



SMD LED Product Data Sheet LTST-G683GEBW

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LITE-ON DCC
RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4



SMD LED LTST-G683GEBW

1. Description

SMD LEDs from Lite-On are available in miniature sizes and special configurations for automated PC board assembly and space-sensitive applications. These SMD LEDs are suitable for use in a wide variety of electronic equipment, including cordless and cellular phones, notebook computers, network systems, home appliances, and indoor signboard applications.

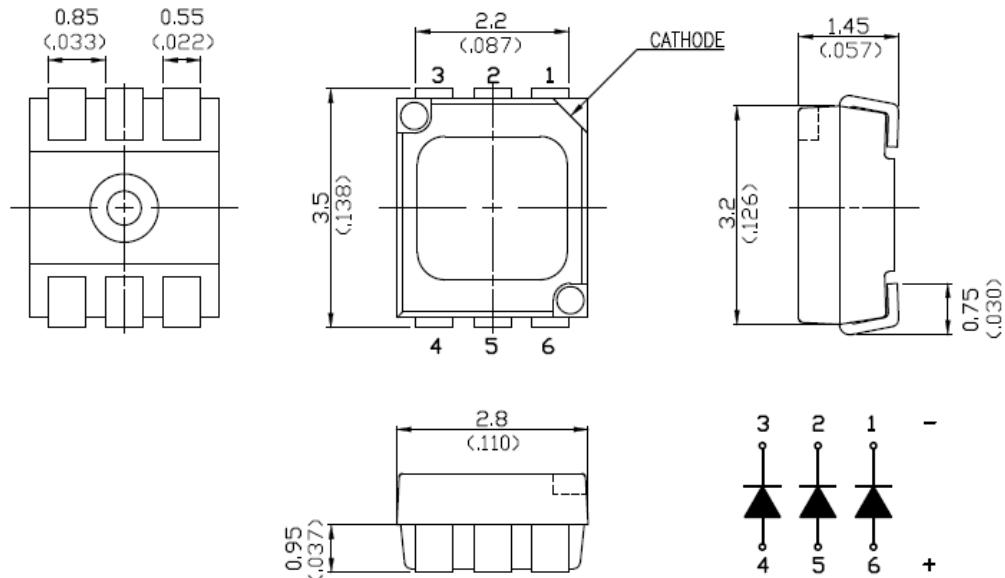
1.1 Features

- Meet ROHS
- Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reels
- EIA STD package
- I.C. compatible
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment
- Compatible with infrared reflow solder process
- Preconditioning: accelerate to JEDEC level 3

1.2 Applications

- Telecommunication, Office automation, home appliances, industrial equipment
- Status indicator
- Signal and Symbol Luminary
- Front panel backlighting

2. Package Dimensions



Part No.	Lens Color	Source Color	Pin Assignment
LTST-G683GEBW	Diffused	InGaN Blue	1, 6
		AlInGaN Red	2, 5
		InGaN Green	3, 4

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerance is ± 0.2 mm (.008") unless otherwise noted.

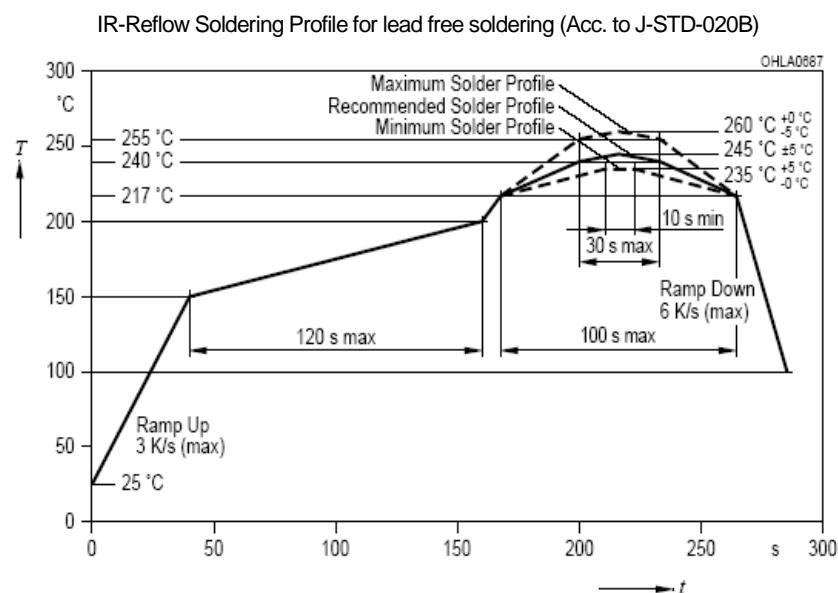


3. Rating and Characteristics

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	LTST-G683GEBW			Unit
	Green	Red	Blue	
Power Dissipation	114	72	76	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	80	mA
DC Forward Current	30	30	20	mA
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to + 85°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C			

3.2 Suggest IR Reflow Condition for Pb Free Process:



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 3.3 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	LTST-G683GEBW				Unit	Test Condition
			Green	Red	Blue		
Luminous Intensity	I _v	Min.	900	355	180	mcd	G: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ R: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ B: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 1
		Max.	2240	900	355		
Luminous Flux	Φv	Typ.	3.5	2.1	0.9	lm	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	Typ.	120			-	Note 2 (Fig.5)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P	Typ.	518	630	465	nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d	Min.	520	617	465	nm	G: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ R: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ B: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 3
		Max.	530	629	475		
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	Typ.	35	20	25	nm	-
Forward Voltage	V_F	Min.	2.8	1.8	2.8	V	G: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ R: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ B: $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 4
		Typ.	-	-	-		
		Max.	3.8	2.4	3.8		
Reverse Current	I_R	Max.	10			μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$ Note 5

Notes:

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device
4. Forward Voltage Tolerance is ± 0.1 volt.
5. Reverse voltage (V_R) condition is applied to I_R test only. The device is not designed for reverse operation.



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4. Bin Code List

4.1 Luminous Intensity Cross Table

		Luminous Intensity		Unit : mcd @20mA			
Bin Code	On Tag	Green		Red		Blue	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
A1	900	1120	355	450	180	224	
A2					224	280	
A3					280	355	
A4			450	560	180	224	
A5					224	280	
A6					280	355	
A7			560	710	180	224	
A8					224	280	
A9					280	355	
A10			710	900	180	224	
A11					224	280	
A12					280	355	
B1	1120	1400	355	450	180	224	
B2					224	280	
B3					280	355	
B4			450	560	180	224	
B5					224	280	
B6					280	355	
B7			560	710	180	224	
B8					224	280	
B9					280	355	
B10			710	900	180	224	
B11					224	280	
B12					280	355	

Tolerance on each Intensity bin is +/-11%



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		Luminous Intensity		Unit : mcd @20mA			
Bin Code	On Tag	Green		Red		Blue	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
C1	1400	1800	355	450	180	224	
C2					224	280	
C3					280	355	
C4			450	560	180	224	
C5					224	280	
C6					280	355	
C7			560	710	180	224	
C8					224	280	
C9					280	355	
C10			710	900	180	224	
C11					224	280	
C12					280	355	
D1	1800	2240	355	450	180	224	
D2					224	280	
D3					280	355	
D4			450	560	180	224	
D5					224	280	
D6					280	355	
D7			560	710	180	224	
D8					224	280	
D9					280	355	
D10			710	900	180	224	
D11					224	280	
D12					280	355	

Tolerance on each Intensity bin is +/-11%

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4.2 Dominate Wavelength Cross Table

		Dominate Wavelength		Unit :nm @20mA					
Bin Code		Green		Red		Blue			
On Tag	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
E1	520	525	617	629	465	470			
E2					470	475			
E3	525	530			465	470			
E4					470	475			

Tolerance for each Dominate Wavelength Bin is +/- 1nm



5. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves.

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

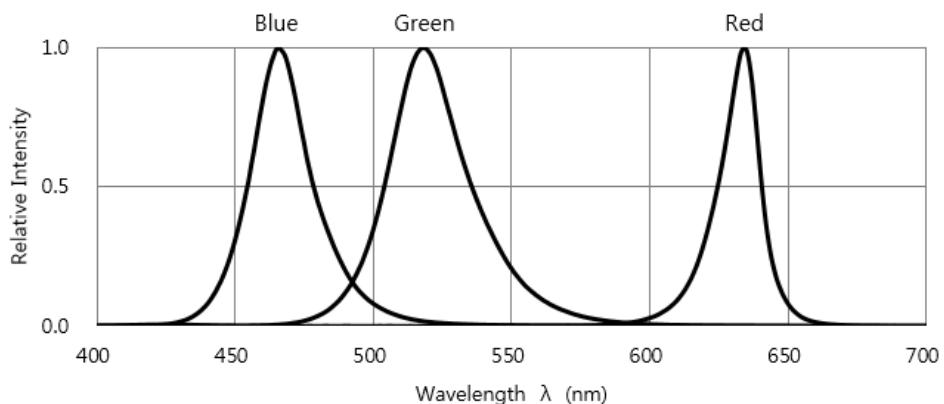


Fig. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

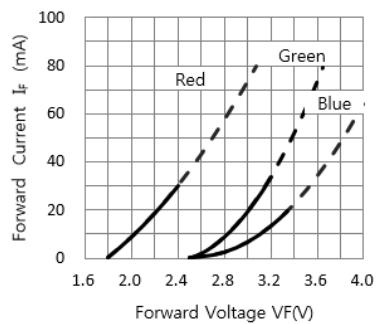


Fig. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

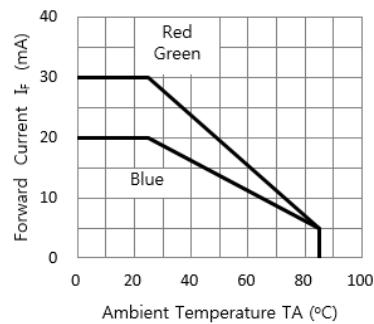


Fig. 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. DERATING CURVE

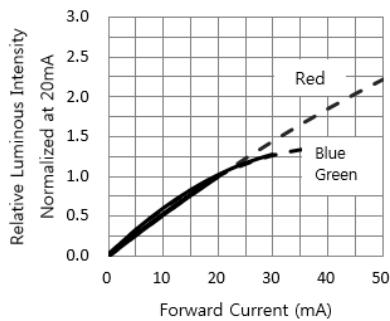


Fig. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

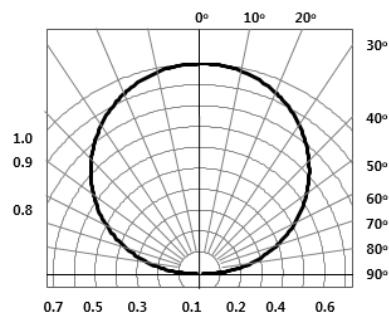


Fig. 5 Spatial Distribution

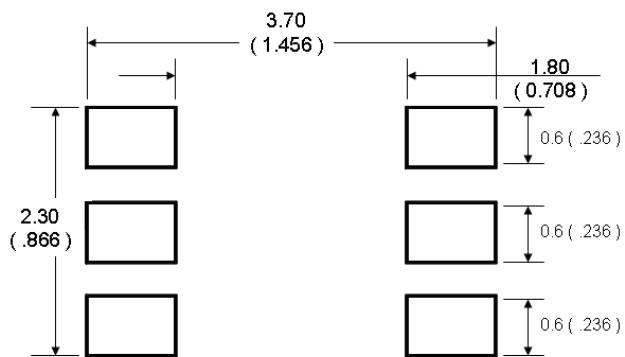
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6. User Guide

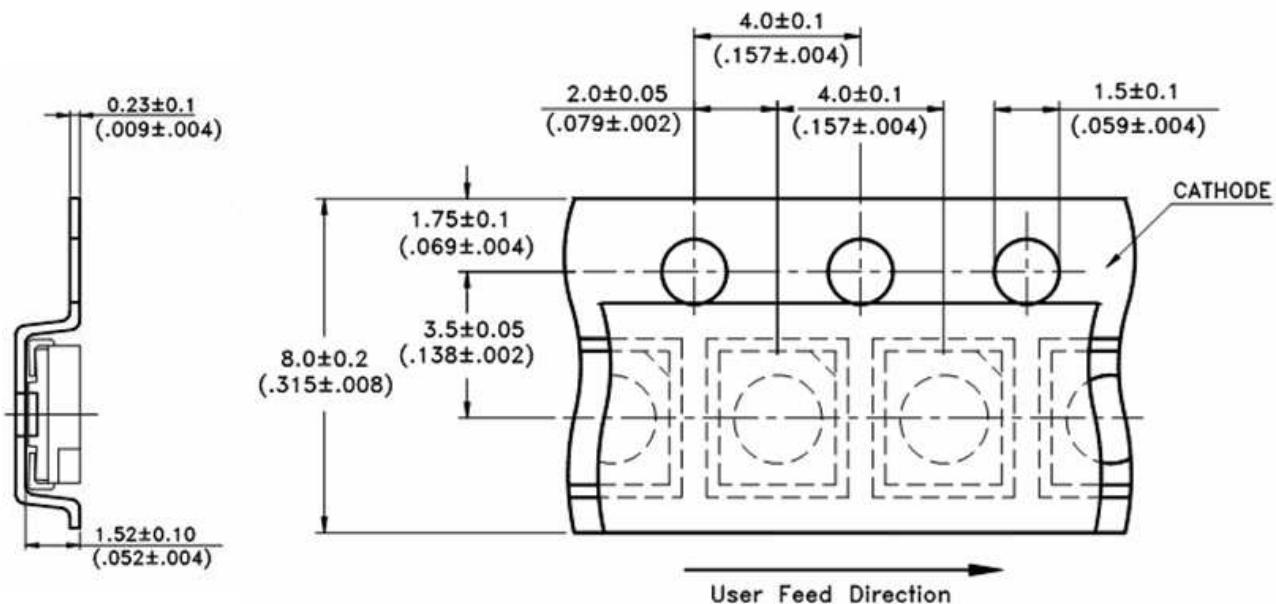
6.1 Cleaning

Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package. If cleaning is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less one minute.

6.2 Recommend Printed Circuit Board Attachment Pad



6.3 Package Dimensions of Tape And Reel

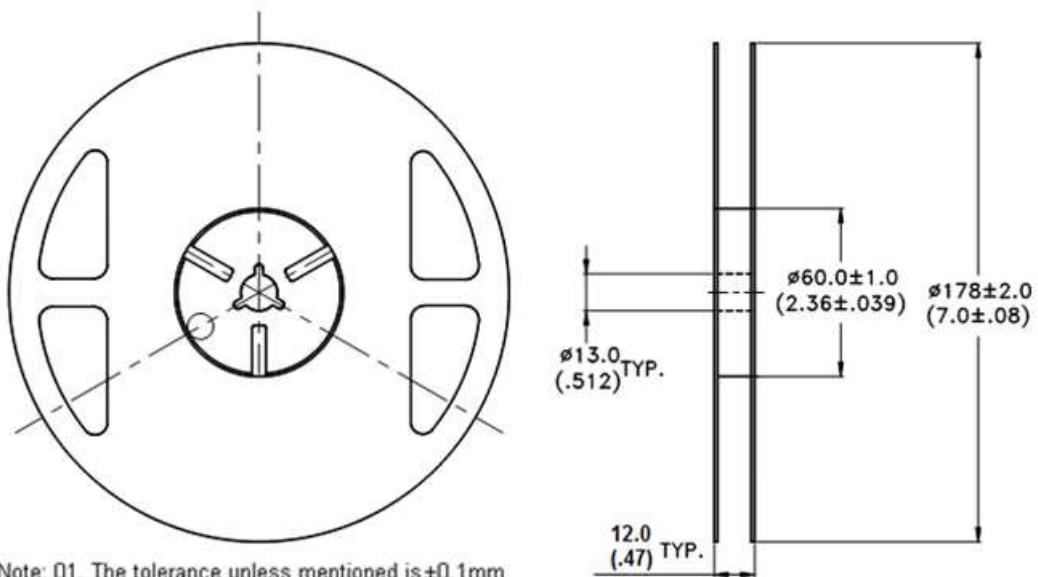


Note:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).



6.4 Package Dimensions of Reel



Notes:

1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
2. 7 inch reel 2000 pieces per reel.
3. Minimum packing quantity is 500 pieces for remainders.
4. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
5. In accordance with EIA-481-1-B specifications.

7. Cautions

7.1 Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

7.2 Storage

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature and 60% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are IR-reflowed within 168hrs.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant, or in a desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

LEDs stored out of their original packaging for more than 168hrs should be baked at about 60 °C for at least 48 hours before solder assembly.

7.3 Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

7.4 Soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

Reflow soldering		Soldering iron	
Pre-heat	150~200°C	Temperature	300°C Max.
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.	Soldering time	3 sec. Max.
Peak temperature	260°C Max.		(one time only)
Soldering time	10 sec. Max.(Max. two times)		

Notes:

Because different board designs use different number and types of devices, solder pastes, reflow ovens, and circuit boards, no single temperature profile works for all possible combinations.

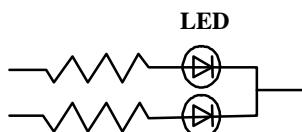
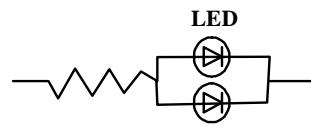
However, you can successfully mount your packages to the PCB by following the proper guidelines and PCB-specific characterization.

LITE-ON Runs both component-level verification using in-house **KYRAMX98** reflow chambers and board-level assembly. The results of this testing are verified through post-reflow reliability testing. Profiles used at LITE-ON are based on JEDEC standards to ensure that all packages can be successfully and reliably surface mounted.

Figure on page3 shows a sample temperature profile compliant to JEDEC standards. You can use this example as a generic target to set up your reflow process. You should adhere to the JEDEC profile limits as well as specifications and recommendations from the solder paste manufacturer to avoid damaging the device and create a reliable solder joint.

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7.5 Drive Method

A LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model A

Circuit model B


(A) Recommended circuit.

(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

7.6 ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no lightup" at low currents.

To verify for ESD damage, check for "lightup" and V_f of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

The V_f of "good" LEDs should be $>2.0V@0.1mA$ for InGaN product and $>1.4V@0.1mA$ for AlInGaN product.

8. Reliability Test

No.	Test item	Test condition	Reference standard
1	Resistance to soldering heat	Tsld = 260°C, 10sec. 3 times	JEITA ED-4701 300 301
2	Solderability	Tsld=245± 5°C (Lead Free Solder, Coverage \geq 95% of the dipped surface)	JEITA ED-4701 300 303
3	Thermal Shock	85 \pm 5°C ~ -30°C \pm 5°C 30min 30min 100cycles	JEITA ED-4701 300 307
4	Temperature Cycle	-55°C ~ 25°C ~ 100°C ~ 25°C 30min 5min 30min 5min 100cycles	JEITA ED-4701 100 105
5	High Temperature Storage	100°C 1000hrs	JEITA ED- 4701 200 201
6	Low Temperature Storage	-55°C 1000hrs	JEITA ED-4 701 200 202
7	Temperature Humidity Storage	60°C/90%RH 300hrs	JEITA ED-4701 100 103
8	Room temp life test	25°C, IF: Typical current , 100 0hrs	--

9. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without prior notice.

10. Suggested Checking List

Training and Certification

1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wears wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: *50V for InGaN LED.

Device Handling

1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycles?

Others

1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
3. Are audit records complete and on file?