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# ANR009 PROTEUS-III

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## ADVANCED DEVELOPER GUIDE

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## Revision history

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## Abbreviations and abstract

Abbreviation	Name	Description
BTMAC		Bluetooth® conform MAC address of the module used on the RF-interface.
CS	Checksum	Byte wise XOR combination of the preceding fields.
DTM	Direct test mode	Mode to test Bluetooth® specific RF settings.
GAP	Generic Access Profile	The GAP provides a basic level of functionality that all Bluetooth® devices must implement.
I/O	Input/output	Pinout description.
LPM	Low power mode	Mode for efficient power consumption.
MAC		MAC address of the module.
MTU	Maximum transmission unit	Maximum packet size of the Bluetooth® connection.
Payload		The intended message in a frame / package.
RF	Radio frequency	Describes wireless transmission.
RSSI	Receive Signal Strength Indicator	The RSSI indicates the strength of the RF signal. Its value is always printed in two's complement notation.
Soft device		Operating system used by the nRF52 chip.
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter	Allows the serial communication with the module.
[HEX] 0xhh	Hexadecimal	All numbers beginning with 0x are hexadecimal numbers. All other numbers are decimal, unless stated otherwise.

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# 1 Introduction

This document provides all the information necessary to integrate the Proteus-III Bluetooth® LE module into user application. The standard features available with the default firmware are described in detail. Further, key parameters of the Bluetooth® LE specifications necessary to ensure interoperability with Bluetooth® compliant third party devices are listed and described in detail.

Besides of this, valuable hints to start an app development as well as to start a custom firmware development on base of the Proteus-III hardware are given in the subsequent chapters.

## 2 Prerequisites

A basic understanding of the Bluetooth® LE standard as well as application development background on the desired platform is necessary to fully understand this document.

The manual of Proteus-III contains basic information of the standard firmware and the software interfaces provided by the application. Please read this manual carefully and completely before using its information.

Würth Elektronik eiSos does not provide general support towards the Bluetooth® standard or smart device app development (independent of the platform).

## 3 Bluetooth profiles

Bluetooth® specification uses so called "Profiles" to specify the general behavior of a Bluetooth® enabled device to communicate with other Bluetooth® devices. Profiles are built on the Bluetooth® standard to clearly define what kind of data is transmitted. The device's application determines which profiles it must support, from hands-free capabilities to heart rate sensors to alerts and more.

A device may support more than one profile. For two devices to be compatible, they must support the same Bluetooth® LE profile.

The Proteus-III module ships with the so called AMBER SPP-like (Serial Port Profile) profile created based on the Generic Attribute profile (GATT). This profile aims at providing a Bluetooth® LE based wireless replacement to a serial cable connection.

## 4 AMBER SPP-like profile

This section contains the key data of the AMBER SPP-like profile. Each device in the network must support this profile to communicate with a Proteus-III device with the default SPP-like firmware. Customer applications may support and/or provide other profiles, services or interfaces.

### 4.1 Generic Access Protocol (GAP)

The main purpose of this protocol is to describe the parameters of lower layers of the Bluetooth® stack including discovery, scanning and security capabilities. The Proteus-III GAP specifications are listed below:

- Appearance as specified in the user setting `RF_Appearance`.
- Device name as specified in the user setting `RF_DeviceName`.
- Device address (6 Byte MAC) of type "public", see user setting `FS_BTMAC` (0x0018DAxxxxxx)
- Timings:
  - See user settings `RF_ScanTiming` and `RF_ScanFlags` for scan and advertising related timing parameters like
    - \* Advertising interval
    - \* Scan window
    - \* Scan interval
    - \* Connection setup timeout
  - See user setting `RF_ConnectionTiming` for connection related timing parameters like
    - \* Minimum connection interval
    - \* Maximum connection interval
    - \* Connection supervision timeout
  - See user setting `RF_TXPower` for TX power value.
  - See user setting `RF_SecFlags` for security settings.
  - Slave latency: 0
  - Peripheral requests for connection parameters update if central has differing connection parameters
    - \* Connection parameters update (initial): 5s
    - \* Connection parameters update (periodic): 10s
    - \* Connection parameters update counter before connection shut down: 3



## 4.2 Generic Attribute Profile (GATT)



The directions RX and TX in this document are described from the perspective of a central role, see description below.

### 4.2.1 Data length extension

The Proteus-III supports up to 243 Byte of payload data. To use this feature the data length extension has to be requested by the central device. In this case, the GATT MTU size must be 243 Byte payload + 1 Byte AMBER header + 3 Byte NUS header, which is 247 Byte in total.

The PDU size should be 243 Byte payload + 1 Byte AMBER header + 3 Byte NUS header + 4 Byte Bluetooth® LE header, which is 251 Byte in total.



Check also the message charts in chapter 5 to see the MTU request in the connection setup process.

### 4.2.2 Company identifier

The Bluetooth® listed company identifier of Würth Elektronik eiSos (formerly Amber wireless GmbH) is 0x031A (794<sub>dec</sub>).

### 4.2.3 UUID

The Proteus-III uses a 128Bit UUID of type "Vendor specific". The base UUID is adapted by the 16Bit UUIDs of the primary service and the corresponding characteristics.

These UUIDs are only allowed to be used when one of the two corresponding devices is a Proteus-III module or contains a Proteus-III module of Würth Elektronik eiSos which have pre-installed firmware.

Service	16Bit UUID	Full UUID
Proteus-III base		6E400000-C352-11E5-953D-0002A5D5C51B
Proteus-III primary service	0x0001	6E400001-C352-11E5-953D-0002A5D5C51B
TX_CHARACTERISTIC	0x0002	6E400002-C352-11E5-953D-0002A5D5C51B
RX_CHARACTERISTIC	0x0003	6E400003-C352-11E5-953D-0002A5D5C51B



By means of the user setting `RF_SPPBaseUUID` the base UUID can be adapted to generate a custom profile.

## 4.2.4 Primary Service

### 4.2.4.1 Characteristics

- The first characteristic of the Proteus-III primary service is `TX_CHARACTERISTIC`:
  - The data is sent from central/client to peripheral/server using a write command.
  - Server:
    - \* Has to allow a write command as well as a write without response command.
  - Client:
    - \* Use write command to send data to the server.
- The second characteristic of the Proteus-III primary service is `RX_CHARACTERISTIC`:
  - The data is sent from peripheral/server to central/client using a notification.
  - Server:
    - \* Has to allow/enable notifications. Notify client/central when sending data.
    - \* When the notification enable bit is written in the CCCD (Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor) by the central, the peripheral prints a `CMD_CHANNELOPEN_RSP` on the UART to signalize that the peripheral can send data to the central now. The central can only write this bit, when the configured security level of the peripheral has been met.
  - Client:
    - \* Has to enable notifications.

The permissions to access the characteristics is determined by the security mode of the module.

Proteus-III security mode	CCCD read	CCCD write, RX attribute read/write, TX attribute read/write
No security	no protection, open link	no protection, open link
Just works	no protection, open link	require encryption, but no MITM protection (Mode 1, Level 2)
Static pass key	no protection, open link	require encryption and MITM protection (Mode 1, Level 3)
Lesc Pass key	no protection, open link	require encryption, MITM protection, lesc (Mode 1, Level 4)
Lesc numeric comparison	no protection, open link	require encryption, MITM protection, lesc (Mode 1, Level 4)

## 4.3 Bluetooth LE packet content

### 4.3.1 RF-Packet format

To identify the type of data transmitted via Bluetooth® LE, the data protocol on the radio contains a 1 Byte packet header. Thus, the standard Bluetooth® LE payload has to match the following format to be understood by the Proteus-III:

Bluetooth® LE Payload	
AMBER Header	Payload
1 Byte	$\Phi_{ST}$ Bytes

Table 1: RF-packet format

The maximum payload size  $\Phi_{ST}$  is 243 Bytes.

The AMBER Header has to be one of the following types:

**0x01:** RF\_HEADER\_TYPE\_DATA: The following bytes contain the user payload data.

**0x02:** RF\_HEADER\_TYPE\_CMD: The following bytes contain command data. See chapter 5.3 for more details.

**Other:** Other headers are reserved for future use and packets with this header are currently discarded.

### 4.3.2 Advertising packet content

The standard Proteus-III advertising packet contains the following data:

- Advertising data flags
- The UUID (128 Bit Proteus-III primary service UUID) of the AMBER SPP-like profile
- TXPower level (1 Byte in two's complement notation, only in command mode)
- Proteus-III device name as Shortened Local Name (up to 5 Bytes in command mode, up to 8 Bytes in peripheral only mode)

### 4.3.3 Scan response packet content

The scan response packet is requested during scan if active scanning is enabled. The standard Proteus-III scan response packet contains the following data:

- Manufacturer data (up to 20 Bytes) in RF-packet format (see Table 1) using the company identifier. This manufacturer data is used to realize the Beacon feature.

## 5 App development

The definition of the AMBER SPP-like profile (see section 4) in combination with the message charts of chapter 5 are sufficient to develop custom apps for mobile devices. To implement this profile from scratch fundamental knowledge of app development as well as of the Bluetooth® LE standard is required.

### 5.1 Connection setup message charts

The following message charts show which steps are run during the connection setup process between two Proteus-III modules. To implement the central role in an app to connect to the Proteus-III peripheral the steps of the central device shown below have to be reproduced.

More detailed information can be found in the message chart chapter of Nordic Semiconductor's documentation of the Softdevice S140 V7.0.1.

#### 5.1.1 No security and authentication

If the Proteus-III peripheral does not use any security settings, we just have to connect to it. After connecting a MTU request is necessary to allow a higher payload size. After the discovery of the characteristics, the notification of the RX characteristic has to be enabled.

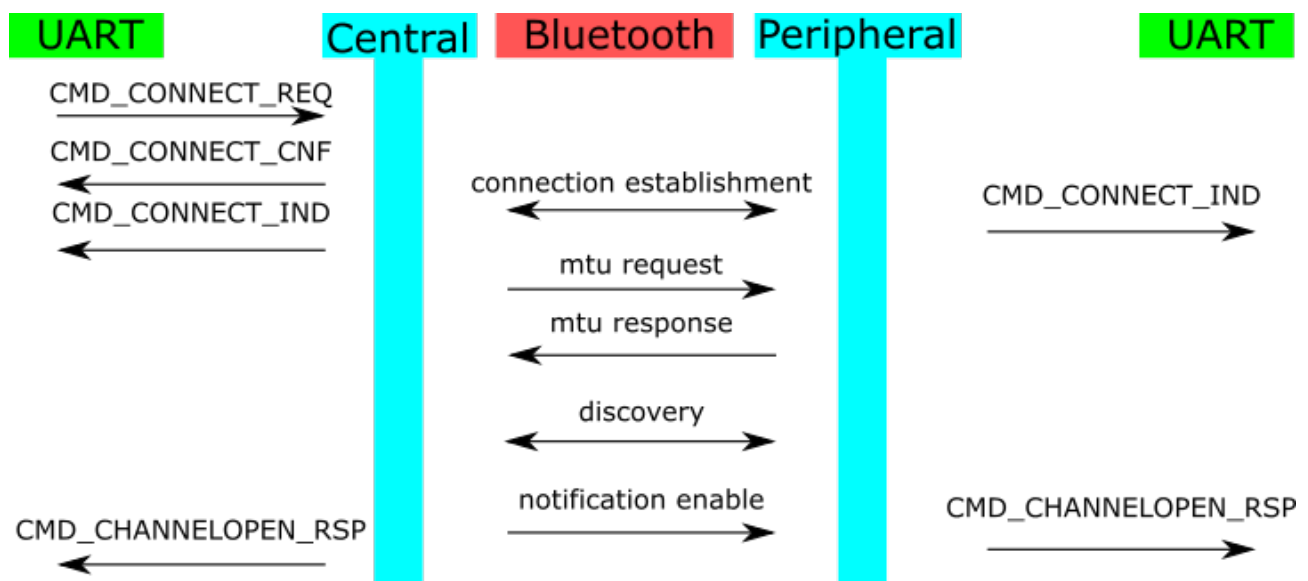


Figure 1: No security enabled

#### 5.1.2 Just works pairing

If the Proteus-III peripheral needs the just works pairing security level, we just have to place a just works pairing request (no in/out capabilities, no mitm) after the connection step was run. Here a MTU request is necessary again to allow a higher payload size. After the discovery of the characteristics, the notification of the RX characteristic has to be enabled.

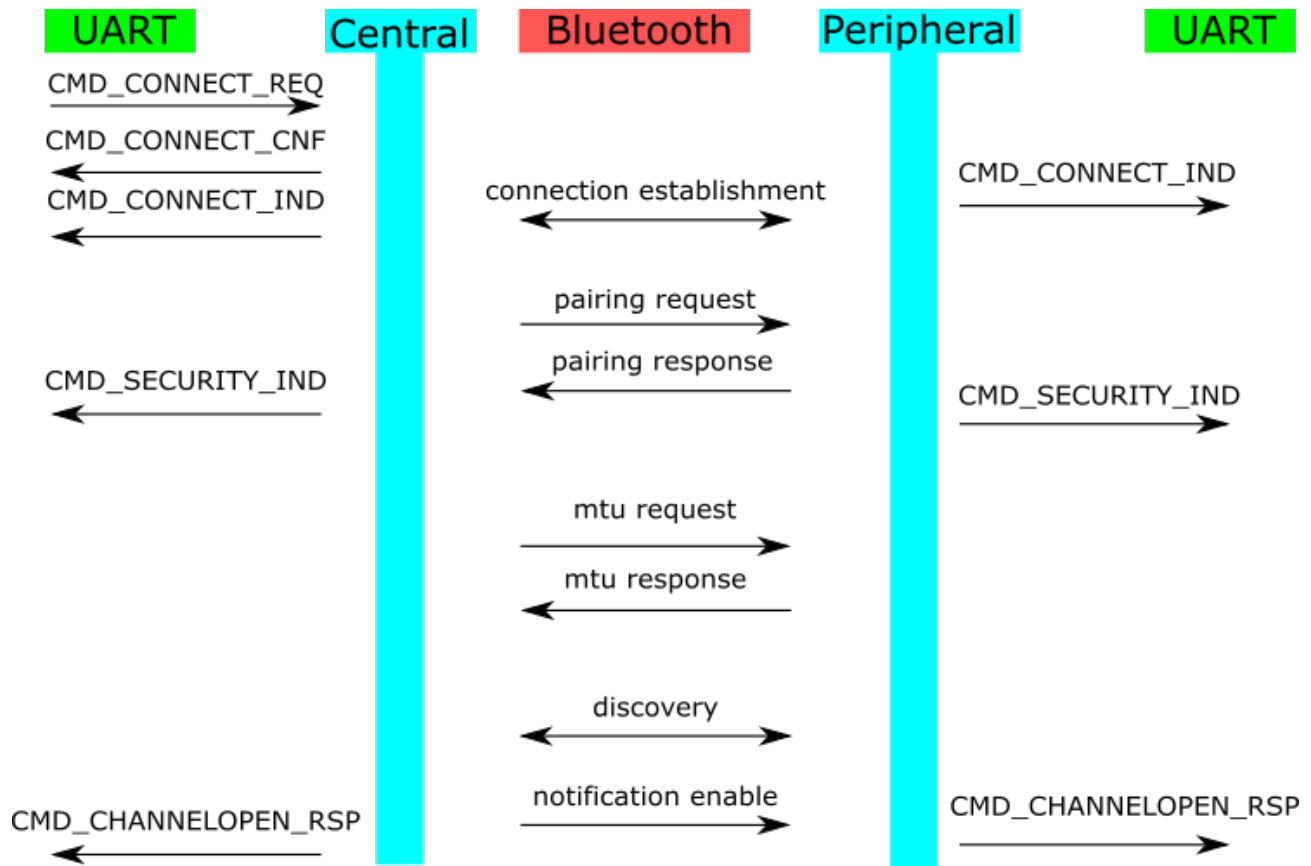


Figure 2: Just works pairing enabled

### 5.1.3 Static pass key pairing

If the Proteus-III peripheral needs the static pass key pairing security level, we just have to place a pairing request (keyboard only, mitm) after the connection step was run. The Proteus-III sends a pass key request, such that the static pass key of the Proteus-III peripheral has to be entered on the central side (app).

Afterwards a MTU request is necessary again to allow a higher payload size. After the discovery of the characteristics, the notification of the RX characteristic has to be enabled.



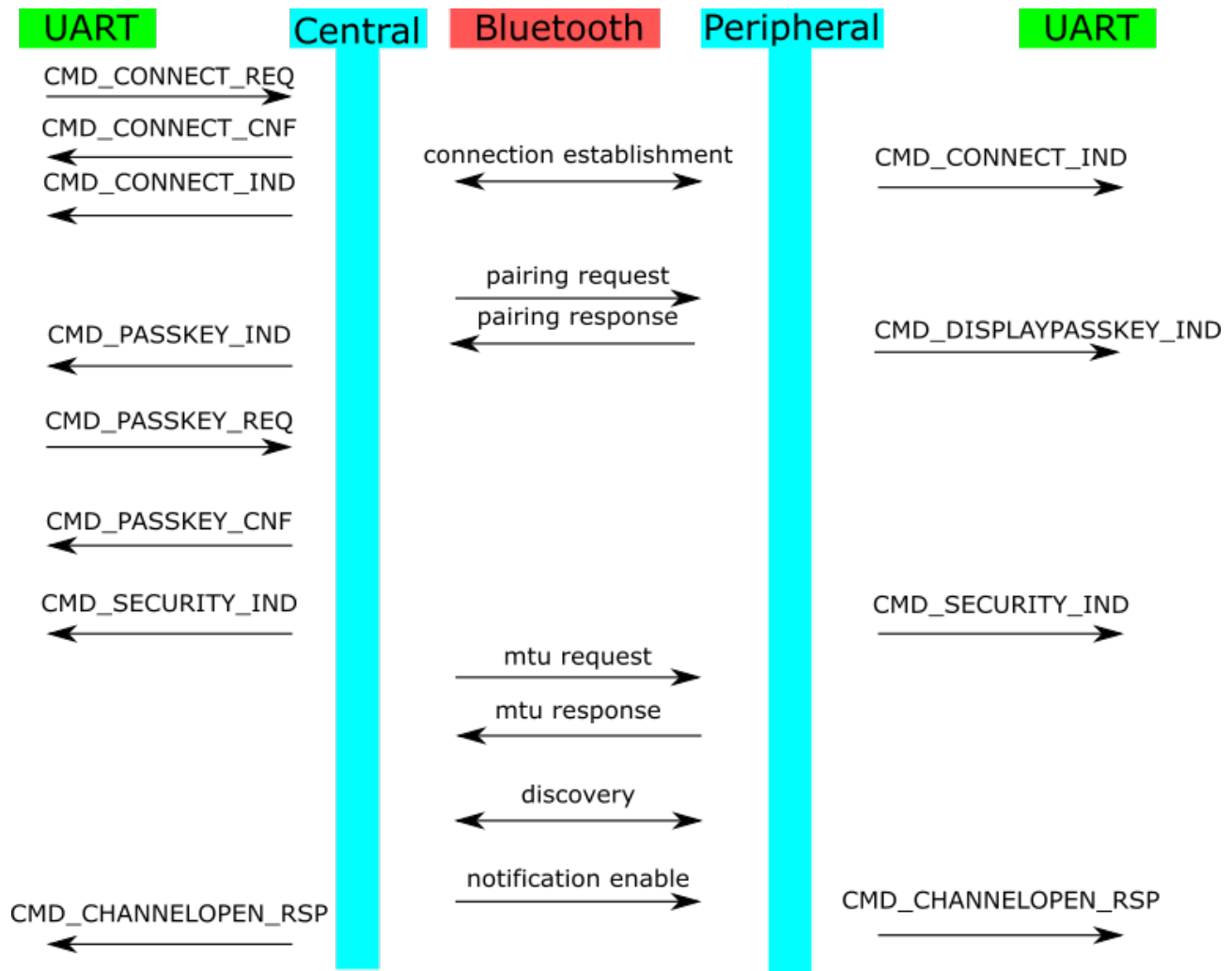


Figure 4: Lesc pass key pairing enabled

### 5.1.5 Lesc numeric comparison pairing

If the Proteus-III peripheral needs the lesc numeric comparison pairing security level, we just have to place a pairing request (display yes/no, mitm, lesc) after the connection step was run. The Proteus-III sends a lesc numeric comparison request, such that the lesc pass key is output on central and peripheral side. Both, the central and peripheral need to confirm that the displayed key on the central and peripheral device coincide.

Afterwards a MTU request is necessary again to allow a higher payload size. After the discovery of the characteristics, the notification of the RX characteristic has to be enabled.

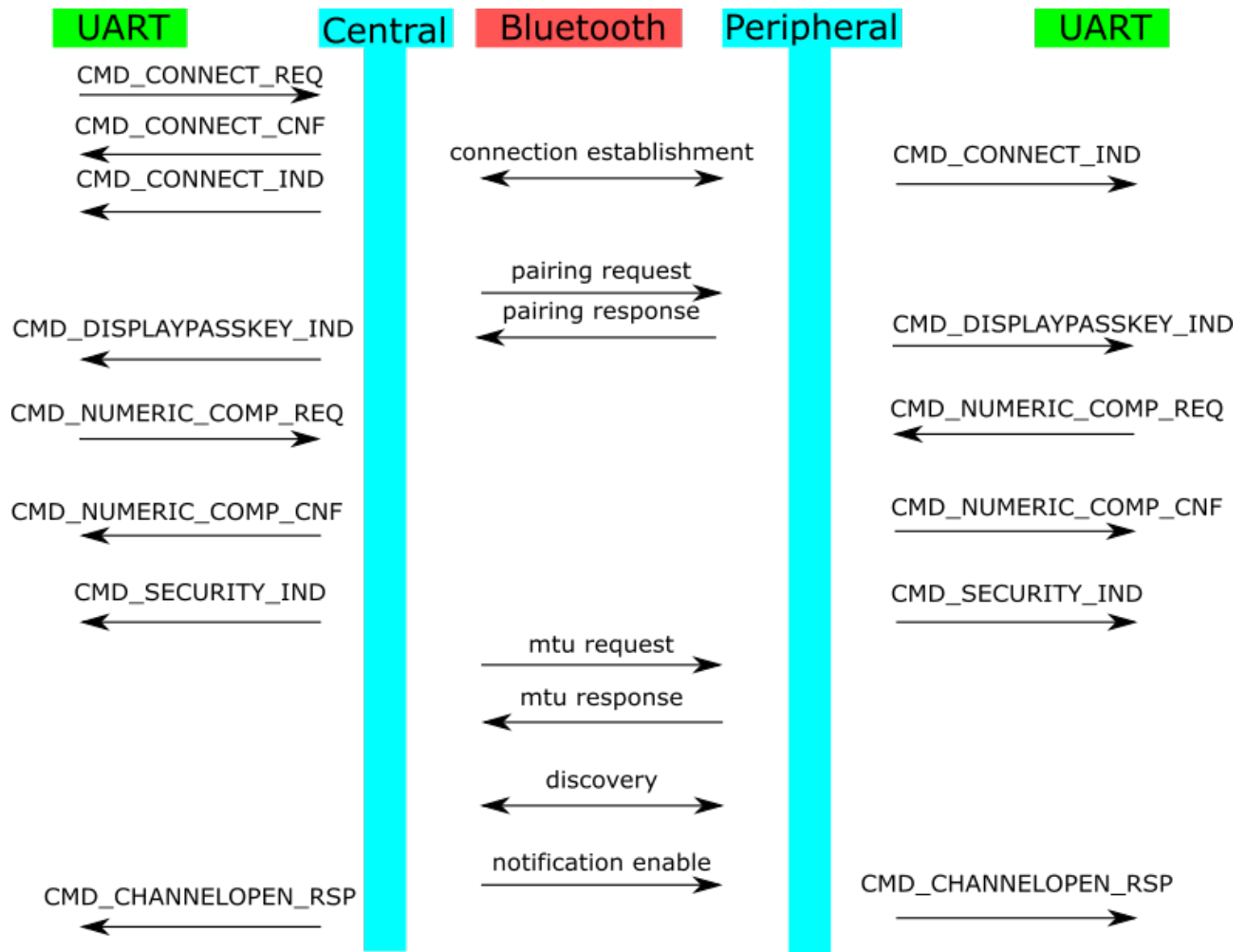


Figure 5: Lesc numeric comparison pairing enabled



## 5.2 Enable notifications

As described in the previous chapter 5.1 the final step for a successful connection set-up is the enabling of the notification of the TX\_CHARACTERISTIC. To do so, the Android's Bluetooth® LE stack offers the following function, that has to be called with the TX\_CHARACTERISTIC.

```
IBluetoothGatt mService;

/** TX NOTIFICATION
 * Enable or disable notifications /indications for a given characteristic .
 *
 * <p>Once notifications are enabled for a characteristic , a
 * {@link BluetoothGattCallback#onCharacteristicChanged} callback will be
 * triggered if the remote device indicates that the given characteristic
 * has changed.
 *
 * <p>Requires {@link android.Manifest.permission#BLUETOOTH} permission.
 *
 * @param characteristic The characteristic for which to enable notifications
 * @param enable Set to true to enable notifications / indications
 * @return true, if the requested notification status was set successfully
 */
public boolean setCharacteristicNotification (BluetoothGattCharacteristic characteristic ,
boolean enable) {
    if (DBG) {
        Log.d(TAG, " setCharacteristicNotification () _uuid:_ " + characteristic.getUuid()
+ "_enable:_ " + enable);
    }
    if (mService == null || mClientIf == 0) return false;

    BluetoothGattService service = characteristic.getService();
    if (service == null) return false;

    BluetoothDevice device = service.getDevice();
    if (device == null) return false;

    try {
        mService.registerForNotification (mClientIf , device.getAddress(),
        characteristic.getInstanceId(), enable);
    } catch (RemoteException e) {
        Log.e(TAG, "", e);
        return false;
    }

    return true;
}
```

Code 1: Example code to enable the TX characteristic notification

Please note that the iOS's Bluetooth® LE stack calls the corresponding function automatically. Thus calling a notification enable function from the app's application layer is not needed.

## 5.3 Remote GPIO control

The Proteus-III contains the feature to control its free GPIOs via remote access. To do so, first of all the local host must configure the GPIOs of interested. Then the GPIOs can be written or read by a remote device.

To use this feature via APP, the respective radio commands must be send via Bluetooth® LE. To do so, the data to be send has the following structure:

Bluetooth® LE Payload	
AMBER Header	Command Payload
0x02	x Bytes

Table 2: RF-packet command format

### 5.3.1 CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITECONFIG\_REQ

This command can be used to configure the free GPIOs of the remote device.  
Format:

AMBER Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0x28	x Bytes		x Bytes

Response (CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITECONFIG\_CNF):

AMBER Header	Command   0x40	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0x68	x Bytes		x Bytes

### CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITECONFIG\_REQ block structure

Each **Block** has the following format:

Length	GPIO_ID	Function	Value
0x03	1 Byte	1 Byte	1 Byte

**Length:** Length of the subsequent bytes in this block

**GPIO\_ID:** ID of the GPIO, see Proteus-III manual

**Function:**

**0x01:** GPIO works as input

**0x02:** GPIO works as output

**Value:**

- if **Function** is input:
  - 0x00**: GPIO has no pull resistor
  - 0x01**: GPIO has pull down resistor
  - 0x02**: GPIO has pull up resistor
- if **Function** is output:
  - 0x00**: GPIO is output low
  - 0x01**: GPIO is output high

### CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITECONFIG\_CNF block structure

Each **Block** has the following format:

Length	GPIO_ID	Status
0x02	1 Byte	1 Byte

**Length**: Length of the subsequent bytes in this block

**GPIO\_ID**: ID of the GPIO, see Proteus-III manual

**Status**:

**0x00**: Success

**0x01**: Failed

**0xFF**: Remote configuration not allowed (blocked by the user setting CFG\_Flags of the remote device)

#### 5.3.1.1 Example: Configure two GPIOs of the connected remote device to output high

Configure the GPIOs with ID **0x01** and **0x02** to output high:

AMBER Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>	Block <sub>2</sub>
0x02	0x28	0x03 <b>0x01</b> 0x02 0x01	0x03 <b>0x02</b> 0x02 0x01

Response:

AMBER Header	Command   0x40	Block <sub>1</sub>	Block <sub>2</sub>
0x02	0x68	0x02 <b>0x01</b> 0x00	0x02 <b>0x02</b> 0x00

Configured both GPIOs with success.

### 5.3.2 CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READCONFIG\_REQ

This command can be used to read the configuration of the free GPIOs of the remote device.  
Format:

AMBER Header	Command
0x02	0x2C

Response (CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READCONFIG\_CNF):

AMBER Header	Command   0x40	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0x6C	x Bytes		x Bytes

#### CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READCONFIG\_CNF block structure

Each **Block** has the following format:

Length	GPIO_ID	Function	Value
0x03	1 Byte	1 Byte	1 Byte

**Length:** Length of the subsequent bytes in this block

**GPIO\_ID:** ID of the GPIO, see Proteus-III manual

**Function:**

**0x00:** GPIO is not configured yet (Length is 0x02 and **Value** is empty)

**0x01:** GPIO works as input

**0x02:** GPIO works as output

**Value:**

- if **Function** is input:
  - 0x00:** GPIO has no pull resistor
  - 0x01:** GPIO has pull down resistor
  - 0x02:** GPIO has pull up resistor
- if **Function** is output:
  - 0x00:** GPIO is output low
  - 0x01:** GPIO is output high

#### 5.3.2.1 Example: Read the current GPIO configuration of the connected remote device

Read the current GPIO configuration of the connected remote device:

AMBER Header	Command
0x02	0x2C

Response:

AMBER Header	Command   0x40	Blocks
0x02	0x6C	0x03 <b>0x01</b> 0x02 0x01 0x03 <b>0x02</b> 0x02 0x01 0x02 <b>0x03</b> 0x00 0x02 <b>0x04</b> 0x00 0x02 <b>0x05</b> 0x00 0x02 <b>0x06</b> 0x00

The GPIOs with GPIO\_ID **0x01** and **0x02** are output high. The remaining GPIOs with GPIO\_ID **0x03,0x04,0x05** and **0x06** are not configured.

### 5.3.3 CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITE\_REQ

This command can be used to write the free GPIOs of the remote device. This command can be only run successfully if the respective pins of the remote device are configured as output pins.

Format:

AMBER Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0x29	x Bytes		x Bytes

Response (CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITE\_CNF):

AMBER Header	Command   0x40	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0x69	x Bytes		x Bytes

### CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITE\_REQ block structure

Each **Block** has the following format:

Length	GPIO_ID	Value
0x02	1 Byte	1 Byte

**Length:** Length of the subsequent bytes in this block

**GPIO\_ID:** ID of the GPIO, see Proteus-III manual

**Value:**

**0x00:** Set GPIO to low

**0x01:** Set GPIO to high

### CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_WRITE\_CNF block structure

Each **Block** has the following format:

Length	GPIO_ID	Status
0x02	1 Byte	1 Byte

**Length:** Length of the subsequent bytes in this block

**GPIO\_ID:** ID of the GPIO, see Proteus-III manual

**Status:**

**0x00:** Success

**0x01:** Failed

### 5.3.3.1 Example: Set a remote output GPIO to low

Set the output GPIO (GPIO\_ID **0x01**) of the connected remote device to low:

AMBER Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>
0x02	0x29	0x02 <b>0x01</b> 0x00

Response:

AMBER Header	Command   0x40	Block <sub>1</sub>
0x02	0x69	0x02 <b>0x01</b> 0x00

Successfully set GPIO with GPIO\_ID **0x01** to low.

### 5.3.4 CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READ\_REQ

This command can be used to read the free GPIOs of the remote device. This command can be only run successfully if the respective pins of the remote device are configured as output or input pins.

Format:

Amber Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0x2A	x Bytes		x Bytes

Response (CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READ\_CNF)

Amber Header	Command   0x40	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0x6A	x Bytes		x Bytes

#### CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READ\_REQ block structure

Each **Block** has the following format:

Length	GPIO_ID <sub>1</sub>	...	GPIO_ID <sub>n</sub>
1 Bytes	1 Byte		1 Byte

**Length:** Length of the subsequent bytes in this block

**GPIO\_ID:** ID of the GPIO, see Proteus-III manual

#### CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READ\_CNF block structure

Each **Block** has the following format:

Length	GPIO_ID	Value
0x02	1 Byte	1 Byte

**Length:** Length of the subsequent bytes in this block

**GPIO\_ID:** ID of the GPIO, see Proteus-III manual

**Value:**

**0x00:** The remote GPIO is low.

**0x01:** The remote GPIO is high.

**0xFF:** Failed reading remote GPIO value.

#### 5.3.4.1 Example: Read the values of remote GPIOs

Read the value of the GPIOs with GPIO\_ID **0x01** and **0x02** of the connected remote device:



Amber Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>
0x02	0x2A	0x02 <b>0x01 0x02</b>

Response:

Amber Header	Command   0x40	Block <sub>1</sub>	Block <sub>2</sub>
0x02	0x6A	0x02 <b>0x01</b> 0x00	0x02 <b>0x02</b> 0x01

Successfully read the values of the remote GPIOs with GPIO\_ID **0x01** (GPIO is low) and **0x02** (GPIO is high).

### 5.3.5 CMD\_GPIO\_LOCAL\_WRITE\_IND

This message informs the connected remote device, that the radio module's local host has written the GPIOs.



Please note that only the GPIOs are part of this message, that have been updated successfully. Failed attempts of GPIO updates will not be indicated by this message.

Format:

Amber Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>	...	Block <sub>n</sub>
0x02	0xA8	x Bytes		x Bytes

Each **Block** has the format of CMD\_GPIO\_REMOTE\_READ\_CNF block structure.

#### 5.3.5.1 Example: GPIOs of the remote device have been written by its local host

Amber Header	Command	Block <sub>1</sub>	Block <sub>2</sub>
0x02	0xA6	0x02 <b>0x01</b> 0x00	0x02 <b>0x02</b> 0x01

The GPIOs with GPIO\_ID **0x01** (GPIO is low) and **0x02** (GPIO is high) of the remote device have been written by its local host.

## 5.4 Bonding development hints

The firmware of the Proteus-III provides the bonding feature that allows to re-pair without repeating the authentication step (e.g. entering the static passkey). Thus, in the initial connection all bonding data is stored in the devices' flash to be used during the setup of subsequent connections.

The function `CMD_DELETEBONDS_REQ` of the Proteus-III allows to remove not needed bonding data from the module's flash. Thus in case of missing bonding data on one of the two connection partners, a re-bonding has to be initiated by the central device! Otherwise, the security level is not met to send the "notification enable" and thus the channel for data transmission cannot be opened.



Please note that iOS devices do not run the re-bonding step by default, if bonding data is missing on one of the two connection partners. In certain cases, the bonding data on the iOS device has to be cleared first, such that iOS starts the re-bonding step.

## 5.5 Nordic Bluetooth LE UART example app as base

Nordic Semiconductor provides source code to develop Android, iOS and Windows applications. To implement the AMBER SPP-like profile for your own app, these source codes can be taken as a base for your own app development.



Please note that this app does not implement any authentication and security features. Thus, the Proteus-III to connect to must have no security enabled when using this provided example. Furthermore, the request for data length extension is not part of the provided source code.

The following few changes have to be applied to the Nordic UART-APP-example to implement the SPP-like profile:

- Replace the implemented UUIDs by the SPP-like profile UUID.  
Android example:

```
private final static UUID UART_SERVICE_UUID = UUID.fromString("6E400001-C352-11E5-953D-0002A5D5C51B");
private final static UUID UART_RX_CHARACTERISTIC_UUID = UUID.fromString("6E400002-C352-11E5-953D-0002A5D5C51B");
private final static UUID UART_TX_CHARACTERISTIC_UUID = UUID.fromString("6E400003-C352-11E5-953D-0002A5D5C51B");
```

Code 2: Update UUID

- When sending data, add the packet header in front of the payload.  
Android example:

```
public void send(final String text) {
    // Are we connected?
    if (mRXCharacteristic == null)
        return;
```

```

if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(text) && mOutgoingBuffer == null) {
final char AMBER_RF_HEADER_TYPE_DATA = 0x01;
final byte[] buffer = mOutgoingBuffer = (AMBER_RF_HEADER_TYPE_DATA + text).getBytes();
mBufferOffset = 0;
...
}

```

Code 3: Add packet header on sender side

```

public void onDataSent(final String data) {
if (AMBER_RF_HEADER_TYPE_DATA == data.charAt(0)) {
Logger.a(getLogSession(), "Valid_data_sent:" + data.substring(1) + "\"");
}
else {
Logger.w(getLogSession(), "Invalid_data_sent:" + data + "\"");
}
...
}

```

Code 4: Check packet header in sender callback

- When receiving data, first interpret the header to detect the data type before any other action (data output or command execution) is performed.

Android Example:

```

public void onDataReceived(final String data) {
if (AMBER_RF_HEADER_TYPE_DATA == data.charAt(0)) {
Logger.a(getLogSession(), "Valid_data_received:" + data.substring(1) + "\"");
}
else {
Logger.w(getLogSession(), "Invalid_data_received:" + data + "\"");
}
...
}

```

Code 5: Remove packet header on receiver side

## 6 Custom firmware development

Using the Proteus-III hardware a custom firmware can be developed to better fit the customer's needs. Based on the Nordic Semiconductor SDK and demo examples various Bluetooth® LE profiles and custom applications can be realized and flashed on the Proteus-III module. The versatile and well documented Nordic stack ensures quick and easy realization of various standard Bluetooth® LE profiles. Chapter 6.2 contains the information needed to run Nordic standard examples on the Proteus-III hardware.

On the other hand, Würth Elektronik eiSos provides firmware development services for customers that are not interested in writing their own firmware stack. Here, Würth Elektronik eiSos can quickly adapt the Proteus-III standard firmware to the customer's need or completely develop a new firmware from scratch (see chapter 6.1).

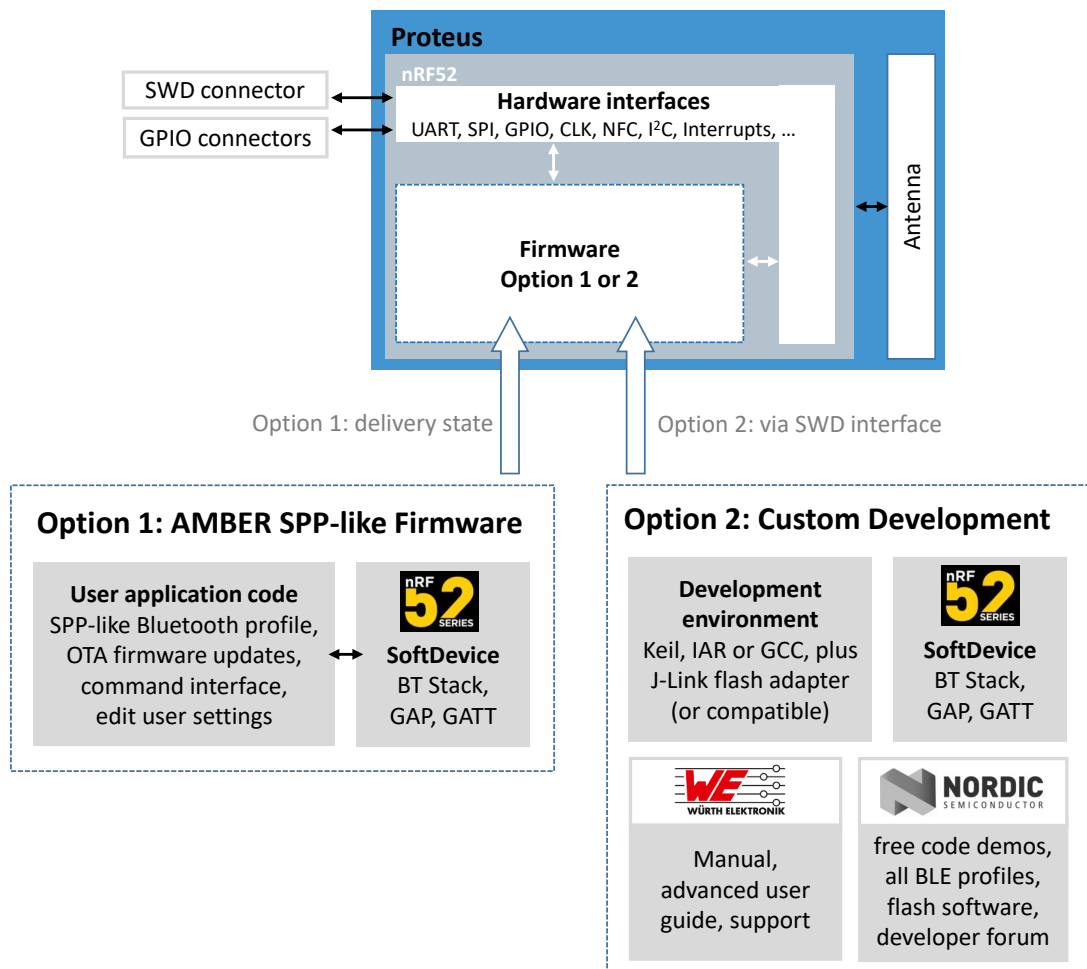


Figure 6: Options for running the Proteus-III with standard or custom firmware

### 6.1 Custom firmware services of Würth Elektronik eiSos

The Proteus-III firmware as described in the Proteus-III manual includes the Softdevice, a dual-bank bootloader and the application hosting the SPP-like protocol for RF communication. After flashing this firmware onto the chip, there are up to 150kB free memory for custom applications that can be included into the firmware on request.

If more memory is needed, the dual-bank bootloader can be replaced by a single-bank bootloader or even completely removed. In this case, more than 600kB of memory can be reserved for custom application code. As an alternative external Flash/EEPROM IC(s) can be connected to the module (e.g. using SPI or I2C interface) on the customer PCB.



Source codes for the Proteus-III SPP-like firmware are property of Würth Elektronik eiSos and will not be provided to customers. Nonetheless, Würth Elektronik eiSos may consider different license models or exceptions for individual customers.

Besides of this, Würth Elektronik eiSos also provides custom firmware developments from scratch. Please contact your local field sales engineer (FSE) or [wireless-sales@we-online.com](mailto:wireless-sales@we-online.com) to discuss further details.

## 6.2 Important information for custom firmware development

To start a custom firmware development on top of the Proteus-III hardware, the following information must be considered:

- **Chip**  
The Proteus-III contains the Nordic Semiconductor nRF52840-CKAA SoC. The CPU is a 64MHz ARM Cortex-M4F.
- **Pinout**  
The Proteus-III provides the following pins of the Nordic SoC with its pads. Only the *ANT*, *RF*, *GND*, *VDD*, *Reset*, *SWDCLK* and *SWDIO* pins are fixed. All other pins can be used for custom firmware development. For special functions like near field communication (NFC), external low frequency quartz crystal XL or analog input (AIN) the respective pins have to be used.

No.	Pad Name	No.	Pad Name
1	ANT	13	P1.08
2	RF	14	P1.09
3	GND	15	P0.11
4	SWDCLK	16	P0.12
5	SWDIO	17	P0.03/AIN1
6	P0.18/Reset	18	GND
7	P0.02/AIN0	B1	P0.09/NFC1
8	VDD	B2	P0.10/NFC2
9	P0.19	B3	P0.23
10	P0.22	B4	P1.00
11	P0.00/XL1	B5	P0.21
12	P0.01/XL2	B6	P0.07

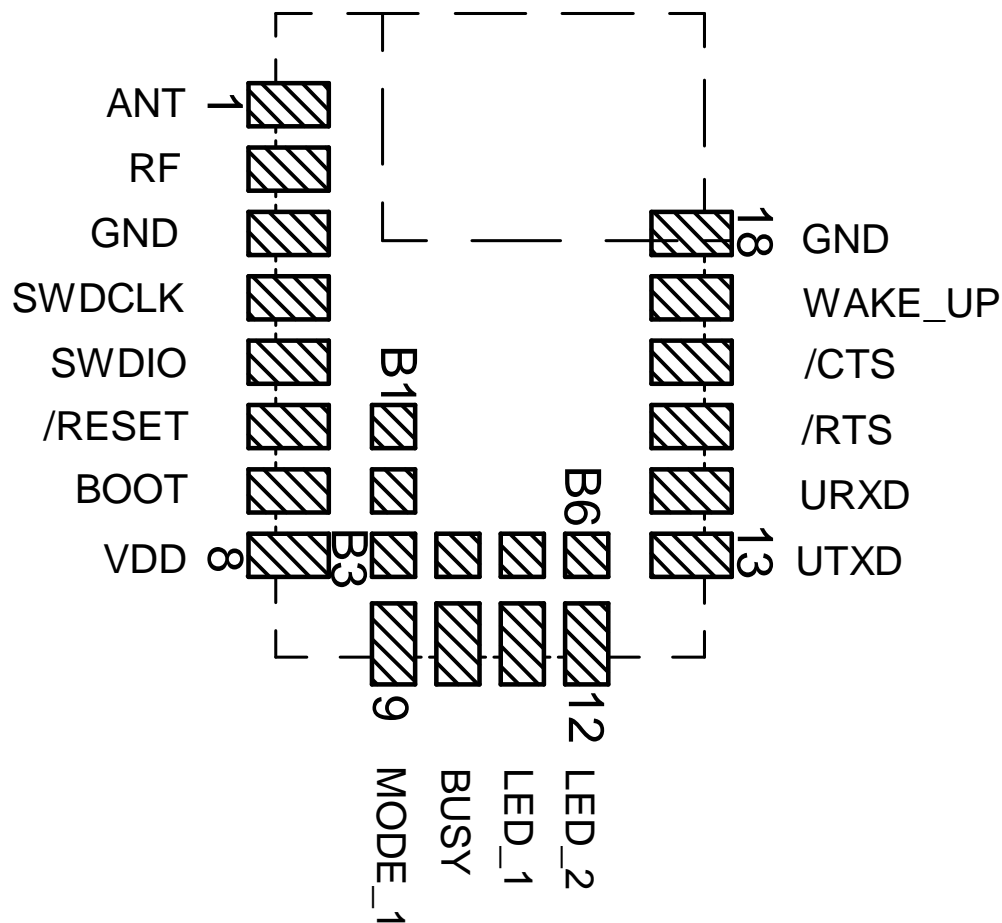


Figure 7: Pinout

- **Hardware for development & debugging**  
Using Segger J-Link flasher and the SWD interface is required for firmware development and debugging. Checkout the Proteus-III-EV board. It provides the easiest way to develop software based on Proteus-III module or apps for the SPP-like profile.
- **Software development environment**  
Nordic Semiconductor provides software packages for several compilers (KEIL, IAR, GCC, Segger Embedded).  
For example, the Keil SDK includes the required Bluetooth® LE stack ("Softdevice"), many demo examples for Bluetooth® LE profiles and services to conveniently develop a custom firmware on basis of the Nordic SoC. Further library's for hardware peripheral (such as ADC, I2C, SPI, UART etc.) are also include in the SDK and examples. More information and details about the chip and the operating system is bundled on the Nordic Semiconductor Infocenter:  
<http://infocenter.nordicsemi.com/>

Please check the tab "nRF52 Series" to access the newest information about the nRF52 radio chip and the software environment.

If available, use the examples for the Nordic evaluation platform (like PCA10040 or PCA10056) as a starting point. See also chapter 6.2.1 for more information how to run Nordic standard examples on top of the Proteus-III.

- Clock sources

The Proteus-III module contains a dedicated RF clock (HFCLK). The Proteus-III does not contain a dedicated low frequency clock (LFCLK). Thus custom firmware must use the internal RC-oscillator as long as no external clock crystal is connected to the respective pins (XL1, XL2) on the customer PCB.

Example for enabling the internal RC oscillator for SDK 15.3.0:

```
// <0> NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_SRC – SoftDevice clock source.
// <0=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_SRC_RC
// <1=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_SRC_XTAL
// <2=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_SRC_SYNTH
#ifndef NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_SRC
#define NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_SRC 0
#endif

// <0> NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_RC_CTIV – SoftDevice calibration timer interval.
#ifndef NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_RC_CTIV
#define NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_RC_CTIV 16
#endif

// <0> NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_RC_TEMP_CTIV – SoftDevice calibration timer interval under
//    constant temperature.
// <i> How often (in number of calibration intervals) the RC oscillator shall be calibrated
// <i> if the temperature has not changed.
#ifndef NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_RC_TEMP_CTIV
#define NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_RC_TEMP_CTIV 2
#endif

// <0> NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY – External clock accuracy used in the LL to compute
//    timing.
// <0=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_250_PPM
// <1=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_500_PPM
// <2=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_150_PPM
// <3=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_100_PPM
// <4=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_75_PPM
// <5=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_50_PPM
// <6=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_30_PPM
// <7=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_20_PPM
// <8=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_10_PPM
// <9=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_5_PPM
// <10=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_2_PPM
// <11=> NRF_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY_1_PPM
#ifndef NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY
#define NRF_SDH_CLOCK_LF_ACCURACY 1
#endif
```

Code 6: sdk\_config.h



Code may differ when using different SDK version.

- Voltage regulator

As internal voltage regulator, we recommend to use the DCDC instead of the LDO. The DCDC has to be switched on explicitly in application code. Example for SDK 15.3.0:

```
sd_power_dcdc_mode_set(NRF_POWER_DCDC_ENABLE);
```



Code may differ when using different SDK version.

Changing from LDO to DCDC reduces the current consumption of the module to meet lowest power specifications.

- Certification  
Custom firmware may require additional certification. Please contact your Bluetooth® certified testing laboratory regarding this questions.
- Bluetooth®-Listing  
Any (end-)device containing Bluetooth® IP must be listed by the Bluetooth® SIG which requires membership and qualification. Please contact the Bluetooth® SIG or your preferred Bluetooth® certification laboratory for question. Further information are available in the Proteus-III manual.
- Serial number  
The unique serial number (used for tracing and the generation of the Proteus-III BT-MAC) is placed in the user information configuration register (UICR->Customer[0]) and will be removed by flashing a customer firmware onto the SoC.



## 6.2.1 How to adapt Nordic Semiconductor SDK examples to run on the Proteus-III hardware?



The following description is based on the SDK 15.3.0. Code may differ when using a different Softdevice and/or SDK version.

Please perform the following steps to run a Nordic standard example on the Proteus-III:

1. Open the example project of interest and compile.
2. In case of success<sup>1</sup>, enable the DCDC by adding the following line at the end of the stack init function.

```
static void ble_stack_init(void){
.
.
.
// Enable DCDC
err_code = sd_power_dcdc_mode_set(NRF_POWER_DCDC_ENABLE);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
}
```

3. If no external crystal has been connected to the radio module, enable the internal RC-oscillator as shown in code example 6.
4. Go to the file board.h and add the include for the Proteus-III.h board file.

```
#if defined(BOARD_PCA10040)
#include "pca10040.h"
#elif defined(BOARD_PROTEUSI)
#include "ProteusI.h"
#elif defined(BOARD_PROTEUSII)
#include "ProteusII.h"
#elif defined(BOARD_PROTEUSIII)
#include "ProteusIII.h"
#else
#error "Board_is_not_defined"
#endif
```

<sup>1</sup> If you have a Nordic evaluation board available, please check that the original example without modifications runs successfully on the Nordic evaluation board.

5. Then create the Proteus-III board file. To do so, please copy the board file of the Nordic evaluation board (like PCA10040 or PCA10056) and add the pinout, led button numbering, button numbering and clock definition of the Proteus-III:

```

#ifndef PROTEUSIII_H
#define PROTEUSIII_H

#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif

#include "nrf_gpio.h"

/* PINS of the nRF52840 */

#define NRF_PIN_LED_1 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,0)
#define NRF_PIN_LED_2 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,1)
#define NRF_PIN_BOOT NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,2)
#define NRF_PIN_SLEEP NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,3)
#define NRF_PIN_SPICS NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,7)
#define NRF_PIN_B6 NRF_PIN_SPICS
#define NRF_PIN_NFC1 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,9)
#define NRF_PIN_B1 NRF_PIN_NFC1
#define NRF_PIN_NFC2 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,10)
#define NRF_PIN_B2 NRF_PIN_NFC2
#define NRF_PIN_UARTRTS NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,11)
#define NRF_PIN_UARTCTS NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,12)
#define NRF_PIN_RESET NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,18)
#define NRF_PIN_SPICLK NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,19)
#define NRF_PIN_OPERATIONMODE NRF_PIN_SPICLK
#define NRF_PIN_SPI1 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,21)
#define NRF_PIN_B5 NRF_PIN_SPI1
#define NRF_PIN_SPI2 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,22)
#define NRF_PIN_BUSY NRF_PIN_SPI2
#define NRF_PIN_SPI3 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(0,23)
#define NRF_PIN_B3 NRF_PIN_SPI3
#define NRF_PIN_SPI4 NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(1,0)
#define NRF_PIN_B4 NRF_PIN_SPI4
#define NRF_PIN_UARTTX NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(1,8)
#define NRF_PIN_UARTRX NRF_GPIO_PIN_MAP(1,9)

// LEDs definitions for PROTEUSIII
#define LEDS_NUMBER 2
#define LEDS_LIST { NRF_PIN_LED_1, NRF_PIN_LED_2 }
#define BSP_LED_0 NRF_PIN_LED_1
#define BSP_LED_1 NRF_PIN_LED_2
/* all LEDs are lit when GPIO is high */
#define LEDS_ACTIVE_STATE 1
#define LEDS_INV_MASK LEDS_MASK

// Buttons definitions for PROTEUSIII
#define BUTTONS_NUMBER 1
#define BUTTONS_LIST { NRF_PIN_SLEEP }
#define BSP_BUTTON_0 NRF_PIN_SLEEP
#define BUTTON_PULL NRF_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP
#define BUTTONS_ACTIVE_STATE 0

```

```
// UART definitions for PROTEUSIII
#define RX_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTRX
#define TX_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTTX
#define RTS_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTRTS
#define CTS_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTCTS

#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif

#endif // PROTEUSIII_H
```

Code 7: Content of the ProteusIII.h

6. In the project options, we need to link to the Proteus-III hardware instead to the Nordic evaluation board hardware. This can be done by adding "BOARD\_PROTEUSI" macro and by removing the respective macro of the Nordic platform in the precompiler options of the project.
7. Then check that the application code uses the pins names defined in the Proteus-III.h . Probably peripheral pins (UART, SPI,...), LED pins and/or button pins have to be adapted to fit the pin definition of the Proteus-III.h .



Please make sure that the selected pin number and its function matches the underlying hardware (e.g. evaluation board Proteus-III-EV).

8. Now all necessary changes have been done. Thus recompile the whole project and check for errors.
9. In case of success, erase the whole chip and flash ONLY the Softdevice onto the chip. The J-Flash tool can be used to do so.
10. After this, flash the compiled project code onto the chip using Keil (or the IDE of your choice) without erasing the flash area of the Softdevice.
11. Now, the whole code has been flashed and testing can start.

## 6.2.2 Firmware development hints

When creating a custom firmware the following hints may be useful during development:

- In standard Nordic examples, the *Reset* pin is hard coded. We recommend using the pin definition of the board-file to guarantee that changes in the layout take effect.
- After the chip was flashed or when a clock signal was applied to the *SWCLK* pin, the chip is in debug mode. In this case, all chip states are simulated. Please repower the chip to be in normal mode to test modes like the system off mode (especially when you want to measure currents of a low power mode).

- Reviewing the pin settings (direction, pull-up/-down resistors) of the firmware is the first option when experiencing leakage current.
- The *UART RX* pin is quite sensitive towards wrong levels during UART start-up. A floating *UART RX* pin of the SoC may result in unwanted behavior. In this case, an internal or external pull-up resistor can be installed to prevent floating. Be aware that this resistor will lead to leakage current.
- The *NFC* pins are optimized for NFC function and can lead to leakage current when not used properly in GPIO mode.
- Checkout the errata sheet of the nRF52 SoC to have an overview of known issues with the nRF52 SoC and possible software workarounds.

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### 9.4 Firmware update(s)

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## 9.9 Miscellaneous

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