

Arduino Platform with Analog Devices Technology for Flexible Industrial Control

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Abstract

Software-configurable systems enable industrial original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) to deliver unprecedented flexibility to the factory floor while simplifying product complexity. Introducing the Arduino OPTA platform for rapid development and deployment of automation systems, this article examines the features offered by Analog Devices technology integrated into the module, as well as complimentary ADI solutions for complete signal chains in input/output (IO) modules.

Introduction

New software-configurable input/output (SWIO) features for control automation equipment allow any industrial IO function to be accessed from any pin, with the ability to configure channels anytime. This allows for customization at the time of installation—resulting in faster time to market, fewer design resources, and universal products that can be implemented broadly across various projects and customers.

To minimize the size of programmable logic controllers (PLCs) and enhance their configurability, Arduino has integrated the AD74412R into their micro PLC platform. The [Arduino OPTA](#), shown in Figure 1, serves as an ideal platform for this quad-channel SWIO solution. It allows system architects and end users in building and process control environments to program it with ease using the [Arduino PLC-integrated development environment \(IDE\)](#). The SWIO single-chip solution combines functions for analog output, analog input, digital input, and resistance temperature detector (RTD) measurements, with serial port interface (SPI)-compatible data transfer and programming.

Arduino Module Detailed Information

Arduino designs, manufactures, and supports electronic devices and software, providing people globally with access to advanced technologies that interact with the physical world. Their products are straightforward, simple, and powerful, fulfilling the needs of users with ease. The PLC IO expansion exemplifies this, offering an easily configurable industrial instrument.



Figure 1. An OPTA module.

Table 1. OPTA Technical Specifications

Inputs	6x analog programmable <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4x 0 V to 10 V or 0/4-20 mA • 2x 0 V to 10 V or 0/4-20 mA or PT100 	Outputs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2x analog programmable: 0 V to 10 V or 0/4-20 mA • 4x PWM outputs
Analog Inputs Resolution	12 bit	Analog Outputs Resolution	12 bit
Programming Languages from the Base Module	From the main OPTA controller using <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arduino programming language via IDE • IEC 61131-3 via PLC IDE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ladder diagram (LD) • Function block diagram (FBD) • Sequential function chart (SFC) • Structured text (ST) • Instruction list (IL) 	Expandability	Through AUX port on the left and on the right. Available to connect to the OPTA base module or to expansions already connected. Enabling the connection of additional expansions in daisy chain.
Supply Voltage	24 V DC through dedicated pins	Operating Temperature	-20°C to +50°C (-4°F to +122°F)
IP Protection	IP20	Certifications	cULus listed, ENEC, CE

The module's hardware supports full software configurability, enabling end users to program the input and output connections directly from the cloud. The flexibility provided by the AD74412R within the IO expansion connected to the OPTA PLC offers a fully configurable solution for Industry 4.0 applications. The interface is user friendly, allowing connections to various devices such as valves, 2-wire RTDs, pressure sensors, position sensors, 4-20 mA devices, buttons, switches, etc., all programmable via software. This component supports the implementation of Industry 4.0 in safe environments, with its robust design ensuring protection and IEC 61131-3 compliance. Additionally, the expansion includes two ports specifically for 3-wire RTD precision measurements.

The OPTA expansion enhances hardware capabilities while maintaining ease of programming through the Arduino IDE. The development tool offers a wide range of ready-to-use sketches, tutorials, and libraries, significantly reducing the time to market for the rail installer due to its low code approach and pre-mapped resources. Furthermore, the OPTA has the capability of real-time remote monitoring, firmware updates over-the-air through intuitive Arduino Cloud dashboards, and secure communication with a broad array of connected devices. Table 1 lists the technical specifications of the OPTA unit, with key features illustrated in Figure 2.

Complementary ADI Solutions

Complete universal IO modules can be achieved by integrating the AD74412R with the digital output capabilities of the [MAX14906](#), along with solutions for power, protection, processing, security, and communication. The push towards Industry 4.0 and the digitization of factories necessitates higher IO counts, which are supported by integrated power solutions such as the [ADP1032](#). This IC not only provides two regulated outputs but also offers galvanic isolation, safeguarding analog front ends by isolating SPI and GPIO signals and integrating an isolated DC-to-DC converter. Similarly, compact printed circuit board (PCB) designs are facilitated by using the [MAX17671](#), which regulates the 24 V input to a module, minimizing the need for external components.

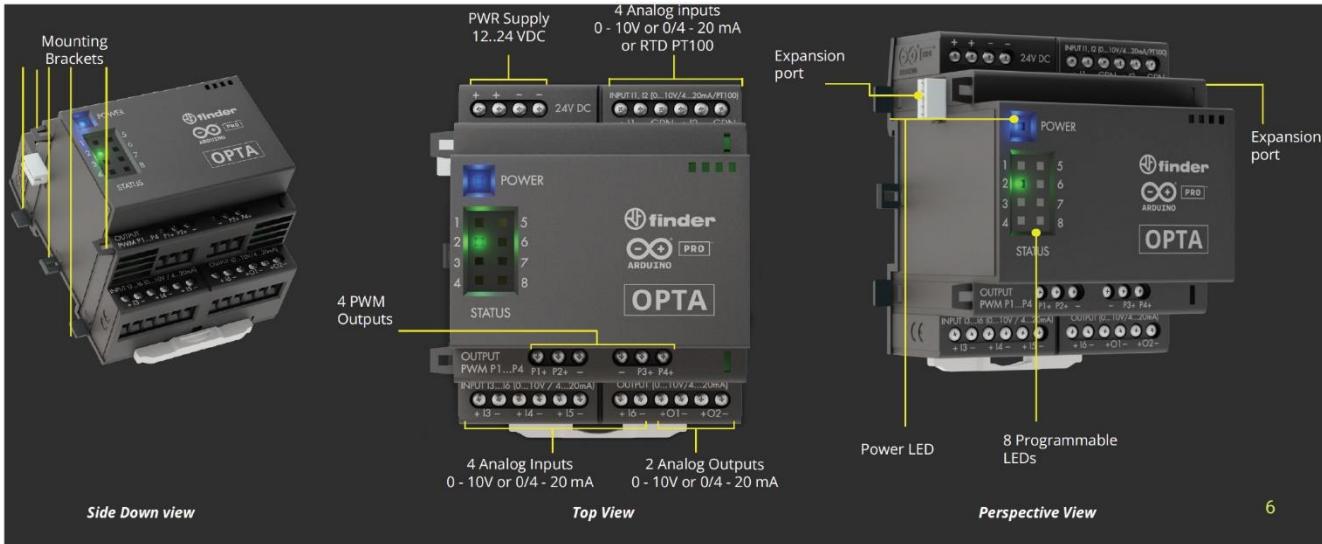


Figure 2. OPTA key features.

In addition to Linux drivers for the AD74412R, ADI provides no-OS drivers, enabling the development of SWIO solutions for low power microcontroller units (MCUs) such as the [MAX32650](#). Recent security concerns have heightened legislative focus on cybersecurity in manufacturing systems, prompted by the EU Cyber Resilience Act, which mandates cybersecurity requirements for all “products with digital elements”. The MAX32650 features secure boot and key storage and can be paired with the [MAXQ1065](#) cryptographic controller to provide a comprehensive root-of-trust and authentication solution.

Conclusion

SWIO using the AD74412R is ideal for remote IO modules, eliminating the need to deploy redundant fixed function IO channels in the space-constrained environment outside control cabinets. These modules are strategically placed within the control hierarchy to bridge traditional 4-20 mA IO to Ethernet-based communication. Edge-node Ethernet addressability facilitates the use of low level insights for cloud-based algorithms. T1L and advanced physical layer (APL) as implemented by the [ADIN1110](#), a robust low power MAC-PHY, and the [LTC9111](#) single-pair power over Ethernet (SPoE) power delivery (PD) controller offer an efficient, low overhead solution for this segment of the Ethernet ecosystem.

Reference

¹“Cyber Resilience Act—Factsheet.” European Commission, December 2023.

About the Authors

Dr. Conal Watterson is a principal marketing engineer with the Factory and Process Automation End Market Team at Analog Devices in Limerick, Ireland. A Ph.D. and M.Eng. graduate of the University of Limerick since 2010, Conal has published a number of papers and articles on industrial fieldbus networks, diagnostics/reliability, and high speed signaling and isolation. His current focus topics are industrial automation controller and module signal chains and integration of new technologies for universal IO, new Ethernet topologies, intrinsic safety requirements, and secure processing to meet cyber resilience legislation.

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Giacomo Paterniani earned a biomedical engineering degree at University of Bologna. He completed his master's degree in electronics engineering at University of Modena and Reggio Emilia. After graduating, he spent a year as a research fellow at University of Modena and Reggio Emilia. In April 2022, he joined Analog Devices' graduate program as a graduate field applications engineer. In April 2023, he became an FAE.