



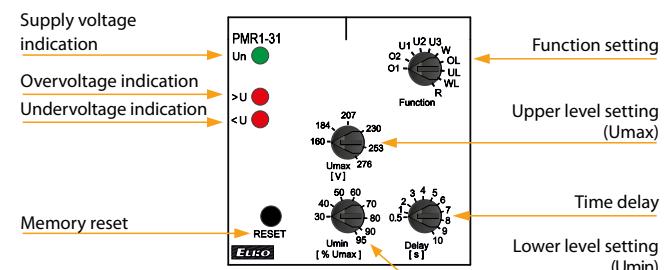
EAN code
 PMR1-31: (8595188188654)
 PMR1-31/2: (8595188185363)
 PMR1-36: (8595188188661)
 PMR1-36/2: (8595188188678)
 PMR1-39: (8595188188685)
 PMR1-39/2: (8595188188692)

Technical parameters	PMR1-31 PMR1-31/2	PMR1-36 PMR1-36/2	PMR1-39 PMR1-39/2
Supply and measuring	AC/DC 48–276V	DC 6–30V	AC/DC 24–150V
Supply/monitored terminals:	(AC 50–60 Hz)	2–7	(AC 50–60 Hz)
Supply/monitored voltage:	2.5 VA/0.55 W	0.35 W	2.5 VA/0.55 W
	2.7 VA/0.65 W	0.5 W	2.7 VA/0.65 W
Consumption (max.):	AC 160–276 V	DC 12–30 V	AC 80–150 V
	30–95 %Umax	50–95 %Umax	30–95 %Umax
Upper level setting (Umax):	AC 276 V	DC 36 V	AC 276 V
Lower level setting (Umin):	AC 290 V	DC 48 V	AC 290 V
Max. permanent voltage:			
Peak overload (1 s):			
Time delay (d):		300 ms	
Time delay (t):		adjustable, 0.5–10 s	
Accuracy			
Setting accuracy (mech.):	5 % – mechanical setting		
Repeat accuracy:	< 1 %		
Temperature dependency:	< 0.1 %/°C (°F)		
Hysteresis	5 % (functions O1, U1, W)		
(fault to OK):	Umax – Umin (functions O2, U2, U3)		
Output			
Contact type:	1x changeover	1x changeover	1x changeover
	2x changeover	2x changeover	2x changeover
Contact material:	AgNi		
Current rating:	13 A/AC1; 1 HP/240 Vac, 1/2 HP/120 Vac; PD. B300		
Breaking capacity:	4000 VA/AC1, 384 W/DC1		
Switching voltage:	250 V AC/24 V DC		
Power dissipation (max.):	PMR1-3x (1.2 W) PMR1-3x/2 (2.4 W)		
Mechanical life:	10.000.000 ops.		
Electrical life (AC1):	100.000 ops.		
Other information			
Operating temperature:	–20 .. 55 °C (–4 .. 131 °F)		
Storage temperature:	–30 .. 70 °C (–22 .. 158 °F)		
Dielectric strength:	AC 4 kV (supply – output)		
Operating position:	any		
Mounting:	DIN rail EN 60715		
Protection degree:	IP40 front panel / IP20 terminals		
Overvoltage category:	III.		
Pollution degree:	2		
Dimensions:	48 × 48 × 79 mm (1.89" × 1.89" × 3.11")		
Weight:	94 g (3.32 oz)	94 g (3.32 oz)	94 g (3.32 oz)
	105 g (3.7 oz)	105g (3.7 oz)	105g (3.7 oz)
Standards:	EN 60255-1, EN 60255-26, EN 60255-27		

- It is used to monitor the value of alternating or direct voltage in 1-phase circuits.
- Supply voltage from monitored voltage.
- Monitors voltage exceeding the upper voltage level (Umax) and falling below the lower voltage level (Umin) – according to the selected function.
- Smooth adjustment of both voltage levels – the lower level Umin is set in % of the upper level Umax.
- Adjustable time delay (to eliminate short-term voltage drops and peaks).
- Option to select functions with fault state memory (Latch).
- The fault state memory can be reset with a button on the panel (RESET).
- Measures true root mean square value of the voltage - TRUE RMS.

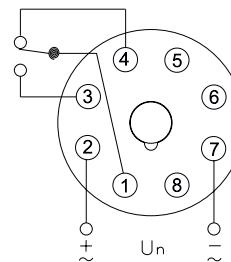
Description

PMR1-31

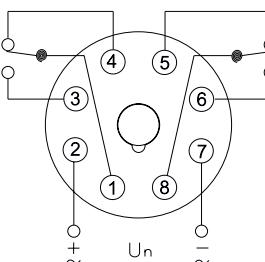


Connection

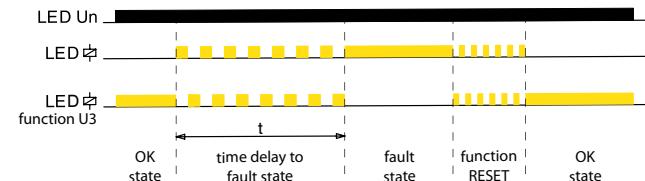
PMR1-3x



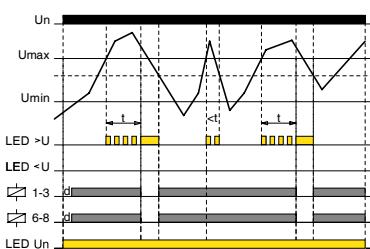
PMR1-3x/2



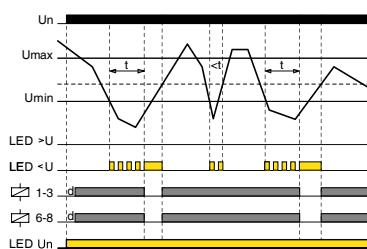
Indication of operating states



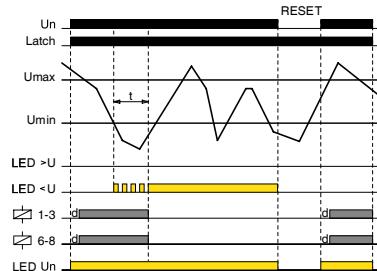
O1 OVER (hysteresis 5%)



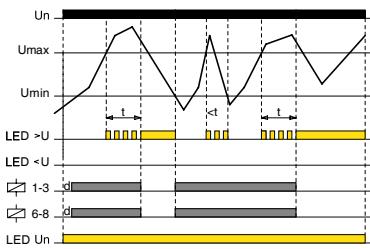
U1 UNDER (hysteresis 5%)



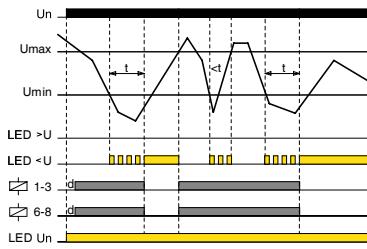
UL UNDER + Latch



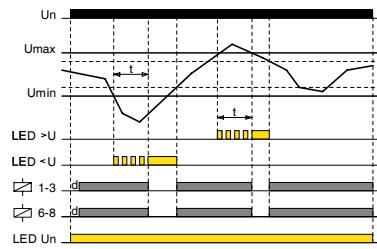
O2 OVER (hysteresis to Umin)



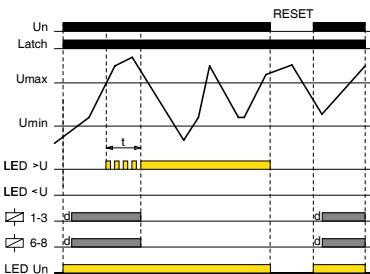
U2 UNDER (hysteresis to Umax)



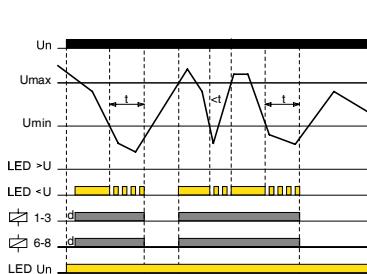
W WINDOW (hysteresis 5%)



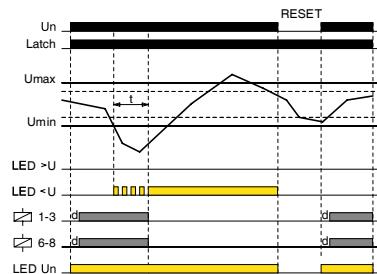
OL OVER + Latch



U3 UNDER (hysteresis to Umax)



WL WINDOW + Latch



OVER:

If the value of the monitored voltage is lower than the set upper level „Umax”, the output contact is closed. If the „Umax” is exceeded, the output contact will opens after the set delay (fault state).

If the voltage falls below the fixed hysteresis (O1 function) or the set lower level „Umin” (O2 function), the output contact will closes again.

If the OL function (OVER + Latch) is selected, when the upper voltage level „Umax” is exceeded, the output contact remains open even when the voltage returns from the fault state.

Fault memory reset can be done in three ways:

- Using memory reset button on the panel
- Short-term interruption of supply voltage
- By setting the function switch to position R (RESET) or any function without memory fault

The RESET state lasts for 3 s after switching the function switch from the R position to a function with a memory fault (UL, OL, WL).

When moving to any other function from the R position, this delay does not apply.

UNDER:

If the value of the monitored voltage is higher than the set lower level „Umin”, the output contact is closed. When the voltage drops below the „Umin”, output contact opens after the set delay (fault state).

If the voltage exceeds the fixed hysteresis (function U1) or the set upper level „Umax” (function U2, U3), the output contact closes again.

If the UL function (UNDER + Latch) is selected, when the voltage drops below the lower level „Umin”, the output contact remains open even when returning from the fault state. Fault memory reset can be done as in the previous case.

WINDOW:

If the value of the monitored voltage is lower than upper level „Umax” and at the same time higher than lower level „Umin”, the output contact in closed. If the „Umax” is exceeded or drops below the „Umin”, output contact opens after the set delay (fault state).

To return from the fault state, a fixed hysteresis is applied.

If the WL function (WINDOW + Latch) is selected, the fault state is again stored in memory and output contact stays open, even when returning from the fault state. Fault memory reset can be done as in the previous cases.