ⁽²⁾
J12.16	CLKOUT_LVDS_P	V17	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B57P or PLL_B_CLKOUTP	Dual purpose pin. Either User I/O or Clock output ref. for this group of LVDS channels
J12.17	USER_LVDS_N1	W7	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B13n, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_1 ⁽²⁾
J12.18	CLKOUT_LVDS_N	W17	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B57N or PLL_B_CLKOUTN	Dual purpose pin. Either User I/O or Clock output ref. for this group of LVDS channels
J12.19	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J12.20	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J13.1	2.5V Power	—	—	Power Supply for Connector J13
J13.2	2.5V Power	—	—	Power Supply for Connector J13
J13.3	USER_LVDS_P5	V8	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B7p, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_5 ⁽²⁾

continued...

⁽²⁾ Termination resistors are required to be installed by the user for proper high speed LVDS I/O use.

Board Reference	Schematic Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard ⁽²⁾	Description
J13.4	USER_LVDS_P8	AA7	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B16p, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_8 ⁽²⁾
J13.5	USER_LVDS_N5	V7	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B7n, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_5 ⁽²⁾
J13.6	USER_LVDS_N8	AA6	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B16n, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_8 ⁽²⁾
J13.7	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J13.8	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J13.9	USER_LVDS_P6	W6	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B1p, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_6 ⁽²⁾
J13.10	USER_LVDS_P4	W10	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B11p, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_4 ⁽²⁾
J13.11	USER_LVDS_N6	W5	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B1n, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_6 ⁽²⁾
J13.12	USER_LVDS_N4	W9	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B11n, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_4 ⁽²⁾
J13.13	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J13.14	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J13.15	USER_LVDS_P7	W3	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B5p, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_7 ⁽²⁾
J13.16	NC	—	—	Not Connected
J13.17	USER_LVDS_N7	W4	DIFFIO_TX_RX_B5n, High Speed	LVDS User I/O_7 ⁽²⁾
J13.18	NC	—	—	Not Connected
J13.19	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J13.20	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J14.1	USER_IO0	A17	DIFFIO_RX_T10n, High Speed	User I/O_0
J14.2	USER_IO5	A19	DIFFIO_RX_T8n, High Speed	User I/O_5
J14.3	USER_IO1	B19	DIFFIO_RX_T6n, High Speed	User I/O_1
J14.4	USER_IO6	A20	DIFFIO_RX_T8p, High Speed	User I/O_6
J14.5	3.3V power	—	—	Power Supply for Connector J14

continued...

⁽²⁾ Termination resistors are required to be installed by the user for proper high speed LVDS I/O use.

Board Reference	Schematic Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard ⁽²⁾	Description
J14.6	3.3V power	—	—	Power Supply for Connector J14
J14.7	USER_IO2	E16	DIFFIO_RX_T1p, High Speed	User I/O_2
J14.8	USER_IO7	C18	DIFFIO_RX_T7p, High Speed	User I/O_7
J14.9	USER_IO3	C19	DIFFIO_RX_T6n, High Speed	User I/O_3
J14.10	USER_IO8	C17	DIFFIO_RX_T2n, High Speed	User I/O_8
J14.11	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J14.12	GND	—	—	Ground Reference for this group of I/Os
J14.13	USER_IO4	F16	DIFFIO_RX_T5p, High Speed	User I/O_4
J14.14	USER_IO9	D17	DIFFIO_RX_T2p, High Speed	User I/O_9

3.7. Clock Circuitry

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Board includes two oscillators:

- A four channel programmable oscillator with default frequency of 24 MHz, 24 MHz, 125 MHz, and 100 MHz
- A two channel crystal oscillator with default frequency of 50 MHz

⁽²⁾ Termination resistors are required to be installed by the user for proper high speed LVDS I/O use.

3.7.1. Onboard Oscillators

Figure 7. MAX 10 10M50 FPGA Evaluation Kit Clocks

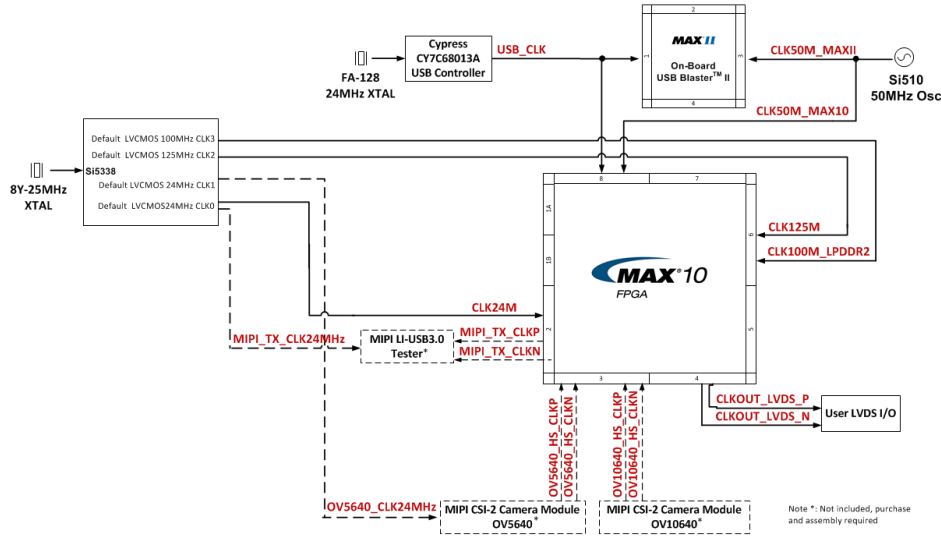


Table 15. Onboard Oscillators

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Frequency	I/O Standard	Device / Pin Number	Application
U14	CLK24M	24.000 MHz	1.8 V CMOS	MAX 10/M9	Programmable default 24 MHz clock for MAX 10
U14	OV5640_CLK24MHz	24.000 MHz	3.3 V CMOS	16 POS FFC connector / J3.12	Clock for MIPI RX OV5640 module
U14	CLK125M	125.000 MHz	3.3 V CMOS	MAX 10/K22	Programmable default 125 MHz clock for PLL generating required clocks for LVDS GPIO interface
U14	CLK100M_LPDDR2	100.000 MHz	3.3 V CMOS	MAX 10/E10	LPDDR2 clock
U15	CLK50M_MAX10	50.000 MHz	3.3 V CMOS	MAX 10/J10	MAX 10 clock
U15	CLK50M_MAXII	50.000 MHz	3.3 V CMOS	MAX II/L1	MAX II clock

3.7.2. Offboard Clock Input/Output

The MAX 10 10M50 Evaluation Board has input and output clocks which can be driven onto the board. Resistor reworking might be needed for specific application.

Table 16. Off-Board Clock Inputs and Outputs

Source	Schematic Signal Name	I/O Standard	MAX 10 FPGA	Description
J12	USER_CLKIN_N_MAX10	1.2 V	K21	Single-ended clock input or user GPIO
J12	USER_CLKIN_P_MAX10	1.2 V	K22	Single-ended clock input
J12	CLKOUT_LVDS_P	2.5 V	V17	Single-ended clock output, or positive terminal for differential clock output to user GPIO
J12	CLKOUT_LVDS_N	2.5 V	W17	Single-ended clock output, or negative terminal for differential clock output to user GPIO

3.7.3. Clock Control GUI

This kit includes a Clock Control GUI application.

The Clock Control GUI application communicates over the JTAG bus to a test design running in the FPGA. It shares the JTAG bus with other applications such as the the Signal Tap Logic Analyzer. Because the Quartus Prime Programmer uses most of the bandwidth of the JTAG bus, other applications using the JTAG bus might time out. Ensure to close the other applications before attempting to reconfigure the FPGA using the Quartus Prime Programmer.

3.7.3.1. The Clock Control

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Board Clock Control application sets the programmable oscillators to any frequency between 10 MHz and 200 MHz. It communicates with the MAX II device on the board through the JTAG bus. The programmable oscillators are connected to the MAX II device through a 2-wire serial bus.

To run the Clock Control GUI, follow these steps:

1. Ensure you install the Quartus Prime Standard Edition software version 22.1 or later and the environment variable `QUARTUS_ROOTDIR` is set correctly.
2. Connect the USB cable to the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Board and power cycle the board.
3. Double click the **Clock Controller** application and the interface is shown in the figure below.
4. Perform **Default** to set the default frequencies to the board: CLK0-24MHz, CLK1-24MHz, CLK2-125MHz, and CLK3-100MHz.
5. Perform **Read** operation to get the current frequency setup.
6. If necessary, input new frequencies to each clock frequency fill-in box and perform **Set New Freq** to set the board to the input clock frequency setup.
7. Select the **Disable** to disable any clock channel if needed.

Figure 8. The Si5338 Tab

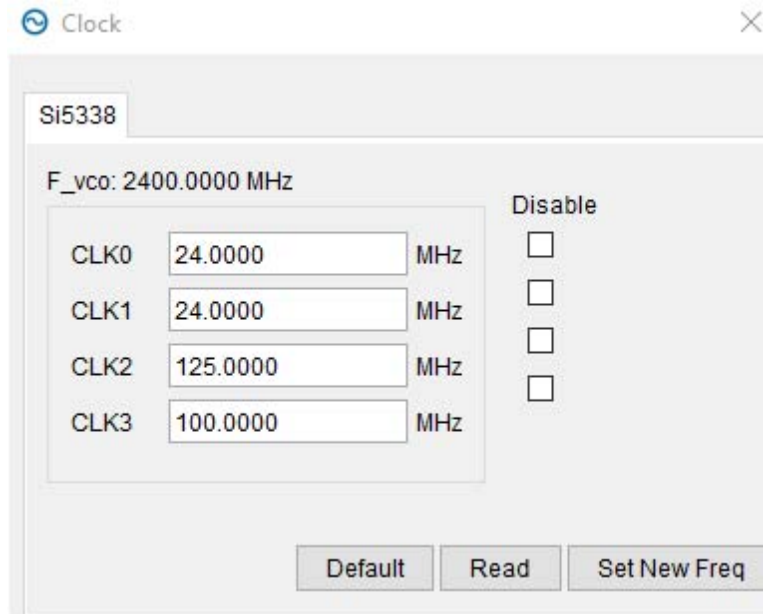


Table 17. The Clock Control Tab

Control	Description
F_vco	Displays the generating signal value of the voltage-controlled oscillator
Registers	Displays the current frequencies for each oscillator
Frequency (MHz)	Allows you to specify the frequency of the clock
Disable	Disables each oscillators as required
Read	Reads the current frequency setting for the oscillator associated with the active tab
Default	Sets the frequency for the oscillator associated with the active tab back to its default value. This can be also be accompanied by power cycling the board.
Set New Freq	Sets the programmable oscillator frequency for the selected clock to the value in the CLK0 and CLK3 controls. Frequency changes might take several milliseconds to take effect. You might see glitches on the clock during this time. Altera recommends you to reset the FPGA logic after changing frequencies. <i>Note:</i> Changing CLK0 of Si5338 affects the Clock/Power GUI. Once clock from Port CLK0 is used to drive the MAX II device which is working as a 2-wire serial bus interface connected to Si570, Si5338 and power monitor.

3.8. Components and Interfaces

This section describes the evaluation board's ports and optional interface cards relative to the MAX 10 FPGA device.

3.8.1. HDMI Video Output

The MAX 10 10M50 evaluation kit supports one HDMI transmitter and one HDMI receptacle. The transmitter incorporates HDMI v1.4 features, and is capable of supporting an input data rate up to 165 MHz (1080p @ 60Hz, UXGA @ 60Hz). The connection between HDMI transmitter and MAX 10 is established in Bank 7, and the communication can be done via I2C interface.

Table 18. HDMI Pin Assignments, Signal Names and Functions

Board Reference (U3)	Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
U3.62	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN0	J12	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.61	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN1	D13	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.60	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN2	E12	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.59	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN3	E13	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.58	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN4	D12	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.57	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN5	B16	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.56	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN6	A16	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.55	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN7	C15	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.54	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN8	B14	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.52	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN9	A14	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.50	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN10	A13	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.49	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN11	B12	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.48	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN12	A12	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.47	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN13	C12	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.46	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN14	A11	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.45	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN15	B11	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.44	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN16	A10	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.43	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN17	C14	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.42	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN18	E14	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus

continued...

Board Reference (U3)	Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
U3.41	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN19	D14	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.40	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN20	C13	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.39	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN21	E15	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.38	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN22	F15	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.37	HDMI_VIDEO_DIN23	D15	3.3 V	HDMI digital video data bus
U3.53	HDMI_VIDEO_CLK	D6	3.3 V	Video clock
U3.63	HDMI_VIDEO_DATA_EN	J13	3.3 V	Video data enable
U3.64	HDMI_HSYNC	H13	3.3 V	Vertical synchronization
U3.2	HDMI_VSYNC	H14	3.3 V	Horizontal synchronization
U3.28	HDMI_INTR	A18	3.3 V	Interrupt signal
U3.35	HDMI_SCL	C16	3.3 V	HDMI I2C clock
U3.36	HDMI_SDA	B17	3.3 V	HDMI I2C data

3.8.2. Pmod Connectors

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit features two Digilent Pmod compatible headers, which are used to connect low frequency, low I/O pin count peripheral modules.

The 12-pin version Pmod connector used in this kit provides 8 I/O signal pins. The peripheral module interface also encompasses a variant using I2C interface, and two or four wire MTE cables. The Pmod signals are connected to Bank 8.

Table 19. Pmod A Pin Assignments, Signal Names and Functions

Schematic Signal Name	Schematic Share Bus Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
PMODA_D0	PMODA_IO0	A6	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODA_D1	PMODA_IO1	E8	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODA_D2	PMODA_IO2	B4	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODA_D3	PMODA_IO3	A5	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODA_D4	PMODA_IO4	B7	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODA_D5	PMODA_IO5	E9	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODA_D6	PMODA_IO6	A4	3.3 V	In/Out
<i>continued...</i>				

Schematic Signal Name	Schematic Share Bus Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
PMODA_D7	PMODA_IO7	B5	3.3 V	In/Out
—	VCC	—	3.3 V	Power
—	GND	—	—	GND

Table 20. Pmod B Pin Assignments, Signal Names and Functions

Schematic Signal Name	Schematic Share Bus Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
PMODB_D0	PMODB_IO0	C8	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODB_D1	PMODB_IO1	D8	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODB_D2	PMODB_IO2	A3	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODB_D3	PMODB_IO3	A2	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODB_D4	PMODB_IO4	B3	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODB_D5	PMODB_IO5	C2	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODB_D6	PMODB_IO6	B1	3.3 V	In/Out
PMODB_D7	PMODB_IO7	B2	3.3 V	In/Out
—	VCC	—	3.3 V	Power
—	GND	—	—	GND

3.8.3. Memory

This section describes the evaluation board's memory interface support and also their signal names, types, and connectivity relative to the FPGA. A soft IP memory controller is required as part of the FPGA design. The memory controller can be a user supplied IP or IP available for purchase from Altera or a partner.

3.8.3.1. LPDDR2

The MAX 10 FPGA provides full-speed support to a x16 LPDDR2 200-MHz interface by using a 1Gbit x 16 memory.

Table 21. LPDDR2 Pin Assignments, Signal Names, and Functions

Board Reference (U2)	Schematic Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
U2.P3	LPDDR2_CA0	J22	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.N3	LPDDR2_CA1	J21	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.M3	LPDDR2_CA2	F22	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.M2	LPDDR2_CA3	H21	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.M1	LPDDR2_CA4	H22	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input

continued...

Board Reference (U2)	Schematic Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
U2.G2	LPDDR2_CA5	D22	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.F2	LPDDR2_CA6	C22	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.F3	LPDDR2_CA7	E22	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.E3	LPDDR2_CA8	A21	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.E2	LPDDR2_CA9	B22	1.2V HSUL	Command/Address Bus Input
U2.K1	LPDDR2_CKE	E21	1.2V HSUL	Clock Enable
U2.L1	LPDDR2_CS _n	G22	1.2V HSUL	Chip Select
U2.J3	LPDDR2_CK	D18	Differential 1.2V HSUL	Differential Input Clock
U2.H3	LPDDR2_CK _n	E18	Differential 1.2V HSUL	Differential Input Clock
U2.N8	LPDDR2_DQ0	N18	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.M8	LPDDR2_DQ1	N20	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.M7	LPDDR2_DQ2	M20	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.M9	LPDDR2_DQ3	M14	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.M6	LPDDR2_DQ4	M18	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.L7	LPDDR2_DQ5	M15	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.L8	LPDDR2_DQ6	L20	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.L9	LPDDR2_DQ7	L18	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 0
U2.G9	LPDDR2_DQ8	K20	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.G8	LPDDR2_DQ9	K19	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.G7	LPDDR2_DQ10	K18	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.F6	LPDDR2_DQ11	H19	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.F9	LPDDR2_DQ12	H20	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.F7	LPDDR2_DQ13	H18	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.F8	LPDDR2_DQ14	J14	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.E8	LPDDR2_DQ15	J18	1.2V HSUL	Data Bus Byte Lane 1
U2.L6	LPDDR2_DQS0	L14	Differential 1.2V HSUL	Data Strobe P Byte Lane 0
U2.L5	LPDDR2_DQS0 _n	L15	Differential 1.2V HSUL	Data Strobe N Byte Lane 0
U2.G6	LPDDR2_DQS1	K14	Differential 1.2V HSUL	Data Strobe Byte P Lane 1
<i>continued...</i>				

Board Reference (U2)	Schematic Signal Name	MAX 10 FPGA Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
U2.G5	LPDDR2_DQS1n	K15	Differential 1.2V HSUL	Data Strobe Byte N Lane 1
U2.K5	LPDDR2_DM0	N19	1.2V HSUL	Input Data Mask Byte Lane 0
U2.H5	LPDDR2_DM1	J15	1.2V HSUL	Input Data Mask Byte Lane 1
U2.D3	LPDDR2_ZQ	/	1.2V HSUL	Output Drive Strength Calibration

Caution: When you start your own design (with unique PCB layout) and intend to use the LPDDR2 interface, you should target the 10M50DCF484I6G or 10M50DAF484I6G. For other MAX 10 parts that support LPDDR2 interfaces (include any 10M16 or higher density MAX 10 device, with dual supply, F256 or higher pin-count, and -i6 speed grade), the Quartus Prime access to these parts requires you to contact your local Altera sales person to provide you with a special **.ini** variable.

3.8.4. Flash

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit provides a 512-Mb (megabit) quad SPI flash memory.

If you use the Parallel Flash Loader (PFL) IP to program the quad SPI flash, you need to generate a **.pof** (Programmer Object File) to configure the device.

To generate a **.pof** file, follow these steps:

1. Create a byte-order **Quartus.ini** file with the setting:
PGMIO_SWAP_HEX_BYTE_DATA=ON.
2. Copy the **.ini** file to the project root directory and open the project with the Quartus Prime Standard Edition software.
3. Open **Convert Programming Files** tool to generate the **.pof** file.

Table 22. Default Memory Map of the 512-Mb Quad SPI Flash

Block Description	Size (KB)	Address Range
Board Test System Scratch	512	0x03F8.0000 – 0x03FF.FFFF
User Software	56640	0x0083.0000 – 0x03F7.FFFF
Factory Software	4096	0x0043.0000 – 0x0082.FFFF
Board Information	64	0x0002.0000 – 0x0002.FFFF
User Design Reset Vector	64	0x0000.0000 – 0x0000.FFFF

Table 23. Flash Pin Assignments, Schematic Signal Names, and Functions

Board Reference (U23)	Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O standard	Description
U23.7	FLASH_CS _n	MAX 10/A8	3.3 V	Chip select
U23.16	FLASH_CLK	MAX 10/A9	3.3 V	Clock

continued...

Board Reference (U23)	Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O standard	Description
U23.3	FLASH_RESETh	MAX 10/B8 MAX II/U14	3.3 V	Reset
U23.15	FLASH_D0	MAX 10/C9	3.3 V	Address Bus
U23.8	FLASH_D1	MAX 10/C10	3.3 V	Address Bus
U23.9	FLASH_D2	MAX 10/C11	3.3 V	Address Bus
U23.1	FLASH_D3	MAX 10/A7	3.3 V	Address Bus

3.8.5. MIPI CSI-2 Transmitter

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit supports one MIPI CSI-2 transmitter D-PHY to Leopard LI-MIPI-USB3-Tester module. This module includes one MIPI clock channel and four MIPI data channels. To interface the CSI-2 D-PHY compliant I/Os, the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit uses one 1.8 V HSTL signal pair and one 2.5 V LVCMOS signal pair to support both high-speed and low-power nodes of one MIPI clock or data lane. The control signals (RST, SCLK, and SDATA) for LI-MIPI-USB3-Tester are implemented with both 1.8V and 3.3V options.

Caution: The implemented D-PHY resistor values need to be adjusted based on user design. Simulation and signal quality measurement is required for optimal resistor values. Refer to [AN-754: MIPI D-PHY Solution with Passive Resistor Networks in Altera Low-Cost FPGAs](#) for technical details on implementing the D-PHY passive circuits. You must also install control signal path resistors (SCLK, SDATA, RST_IO) depending upon the I/O level desired.

Table 24. MIPI CSI-2 Transmitter Pin Assignments, Signal Names, and Functions

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J1 (Cable needed to interface LI-MIPI-USB3-Tester module)		P/N: Molex 52559-3652		
J1.26	MIPI_TX_CLK_HS_P	MAX 10/ R2	1.8V HSTL	Differential output clock (high-speed, positive terminal)
J1.25	MIPI_TX_CLK_HS_N	MAX 10/ R1	1.8V HSTL	Differential output clock (high-speed, negative terminal)
J1.26	MIPI_TX_CLK_LP_P	MAX 10/ Y2	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output clock (low power, positive terminal)
J1.25	MIPI_TX_CLK_LP_N	MAX 10/ Y1	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output clock (low power, negative terminal)
J1.29	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_P1	MAX 10/ N1	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane1 (high speed, positive terminal)
<i>continued...</i>				

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J1.28	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_N1	MAX 10/ P1	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane1 (high speed, negative terminal)
J1.29	MIPI_TX_DATA_LP_P1	MAX 10/ V5	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane1 (high speed, positive terminal)
J1.28	MIPI_TX_DATA_LP_N1	MAX 10/ V4	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane1 (high speed, negative terminal)
J1.23	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_P2	MAX 10/ T2	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane2 (high speed, positive terminal)
J1.22	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_N2	MAX 10/ T1	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane2 (high speed, negative terminal)
J1.23	MIPI_TX_DATA_LP_P2	MAX 10/ AB3	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane2 (high speed, positive terminal)
J1.22	MIPI_TX_DATA_LP_N2	MAX 10/ AB2	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane2 (low power, negative terminal)
J1.20	MAX_TX_DATA_HS_P3	MAX 10/ V1	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane3 (low power, positive terminal)
J1.19	MAX_TX_DATA_HS_N3	MAX 10/ U1	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane3 (high speed, negative terminal)
J1.20	MAX_TX_DATA_LP_P3	MAX 10/ AB5	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane3 (low power, positive terminal)
J1.19	MAX_TX_DATA_LP_N3	MAX 10/ AA5	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane3 (low power, negative terminal)
J1.17	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_P4	MAX 10/ W2	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane4 (high speed, positive terminal)
J1.16	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_N4	MAX 10/ W1	1.8V HSTL	Differential output data Lane3 (high speed, negative terminal)

continued...

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J1.17	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_P4	MAX 10/ AB7	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane4 (low power, positive terminal)
J1.16	MIPI_TX_DATA_HS_N4	MAX 10/ AB6	2.5V LVCMOS	Differential output data Lane4 (low power, negative terminal)
J1.14	MIPI_TX_CMOS_RST_1V8	MAX 10/ T3	1.8V LVCMOS	Reset/Power Down (1.8V)
J1.14	MIPI_TX_CMOS_RST_3V3	MAX 10/ B10	3.3V LVCMOS	Reset/Power Down (3.3V)
J1.13	MIPI_TX_CMOS_SDATA_1V8	MAX 10/ N2	1.8V LVCMOS	Control Bus Data (1.8V)
J1.13	MIPI_TX_CMOS_SDATA_3V3	MAX 10/ H12	3.3V LVCMOS	Control Bus Data (3.3V)
J1.12	MIPI_TX_CMOS_SCLK_1V8	MAX 10/ N3	1.8V LVCMOS	Control Bus Clock (1.8V)
J1.12	MIPI_TX_CMOS_SCLK_3V3	MAX 10/ J11	3.3V LVCMOS	Control Bus Clock (3.3V)
J1.11	MIPI_TX_CLK24MHz	Clock Generator / U14.21	1.8V LVCMOS	24 MHz Reference Clock Output
J1.10	MIPI_TX_GPIO1	MAX 10/ U3	1.8V LVCMOS	GPIO1
J1.9	MIPI_TX_GPIO2	MAX 10/ U2	1.8V LVCMOS	GPIO2
J1.7	MIPI_TX_GPIO3	MAX 10/ U4	1.8V LVCMOS	GPIO3
J1.6	MIPI_TX_GPIO4	MAX 10/ U5	1.8V LVCMOS	GPIO4
J1.5	MIPI_TX_GPIO5	MAX 10/ V3	1.8V LVCMOS	GPIO5
J1.33, J1.32	1.8V_MIPITX	—	1.8V	1.8V
J1.36, J1.35, J1.34	3.3V_MIPITX	—	3.3V	3.3V
J1.3, J1.4, J1.8, J1.15, J1.18, J1.21, J1.24, J1.27, J1.30, J1.31	GND	—	GND	GND

To download MIPI reference designs for this evaluation kit, contact your local Altera sales team for assistance or check the [FPGA Design Store](#).

3.8.6. MIPI CSI-2 Receiver

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit supports MIPI CSI-2 receiver D-PHY to both Leopard Imaging OV10640 and UDOO OV5640 modules. The OV10640 module includes one MIPI clock channel and four MIPI data channels, while the OV5640 module has one MIPI clock channel and two MIPI data channels.

To interface MIPI CSI-2 D-PHY compliant I/O, the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit uses one 2.5 V LVDS signal pair to support high-speed mode and one 1.2 V HSTL signal pair to support low-power mode for each MIPI clock or data lane.

Caution: The implemented D-PHY resistor values need to be adjusted based on user design. Simulation and signal quality measurement is required for optimal resistor values. Refer to [AN-754: MIPI D-PHY Solution with Passive Resistor Networks in Altera Low-Cost FPGAs](#) for technical details on implementing the D-PHY passive circuits.

Table 25. MIPI CSI-2 Receiver (for OV10640 module) Pin Assignments, Signal Names, and Functions

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J2 (Cable needed to interface OV10640 module)		P/N: 52559-3652		
J2.11	OV10640_CLK_HS_P	MAX 10/P11	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input clock (high speed, positive terminal)
J2.12	OV10640_CLK_HS_N	MAX 10/R11	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input clock (high speed, negative terminal)
J2.11	OV10640_CLK_LP_P	MAX 10/T21	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input clock (low power, positive terminal)
J2.12	OV10640_CLK_LP_N	MAX 10/T22	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input clock (low power, negative terminal)
J2.8	OV10640_DATA_HS_P 1	MAX 10/AA20	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane1 (high speed, positive terminal)
J2.9	OV10640_DATA_HS_N 1	MAX 10/AB21	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane1 (high speed, negative terminal)
J2.8	OV10640_DATA_LP_P 1	MAX 10/P21	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane1 (low power, positive terminal)
J2.9	OV10640_DATA_LP_N 1	MAX 10/N22	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane1 (low power, negative terminal)
J2.14	OV10640_DATA_HS_P 2	MAX 10/AB20	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane2 (high speed, positive terminal)
<i>continued...</i>				

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J2.15	OV10640_DATA_HS_N2	MAX 10/AB19	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane2 (high speed, negative terminal)
J2.14	OV10640_DATA_LP_P2	MAX 10/V21	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane2 (low power, positive terminal)
J2.15	OV10640_DATA_LP_N2	MAX 10/V22	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane2 (low power, negative terminal)
J2.17	OV10640_DATA_HS_P3	MAX 10/AB18	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane3 (high speed, positive terminal)
J2.18	OV10640_DATA_HS_N3	MAX 10/AB17	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane3 (high speed, negative terminal)
J2.17	OV10640_DATA_LP_P3	MAX 10/Y22	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane3 (low power, positive terminal)
J2.18	OV0640_DATA_LP_N3	MAX 10/W22	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane3 (low power, negative terminal)
J2.20	OV10640_DATA_HS_P4	MAX 10/AA16	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane4 (high speed, positive terminal)
J2.21	OV10640_DATA_HS_N4	MAX 10/AB16	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane4 (high speed, negative terminal)
J2.20	OV10640_DATA_LP_P4	MAX 10/AA21	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane4 (low power, positive terminal)
J2.21	OV10640_DATA_LP_N4	MAX 10/AA22	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane4 (low power, negative terminal)
J2.23	OV10640_CMOS_RST	MAX 10/P4	1.8 V LVCMOS	Reset/Power down
J2.24	OV10640_CMOS_SDATA	MAX 10/N8	1.8 V LVCMOS	Control Bus Data
J2.25	OV10640_CMOS_SCLK	MAX 10/P5	1.8 V LVCMOS	Control Bus Clock
J2.26	OV10640_24MHz	MAX 10/N5	1.8 V LVCMOS	24 MHz Reference Clock Output
J2.27	OV10640_GYRO_INT	MAX 10/N9	1.8 V LVCMOS	Gyroscope Programmable Interrupt
J2.28	OV10640_G_RDY	MAX 10/R4	1.8 V LVCMOS	Gyroscope Data Ready
J2.31	OV10640_XM_INT1	MAX 10/R7	1.8 V LVCMOS	Accelerometer and magnetic sensor interrupt 1
continued...				

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J2.30	OV10640_XM_INT2	MAX 10/R5	1.8 V LVCMOS	Accelerometer and magnetic sensor interrupt 2
J2.32	OV10640_FSIN	MAX 10/P8	1.8 V LVCMOS	Frame sync input
J2.4, J2.5	1.8V	—	1.8 V	1.8V
J2.1, J2.2, J2.3	3.3V	—	3.3 V	3.3V
J2.6, J2.7, J2.10, J2.13, J2.16, J2.19, J2.22, J2.29, J2.33, J2.34	GND	—	GND	GND

Table 26. MIPI CSI-2 Receiver (for OV5640 module) Pin Assignments, Signal Names, and Functions

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J3 (Cable needed to interface OV5640 module)		Wurth Electronics 68711614522		
J3.6	OV5640_CLK_HS_P	MAX 10/V10	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input clock (high speed, positive terminal)
J3.5	OV5640_CLK_HS_N	MAX 10/V9	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input clock (high speed, negative terminal)
J3.6	OV5640_CLK_LP_P	MAX 10/R15	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input clock (low power, positive terminal)
J3.5	OV5640_CLK_LP_N	MAX 10/R14	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input clock (high speed, positive terminal)
J3.9	OV5640_DATA_HS_P1	MAX 10/AB13	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane1 (high speed, positive terminal)
J3.8	OV5640_DATA_HS_N1	MAX 10/AB12	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane1 (high speed, negative terminal)
J3.9	OV5640_DATA_LP_P1	MAX 10/W19	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane1 (low power, positive terminal)
J3.8	OV5640_DATA_LP_N1	MAX 10/W20	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane1 (low power, negative terminal)
J3.2	OV5640_DATA_HS_P2	MAX 10/AB11	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane2 (high speed, positive terminal)

continued...

Source	Schematic Signal Name	Device/Pin Number	I/O Standard	Description
J3.1	OV5640_DATA_HS_N2	MAX 10/AB10	2.5 V LVDS	Differential input data Lane2 (high speed,negative terminal)
J3.2	OV5640_DATA_LP_P2	MAX 10/P15	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane2 (low power,positive terminal)
J3.1	OV5640_DATA_LP_N2	MAX 10/P14	1.2 V HSTL	Differential input data Lane2 (low power,negative terminal)
J3.13	OV5640_SDC	MAX 10/M3	3.3 V LVCMOS	Control Bus Clock
J3.14	OV5640_SDA	MAX 10/L1	3.3 V LVCMOS	Control Bus Data
J3.12	OV5640_CLK24MHz	Clock Generator / U14.18	3.3 V LVCMOS	System Input Clock
J3.15	OV5640_CAM_RESETB	MAX 10/M4	3.3 V LVCMOS	Reset
J3.11	OV5640_PWRON	MAX 10/L2	3.3 V LVCMOS	Power Down
J3.16	3.3V	—	3.3 V	3.3V
J3.3, J3.4, J3.7, J3.10	GND	—	GND	GND

To download MIPI reference designs for this evaluation Kit, contact your Altera sales team for assistance or check the [FPGA Design Store](#).

3.8.7. Power Supply

The MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit is powered up through a DC power adapter or USB cable. The yellow LEDs D9, D10, and D11 illuminate when the board is powered up.

3.8.7.1. Power Options

You can apply power to the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit by plugging in either the 5 V DC power adapter to wall jack, or the USB cable to your PC. For low-power design, USB cable connection is suggested, and it can easily provide both power and onboard Intel FPGA Download Cable connection. For high-power design, a 5 V DC adapter solution is preferred to ensure device performance.

The board includes one jumper (J11) for power option selection. When use DC power adapter, J11 needs to be placed at Position 1 and 2; while for using USB power, J11 needs to be placed at Position 2 and 3. The USB power is default power setup.

Resistors (R292 and R293) can be populated and used in place of the jumper if you want to hard wire the power option.

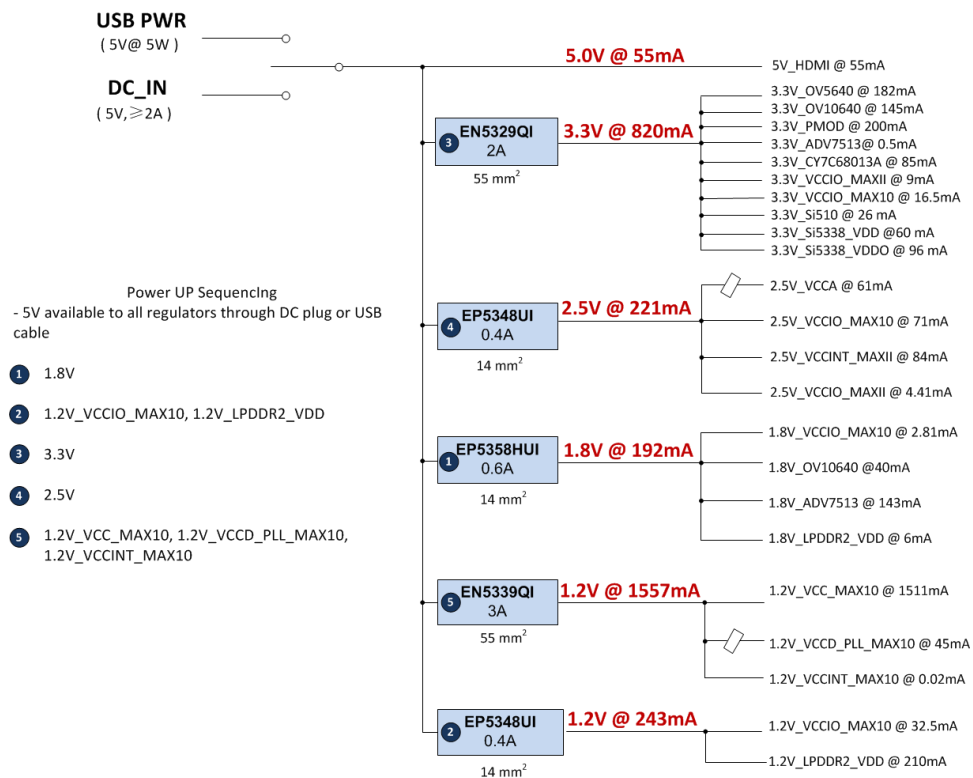
When powered correctly, D9, D10 and D11 will light.

Caution: Resistors R292 and R293 are designed for hard wiring the power selection. J11 must not be used when either R292 or R293 is populated.

3.8.7.2. Power-Up Sequence

The figure below shows the power distribution system on the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Board.

Figure 9. Power Tree—EK-10M50F484 (Power Solution 1)



The power up sequence of the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Board is shown in the table below.

Table 27. Power-Up Sequence—EK-10M50F484 (Power Solution 1)

Power-Up Sequence	Device	Output Voltage (V)
1	EP5358HUI	1.8
2	EP5348UI	1.2
3	EM5329QI	3.3
4	EP5384UI	2.5
5	EN5339QI	1.2

Figure 10. Power Tree—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)

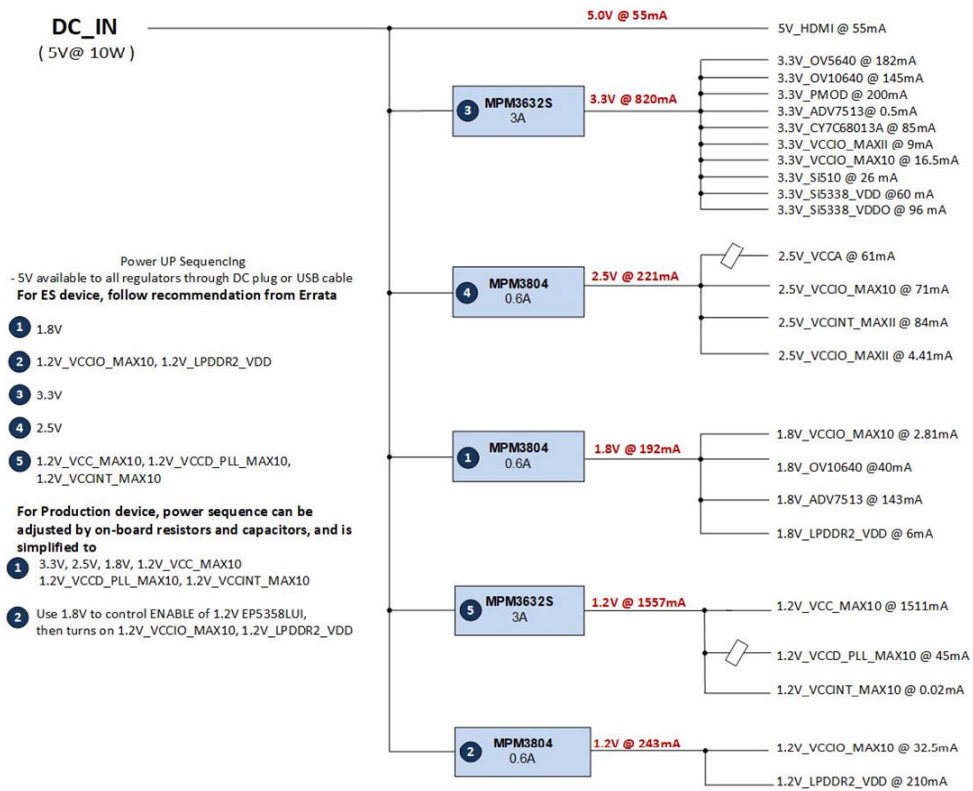


Table 28. Power-Up Sequence—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)

Power-Up Sequence	Device	Output Voltage (V)
1	MPM3804GG-C879-Z	1.8
2	MPM3804GG-C879-Z	1.2
3	MPM3632SGPQ-C879-Z	3.3
4	MPM3804GG-C879-Z	2.5
5	MPM3632SGPQ-C879-Z	1.2

4. Document Revision History for the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit User Guide

Document Version	Changes
2025.11.14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retitled topic <i>Board Component Blocks</i> to <i>Feature Summary</i>. Updated and moved the MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit block diagram to a new topic—<i>Block Diagram</i>. Updated document for the latest branding standards. Made editorial edits throughout the document.
2024.01.11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added Table: <i>Ordering Information</i>. Added Table: <i>Power-Up Sequence—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)</i>. Added Figure: <i>Power Tree—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)</i>. Added Figure: <i>MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Features - Board Image (Front View)—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)</i>. Added Figure: <i>MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Features - Board Image (Rear View)—DK-DEV-10M50F484-C (Power Solution 2)</i>. Updated the <i>MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit Overview</i> section. Updated the <i>Board Overview</i> section. Updated the <i>Board Component Blocks</i> section. Updated the <i>Featured Device: MAX 10 FPGA</i> section. Updated the <i>Installing the Intel FPGA Download Cable II Driver</i> section. Updated the <i>Clock Control GUI</i> section. Updated <i>The Clock Control</i> section. Updated the <i>Flash</i> section. Updated the <i>Power-Up Sequence</i> section. Updated Table: <i>MAX 10 FPGA (10M50, 484-FPGA) Evaluation Kit Components</i> Updated Figure: <i>The Si5338 Tab</i>. Rebranded the document to <i>MAX 10 FPGA 10M50 Evaluation Kit User Guide</i>.
2021.09.30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated the <i>J12.3</i> and <i>J12.5</i> rows in Table: <i>User Defined I/O Through-Hole Vias</i> in General User Input/Output on page 17. Updated the <i>K21</i> and <i>K22</i> rows in Table: <i>Off-Board Clock Inputs and Outputs</i> in Offboard Clock Input/Output on page 22.
2020.04.02	<p>Updated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>J12.3</i> and <i>J12.5</i> rows updated in <i>User Defined I/O Through-Hole Vias Table</i> in General User Input/Output on page 17 <i>K21</i> and <i>K22</i> rows updated in <i>Off-Board Clock Inputs and Outputs Table</i> in Offboard Clock Input/Output on page 22

Version	Release Date	Description
Production Kit	February 2016	Initial Release for Rev. A board

A. Additional Information

This chapter provides additional information about the document and Altera.

A.1. Safety and Regulatory Information



ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT PRODUCT - NOT FOR RESALE OR LEASE

This development kit is intended for laboratory development and engineering use only.

This development kit is designed to allow:

- Product developers and system engineers to evaluate electronic components, circuits, or software associated with the development kit to determine whether to incorporate such items in a finished product.
- Software developers to write software applications for use with the end product.

This kit is not a finished product and when assembled may not be resold or otherwise marketed unless all required Federal Communications Commission (FCC) equipment authorizations are first obtained.

Operation is subject to the condition that this product not cause harmful interference to licensed radio stations and that this product accept harmful interference.

Unless the assembled kit is designed to operate under Part 15, Part 18 or Part 95 of the United States Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 47, the operator of the kit must operate under the authority of an FCC licenseholder or must secure an experimental authorization under Part 5 of the United States CFR Title 47.

Safety Assessment and CE & UKCA mark requirements have been completed, however, other certifications that may be required for installation and operation in your region have not been obtained.

A.1.1. Safety Warnings





Power Supply Hazardous Voltage

AC mains voltages are present within the power supply assembly. No user serviceable parts are present inside the power supply.


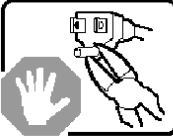
Power Connect and Disconnect

The AC power supply cord is the primary disconnect device from mains (AC power) and used to remove all DC power from the board/system. The socket outlet must be installed near the equipment and must be readily accessible.

	WARNING	
RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK		
Connect only to a properly earth grounded outlet. Apparaten skall anslutas till jordat uttag när den ansluts till ett nätverk.		

System Grounding (Earthing)

To avoid shock, you must ensure that the power cord is connected to a properly wired and grounded receptacle. Ensure that any equipment to which this product is attached to is also connected to properly wired and grounded receptacles.

	WARNING	
RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK		
Do not attempt to modify or use the supplied AC power cord if it is not the exact type and rating required.		

Power Cord Requirements

The plug on the power cord must be a grounding-type male plug designed for use in your region. It must have certification marks showing certification by an agency in your region. The connector that plugs into the appliance inlet of the power supply must be an IEC 320, sheet C13, female connector. If the power cord supplied with the system does not meet requirements for use in your region, discard the cord, and do not use it with adapters. Use only certified power supply cord with appropriate gauge, designed for use in your region.



Lightning/Electrical Storm

Do not connect/disconnect any cables or perform installation/maintenance of this product during an electrical storm.

Risk of Fire

To reduce the risk of fire, keep all flammable materials a safe distance away from the boards and power supply. You must configure the development kit on a flame retardant surface.

A.1.2. Safety Cautions

	CAUTION	
	Hot Surfaces and Sharp Edges	
<p>Integrated Circuits and heat sinks may be hot if the system has been running. Also, there might be sharp pins and edges on some boards. Contact should be avoided.</p>		

Thermal and Mechanical Injury

Certain components such as heat sinks, power regulators, and processors may be hot. Heatsink fans are not guarded. Power supply fan may be accessible through guard. Care should be taken to avoid contact with these components.



Cooling Requirements

Maintain a minimum clearance area of 5 centimeters (2 inches) around the side, front and back of the board for cooling purposes. Do not block power supply ventilation holes and fan.

Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI)

This equipment has not been tested for compliance with emission limits of FCC and similar international regulations. Use of this equipment in a residential location is prohibited. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy which may result in harmful interference to radio communications. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, you are required to take measures to eliminate this interference.

Telecommunications Port Restrictions

The wireline telecommunications ports (modem, xDSL, T1/E1) on this product must not be connected to the Public Switched Telecommunication Network (PSTN) as it might result in disruption of the network. No formal telecommunication certification to FCC, R&TTE Directive, or other national requirements have been obtained.



Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Warning

A properly grounded ESD wrist strap must be worn during operation/installation of the boards, connection of cables, or during installation or removal of daughter cards. Failure to use wrist straps can damage components within the system.

Attention: Please return this product to Altera for proper disposition. If it is not returned, refer to local environmental regulations for proper recycling. Do not dispose of this product in unsorted municipal waste.

Lithium Ion Battery Warnings



Lithium Battery: Risk of explosion if the lithium battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Risk of fire, explosion, or chemical burn if the battery is mistreated (punctured or crushed). Do not attempt to disassemble. Do not incinerate. Observe proper polarity when replacing battery. Do not dispose—the battery is intended to be serviced and disposed by qualified Altera service personnel only.

Perchlorate Material: Special handling may apply. For more details, refer to www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate. This notice is required by California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5, Chapter 33: Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials. This product includes a battery which contains perchlorate material.

Taiwan battery recycling:



廢電池請回收

(Translation - please recycle batteries)

Please return this product to Altera for proper disposition. If it is not returned, refer to local environmental regulations for proper recycling. Do not dispose of product in unsorted municipal waste.

A.2. Compliance Information

CE EMI Conformity Caution

This development board is delivered conforming to relevant standards mandated by Directive 2014/30/EU. Because of the nature of programmable logic devices, it is possible for the user to modify the development kit in such a way as to generate electromagnetic interference (EMI) that exceeds the limits established for this equipment. Any EMI caused as a result of modifications to the delivered material is the responsibility of the user of this development kit.

